

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

September 10, 2021

The Honorable Katie Jenner State Superintendent of Education Indiana Department of Education 100 N Senate Ave, 9th Floor Indianapolis, IN 46204

Dear Superintendent Jenner:

Thank you for your participation in the U.S. Department of Education's (the Department) assessment peer review process under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA). I appreciate the efforts of the Indiana Department of Education (IDOE) to prepare for the peer review, which occurred in July 2020 and winter 2021. The information in this letter is based on a review of information provided by IDOE in summer 2020 and information provided by the WIDA consortium in winter 2021 for the English language proficiency (ELP) general and alternate assessments and the Indiana Alternate Measure (I AM) alternate assessments. The ELP assessment review was a follow up to a review that occurred in 2019 regarding IDOE's ELP general and alternate assessments. The I AM alternate assessment review was a first time submission to the peer review.

State assessment systems provide essential information that States, districts, principals and teachers can use to identify the academic needs of students, target resources and supports toward students who need them most, evaluate school and program effectiveness and close achievement gaps among students. A high-quality assessment system also provides useful information to parents about their children's advancement against and achievement of grade-level standards. The Department's peer review of State assessment systems is designed to provide feedback to States to support the development and administration of high-quality assessments.

External peer reviewers and Department staff carefully evaluated IDOE's submission and the Department found, based on the evidence received, that the components of your assessment system meet some, but not all, of the statutory and regulatory requirements of sections 1111(b)(1) and (2) of the ESEA. Based on the recommendations from this peer review and our own analysis of the State's submission, I have determined the following:

- o Alternate reading/language arts (R/LA) and mathematics assessments, grades 3-8 (Indiana's Alternate Measure (I AM)): **Substantially meets requirements of the ESEA.**
- Alternate science grades 4, 6, and high school (I AM Science): **Substantially meets requirements**
- General ELP assessment (ACCESS): Substantially meets requirements of the ESEA.
- Alternate ELP assessment (Alternate ACCESS): Partially meets requirements of the ESEA.

The components that **partially meet requirements** do not meet a number of the requirements of the statute and regulations and/or the HIDOE will need to provide substantial additional information to

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demonstrate it meets the requirements. The Department expects that HIDOE may not be able to submit all of the required information within one year. **Substantially meets requirements** means that these components meet most of the requirements of the statute and regulations, but some additional evidence is required. The Department expects that IDOE may be able to provide this additional information within one year.

The specific list of items required for IDOE to submit is enclosed with this letter. Because the State has not fully satisfied the condition placed on the State's Title I, Part A grant award related to its State assessment system, the Department is continuing to place a condition on the State's Title I grant award related to those components (i.e., the ELP assessments) of the assessment system. To satisfy this condition, IDOE must submit satisfactory evidence to address the items identified in the enclosed list. IDOE must provide to the Department a plan and timeline by which it will submit the additional documentation within 30 days of the receipt of this letter. If adequate progress is not made, the Department may take additional action. Upon submission of the plan, the Department will reach out to IDOE to determine a mutually agreeable schedule. Resubmission should occur once all necessary evidence is complete (rather than in multiple submissions).

The full peer review notes from the review are enclosed. These recommendations to the Department formed the basis of our determination. Please note that the peers' recommendations may differ from the Department's feedback; we encourage you to read the full peer notes for additional suggestions and recommendations for improving your assessment system beyond what is noted in the Department's feedback. Department staff will reach out to your assessment director in the next few days to discuss the peer notes and the Department's determination and to answer any questions you have.

Thank you for your ongoing commitment to improving educational outcomes for all students. I look forward to our continued partnership as we move ahead with this critical work. I appreciate the work you are doing to improve your schools and provide a high-quality education for your students.

If you have any questions, please contact my staff at: <u>ESEA.Assessment@ed.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

/s/

Ian Rosenblum
Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Programs
Delegated the Authority to Perform the
Functions and Duties of the Assistant Secretary
Office of Elementary and Secondary Education

Enclosures

cc: Lynn Schemel, Director of Assessment

Critical Elements that Require Additional Evidence for Indiana's Assessment System

Critical Element	Additional Evidence Needed		
1.2 – Coherent and Progressive ELP Standards that Correspond to the State's Academic Content Standards (for ELP assessments)	 For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: Evidence that the ELP standards contained language proficiency expectations that reflect the language needed for English learners (ELs) to acquire and demonstrate their achievement of the knowledge and skills identified in the State's academic content standards appropriate to each grade-level/grade-band, specifically: Evidence of the completed alignment study, including interpretations of findings, and a plan and timeline to address any issues identified in the study. For the Alternate ACCESS: 		
Assessments	 Evidence that the alternate ELP assessment is available in kindergarten. 		
1.4 – Policies for Including All Students in Assessments	For the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the alternate ELP assessment is available in kindergarten.		
1.5 – Meaningful Consultation in the Development of Challenging State Standards and Assessments	 For the I AM science: Evidence that, in developing the science academic content standards, the State has conducted meaningful and timely consultation with: State leaders, including the governor, members of the State legislature, and State board of education (if the State has a State board of education). Representatives of Indian tribes located in the State. 		
2.1 – Test Design and Development	 For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, aligns the assessments to the depth and breadth of the State's academic content standards for the grade that is being assessed and includes: Test blueprints that describe the structure of each assessment in sufficient detail to support the development of assessments that are technically sound, measure the depth and breadth of the State's grade-level academic content standards and support the intended interpretations and uses of the results, e.g., evidence that demonstrates how the assessments will adequately assess the full range of the academic content in each grade over time. Processes to ensure that each academic assessment is tailored to the knowledge and skills included in the State's academic content standards, reflects appropriate inclusion of challenging content, and requires complex demonstrations or applications of knowledge and skills (i.e., higher-order thinking skills), such as evidence that can demonstrate how cognitive complexity is incorporated into the design of test forms. For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: Evidence of test blueprints that describe the structure of each assessment in sufficient detail to support the development of assessments that measure the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards, and reflect appropriate inclusion of the range of complexity found in the standards, specifically:		

Critical Element	ritical Element Additional Evidence Needed		
2.2 – Item Development	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
2.2 Rem Development	 Evidence that demonstrates reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to assess SWSCD achievement based on the State's academic content standards in terms of content and cognitive process, including higher-order thinking skills (e.g., evidence that subsequent item development has addressed item bank deficits identified in the Technical Report). 		
	For the ACCESS:		
	 Evidence that the State uses reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to assess student ELP based on the State's ELP standards in terms of content and language processes (e.g., documentation on the qualifications of item reviewers such as their grade levels taught, years of experience, and demographic diversity). 		
	For the Alternate ACCESS:		
	• Evidence that the State uses reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to assess student ELP based on the State's ELP standards in terms of content and language processes (e.g., evidence that the item development process includes experts with knowledge of ELs with		
	significant cognitive disabilities including their grade levels taught, years of experience, and demographic diversity).		
2.5 – Test Security	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
·	 Evidence of the documentation and implementation of an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results through the remediation of any test security incidents involving the State's assessments. 		
	For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
	 Evidence that the State has implemented and documented an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results, specifically: