



Full-Service Community School Technical Assistance: Logic Models Video Guide

June 5, 2023

Office of Elementary & Secondary Education (OESE)
School Choice and Improvement Program (SCIP)



What is the goal of this video guide?

To provide technical assistance to prospective fiscal year 2023 Full-Service Community School grantees on the development or revision of logic models that incorporate required program elements, including:

- Four pillars of community schools
- Pipeline services
- Performance indicators



Agenda

- FY23 NIA Selection Criteria
- Purpose of FSCS Logic Model
- Walkthrough of FSCS Logic Model
- Logic Model Examples
- Wrap Up



FY23 NIA Selection Criteria

Quality of the Project Design (up to 25 points)

"The Secretary considers the **quality of the design** of the proposed project. In determining the quality of the design of the proposed project, the Secretary considers the following factors:

- (A) The extent to which the design of the proposed project reflects relevant and **evidence-based findings** from existing literature and includes a high-quality plan for project implementation **integrating the four pillars** of full-service community schools and the use of appropriate evaluation methods to ensure successful achievement of project objectives. (2022 FSCS NFP) (15 points)
- (B) The extent to which the proposed project **demonstrates a rationale** (as defined in this notice). (34 CFR 75.210) (10 points)"

What is a high-quality logic model?

- **Demonstrates a rationale** means a key project component included in the project's logic model is informed by research or evaluation findings that suggest the project component is likely to improve relevant outcomes.
- **Logic model** (also referred to as a theory of action) means a framework that identifies key project components of the proposed project (i.e., the active “ingredients” that are hypothesized to be critical to achieving the relevant outcomes) and describes the theoretical and operational relationships among the key project components and relevant outcomes.



Purpose of FSCS Logic Model



What can a logic model do?

- A **logic model** can be an effective tool:
 - for program or policy planning and design
 - to create a comprehensive implementation plan
 - to guide and monitor implementation
 - to develop evaluation questions and indicators of success



Source: Shakman, K., & Rodriguez, S. M. (2015). Logic models for program design, implementation, and evaluation: Workshop toolkit (REL 2015–057). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, Regional Educational Laboratory Northeast & Islands.

<http://i.e.s.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs>

What problem does the FSCS logic model seek to address?

FSCS grantees must design and implement a comprehensive and aligned set of student and community supports while reporting and improving upon multiple aspects of student success and well-being.



Walkthrough of FSCS Logic Model



What is this logic model based on?



Research on logic
model development



Measures of
educational equity

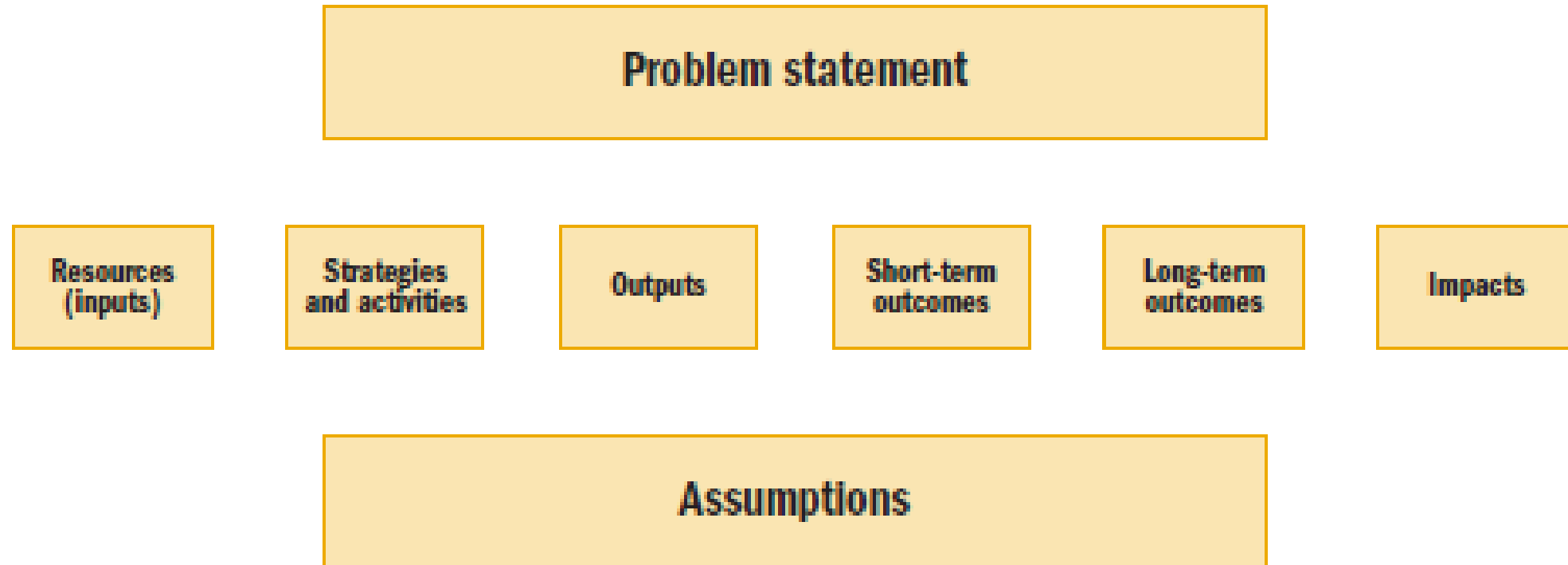


The science of
learning and
development



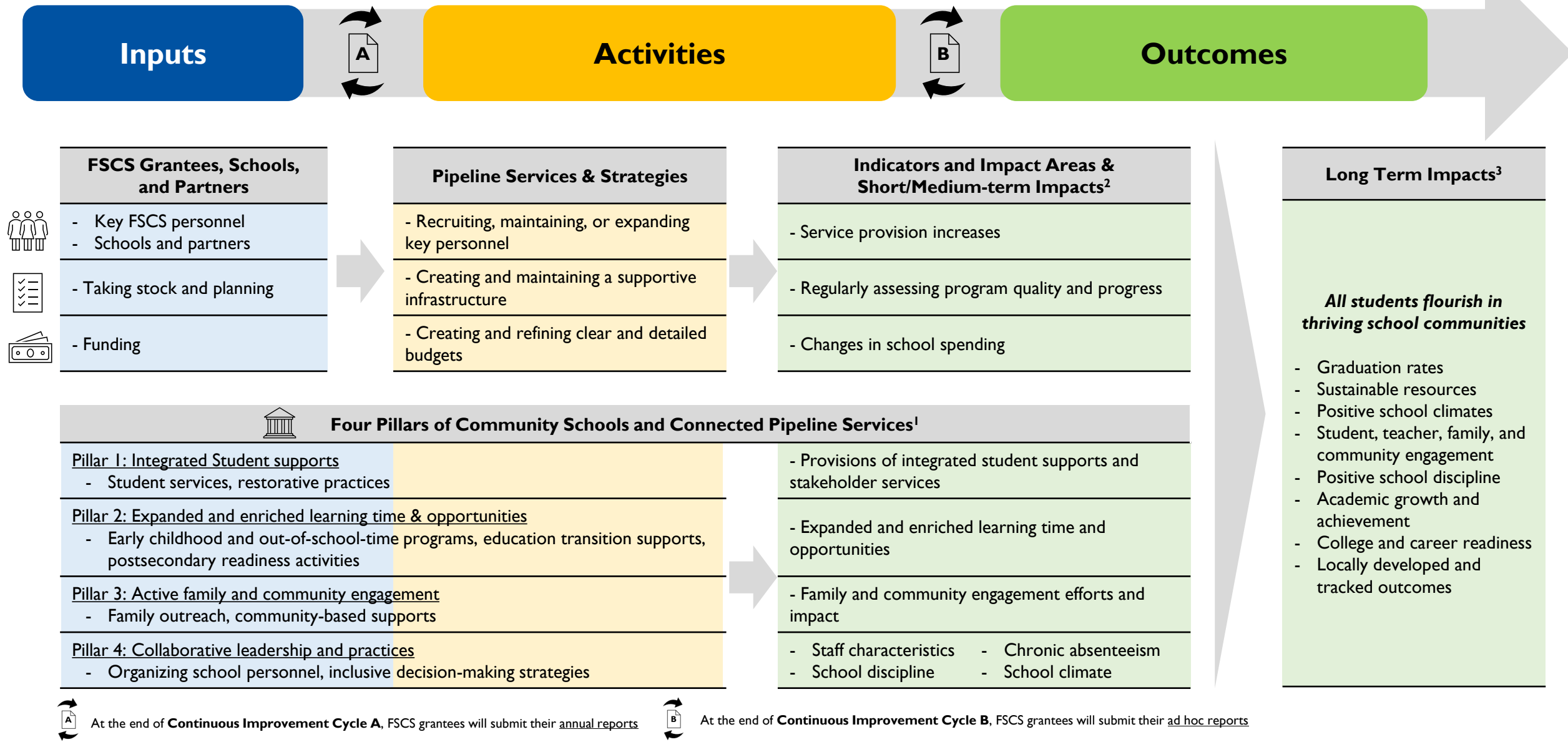
Best practices from
the field

Appendix A. Simple logic model



Source: Shakman, K., & Rodriguez, S. M. (2015). Logic models for program design, implementation, and evaluation: Workshop toolkit (REL 2015–057). Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Evaluation and Regional Assistance, Regional Educational Laboratory Northeast & Islands.
<http://i.e.s.ed.gov/ncee/edlabs>

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model

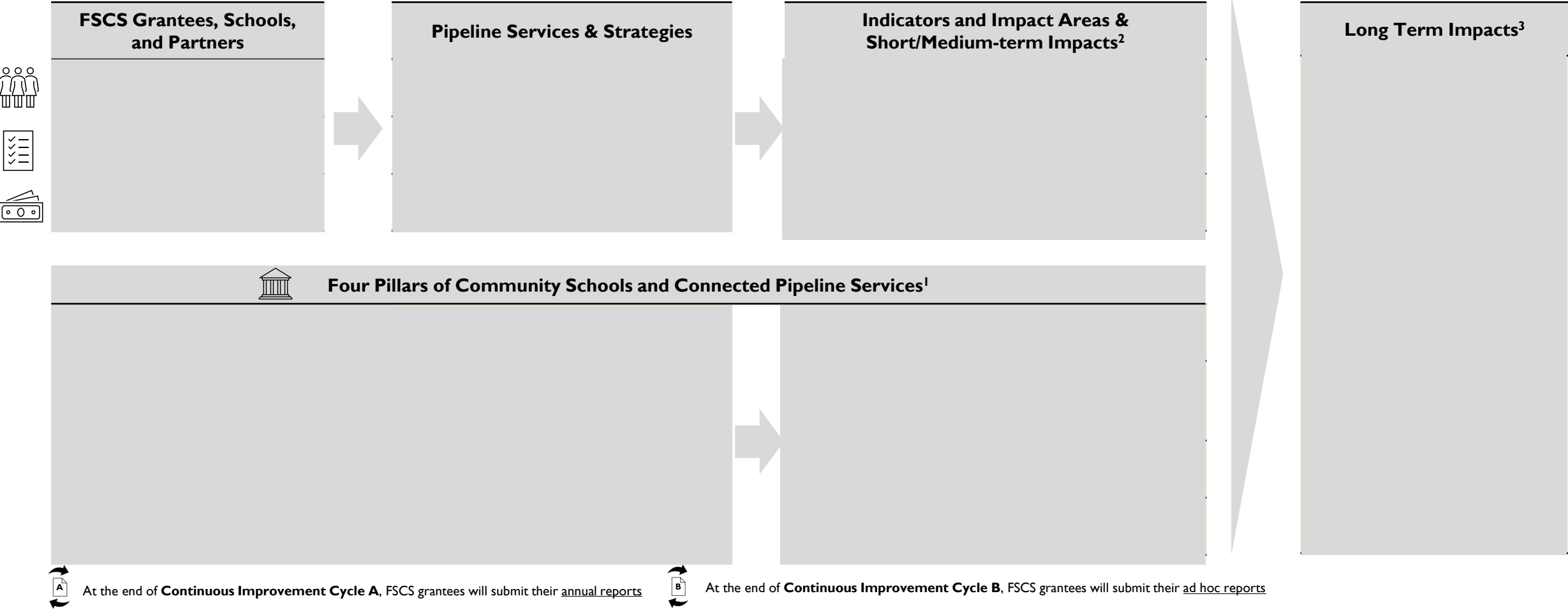


1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model

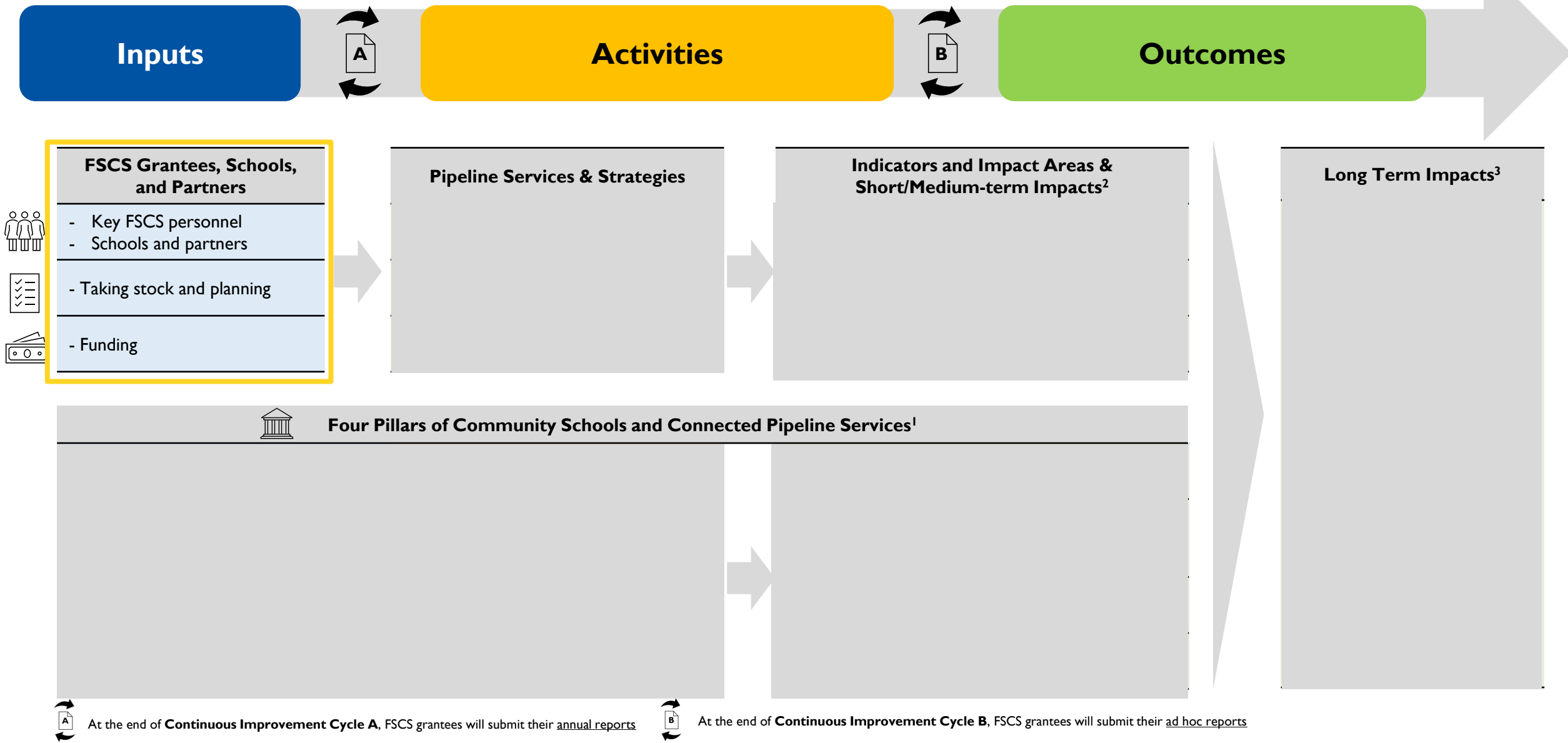


1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model

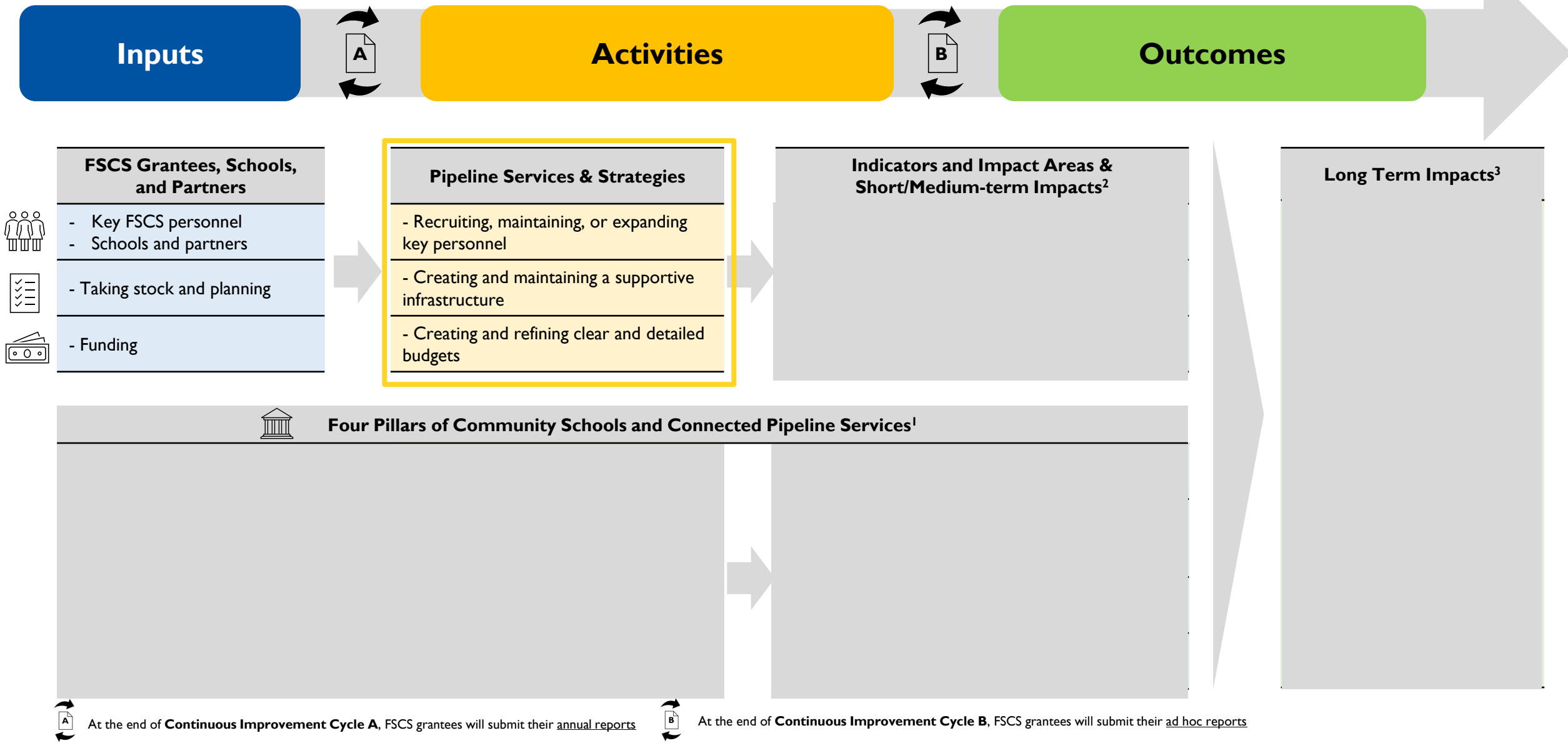


1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model

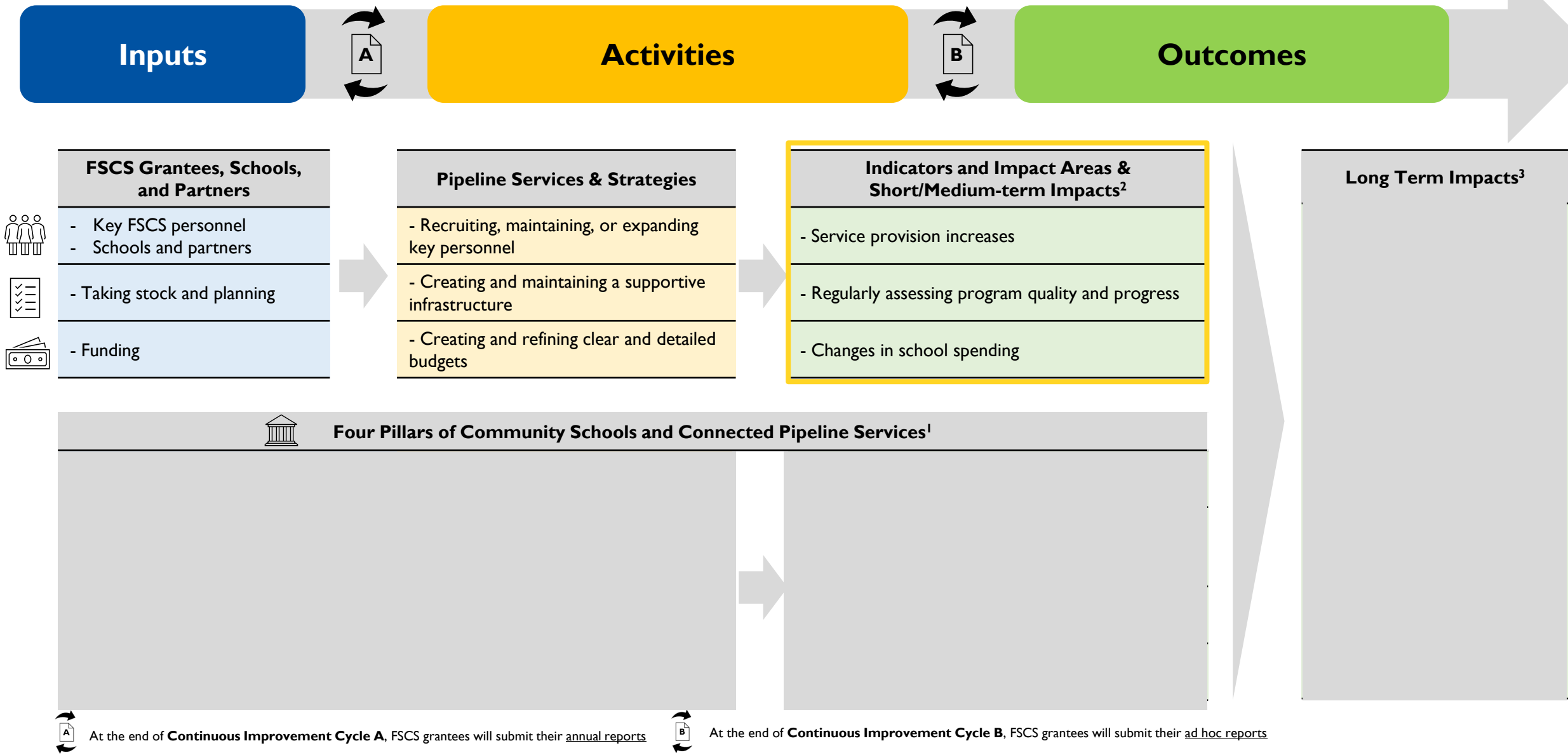


1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model



1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

Pipeline Services

- ***Pipeline services*** means a continuum of coordinated supports, services, and opportunities for children from birth through entry into and success in postsecondary education and career attainment. Such services include:
 - *early childhood education programs*
 - *out-of-school-time programs*
 - *Support for a child's education transitions (e.g., to elementary, elementary to middle, middle to high school, and high school into the workforce)*
 - *Family and community engagement*
 - *Activities that support postsecondary and workforce readiness*
 - *Community-based support for students*
 - *Social, health, nutrition, and mental health services and supports*
 - *Juvenile crime prevention and rehabilitation programs*

Pipeline Services & Four Pillars

I. Integrated Student Supports

- Social, health, nutrition, and mental health services and supports (i.e., stakeholder services)
- Juvenile crime prevention and rehabilitation programs (i.e., restorative practices)

II. Expanded and Enriched Learning Time and Opportunities

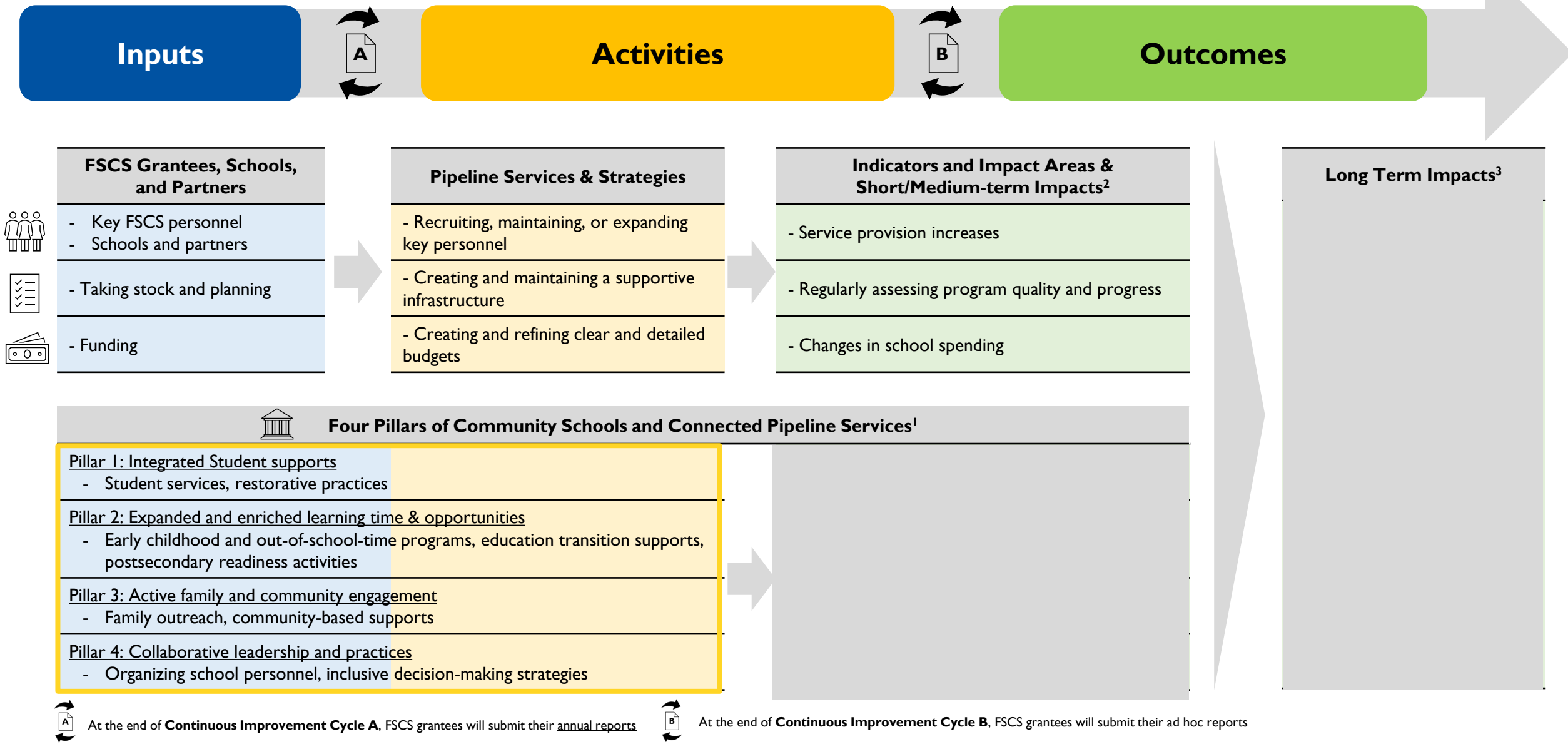
- Early childhood education programs
- Out-of-school-time programs
- Support for a child's education transitions (e.g., elementary to middle, middle to high school)
- Activities that support postsecondary and workforce readiness

III. Active Family and Community Engagement

- Family and community engagement
- Community-based support for students

IV. Collaborative Leadership and Practices

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model

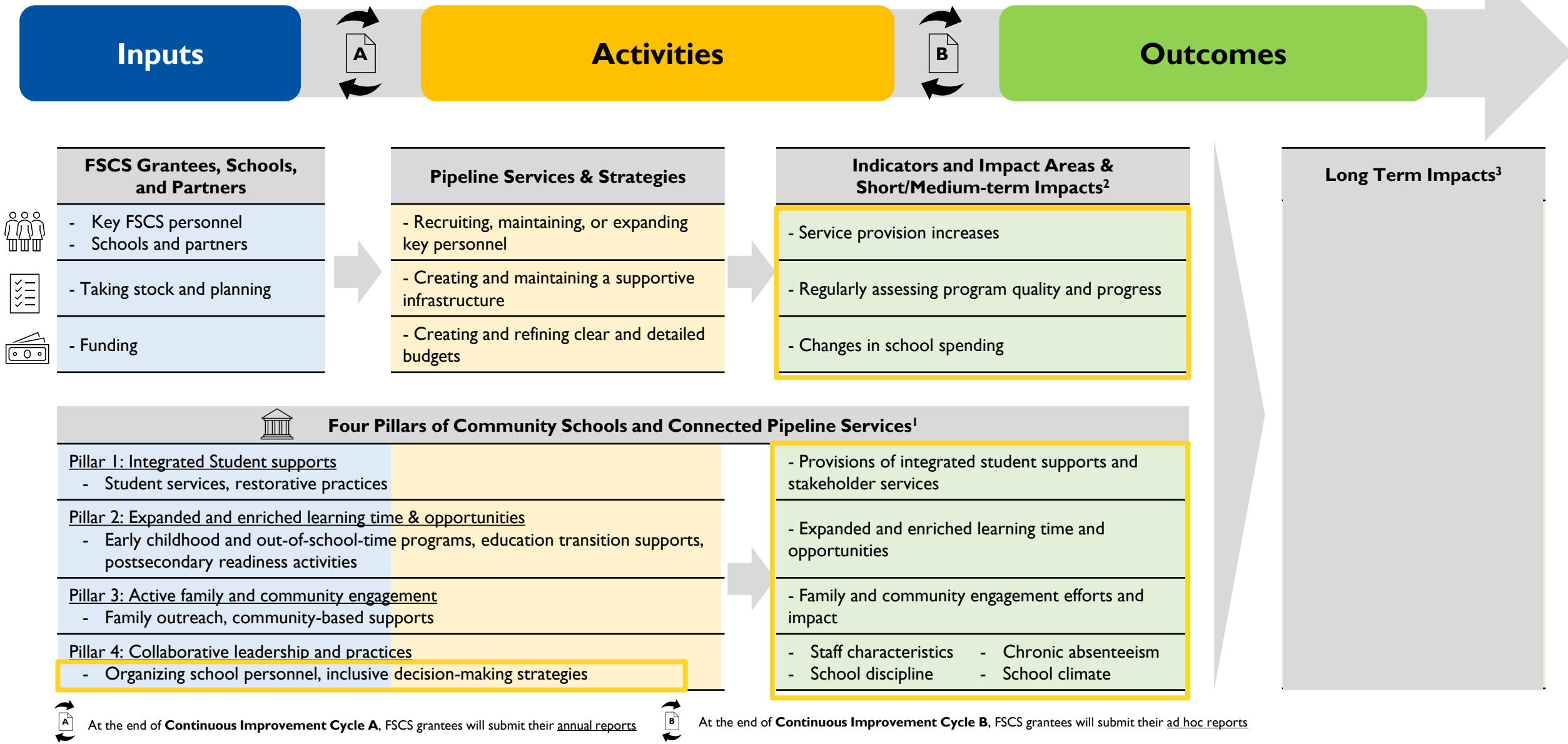


1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model

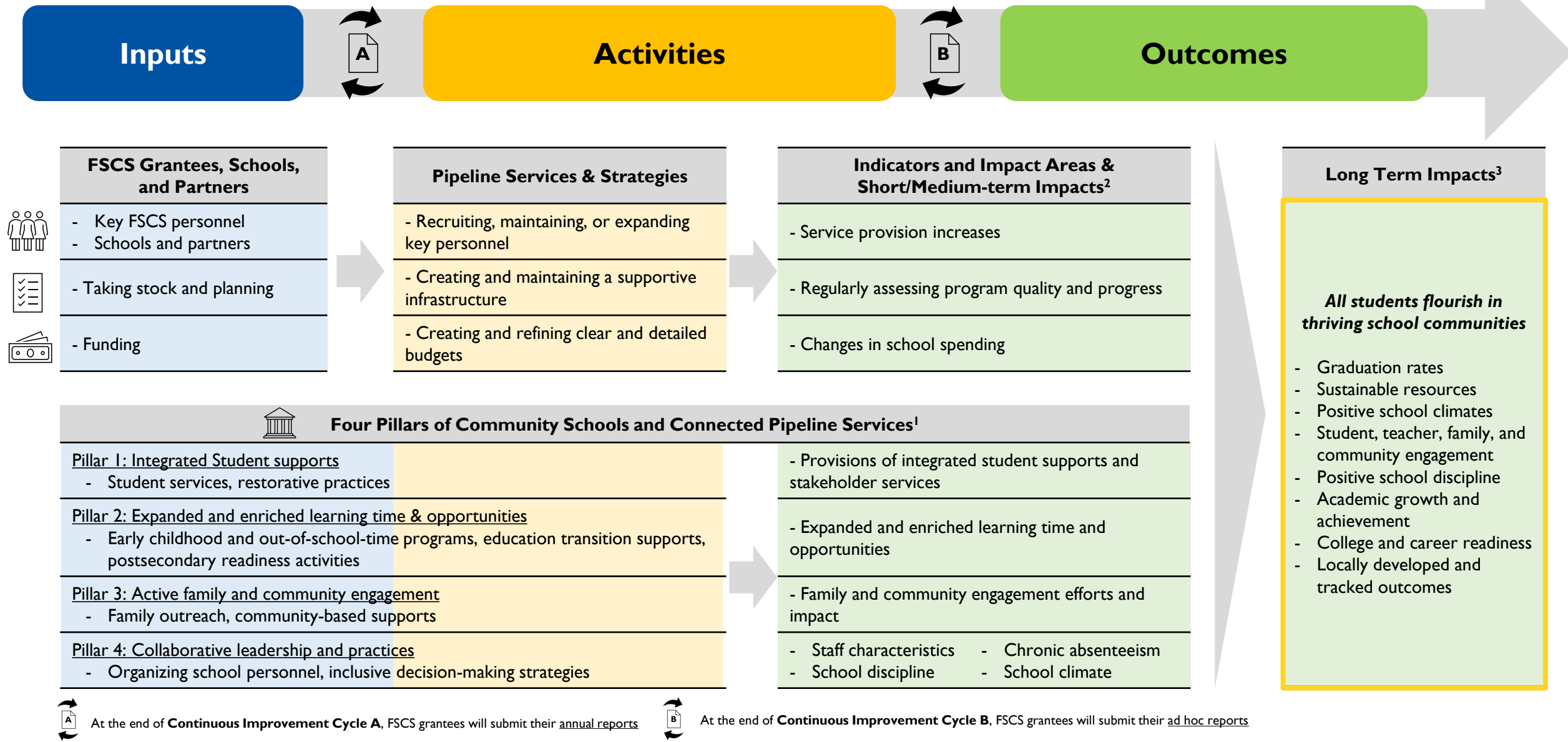


1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

2023 FSCS Abbreviated Logic Model



1. Schools enter FSCS grant implementation with different pipeline services, including pipeline services under both the “Input” and “Activities” sections allow grantees to both start and add different combinations of pipeline services. In addition, the four pillars are inputs that the FSCS grantee works to put in place from the outset.

2. Grantees can use indicators to both set baselines and measure progress. As such, these indicators can both be used to identify and impact area and to measure progress (short, medium, long-term) in that area over time.

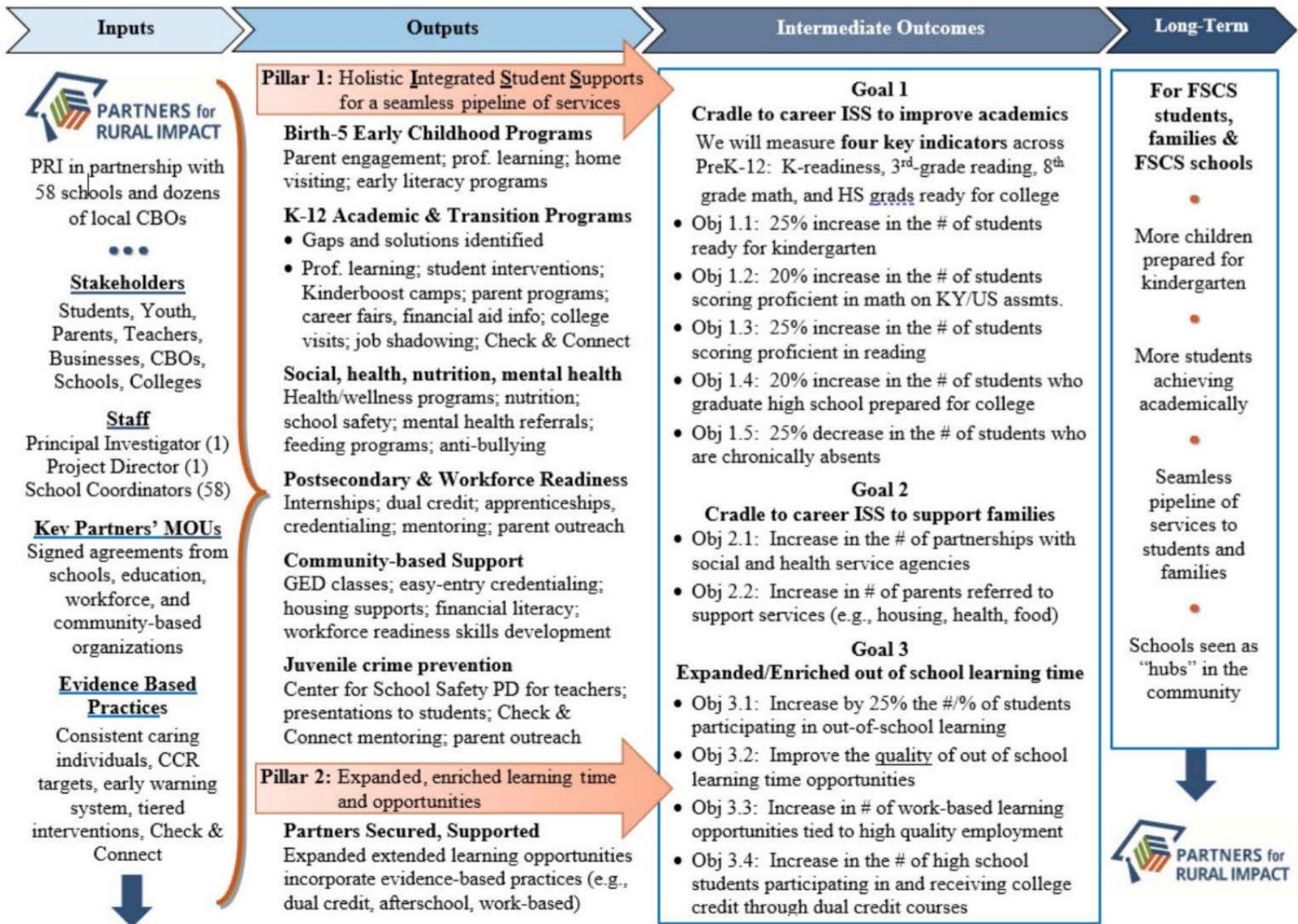
3. Long-term impacts of community schools are not directly linked to any one pillar, pipeline service, or indicator, instead, the long-term impacts of the community school are a result of all these essential aspects working together to create conditions where all students flourish in thriving school communities

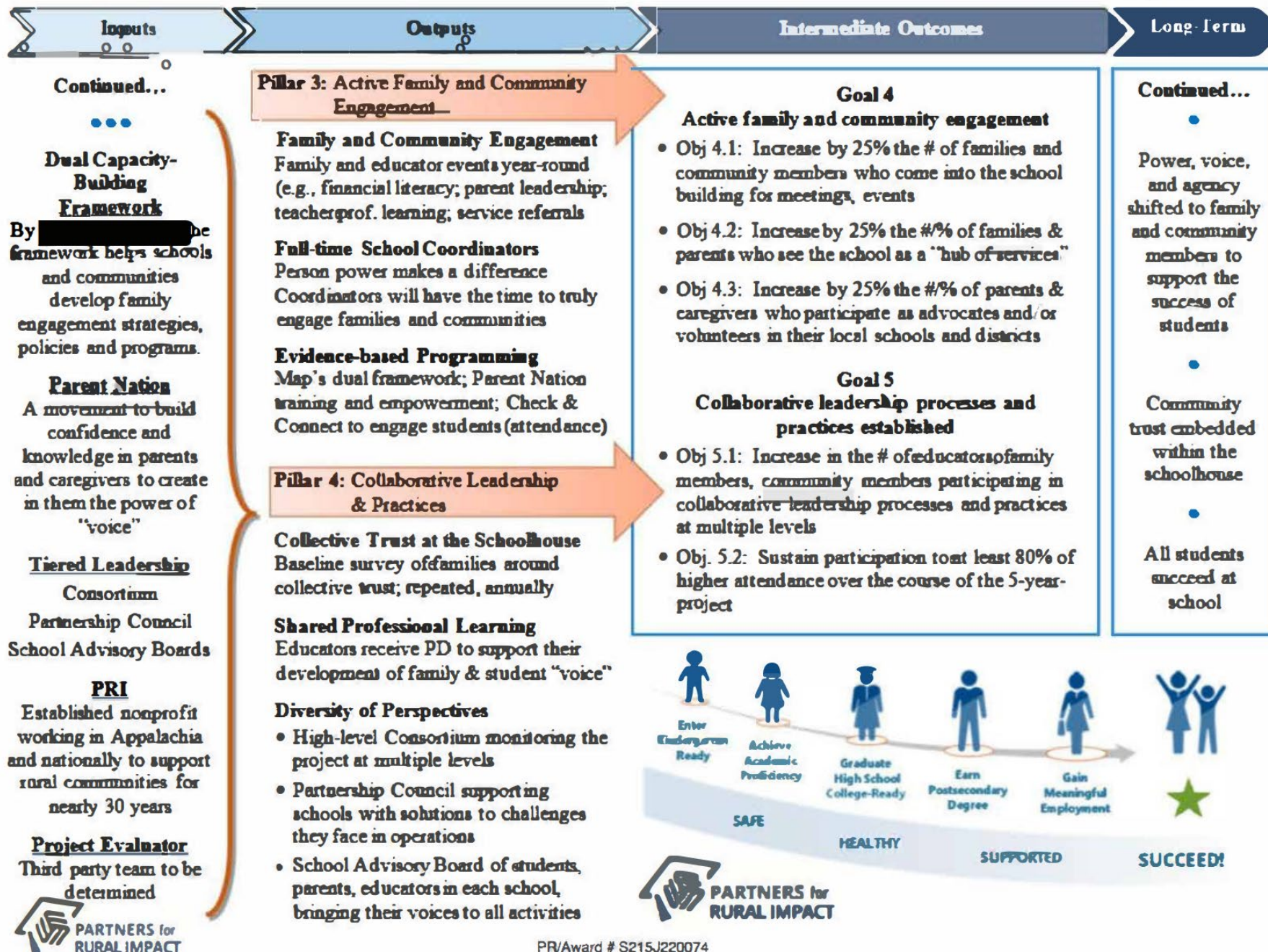


Logic Model Examples



Resources (Partners)	Activities (Pillars of Integrated Student Supports)	Short-term Outputs and Outcomes (Years 1-3)	Long-term Outcomes (Years 4-5)
Avoyelles Parish School District leaders	Pillar #1: Integrated Student Supports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eat, Move, Grow program supports physical health, nutrition, and wellness. Food Bank of Central LA supports backpack meal program and school garden cultivation. Rapides Primary Health Care Center provides school-based dental care. School-based mental health programs (e.g., Project AWARE and Avoyelles Sheriff's Dept.). 	Service delivery: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase in the # of health-related service providers within each APLUS school. Decrease the % of students chronically absent by 3 percentage pts per year. Improved outcomes on Rapides Community Health Needs Assessment by 2025. Improved stakeholder perceptions of service availability and program quality. 	Increased access to and coordination of services for students, their families, and community members, with APLUS schools developing a sustainable, replicable model of integrated student supports
Plaucheville & Riverside Elementary Schools			
The Orchard Foundation	Pillar #2: Expanded and Enriched Learning Time <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Read to Soar & Math to Build On programs in early literacy and numeracy STEM-focused summer programming District youth tutoring program Career awareness exploration 	Academic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase % of students proficient on LEAP-Math and ELA assessments. Increase % of students reading on grade-level. Increase in # of hours of out-of-school support provided to students. 	Improvements in student achievement, closing achievement gaps and ensuring students are prepared for the transition to middle school
The Rapides Foundation			
Central LA Technical Community College	Pillar #3: Family and Community Engagement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> United Way skill-building courses in personal finance, health, etc. "Building Stronger Families" The Orchard Foundation provides free books for families through early literacy programs CLTCC Adult Ed programs (e.g., HiSET, ESL, adult literacy) & Community College nights Eat, Move, Grow family programming 	Behavioral: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase the % of students demonstrating readiness for Kindergarten. Decrease the # of suspensions by 3% per year. Increase participation in community events by 10% per year. 	Stakeholder perceptions improve, indicating positive impacts of FSCS on school climate and family and community engagement
FSCS Site Coordinators and Advisory Council			
United Way of Central Louisiana	Pillar #4: Collaborative Leadership and Prof'l Learning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aspiring Leaders & Leading for Better Instruction PD through UW Center for Ed Leadership Center for Literacy and Learning provides PD for teachers, district leaders and superintendents Kagan Structures for Little Ones (K-2) PD program SEL, CLASS and TS Gold PD through TOF 	Instructional: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 80% of teachers/leaders agree PD is of high quality and value to their practice. 80% of teachers agree they receive adequate instructional leadership support. 	Increased teacher and leader effectiveness, building capacity through collaborative networks and targeted professional development
Food Bank of Central Louisiana			
RMC Research Corporation			
Health Enrichment Network			
Career Compass of LA			
Region 6 LaSTEM Center			







Wrap Up



Logic Model Resources

- Logic models for program design, implementation, and evaluation: Workshop toolkit
(U.S. Department of Education)
- Theory of action for community school transformation
(Community Schools Forward)
- Logic model workbook
(Innovation Network)
- Logic model development guide
(W.K. Kellogg Foundation)



Elson Nash, Director, School Choice and Improvement Programs

Jane Hodgdon, Group Leader, Full-Service Community Schools

Yuliana Bruister, Program Officer, Full-Service Community Schools

Richard Kress, Program Officer, Full-Service Community Schools

Stephen Kostyo, Impact Fellow, Full-Service Community Schools

Clark Paolini, Intern, Full-Service Community Schools

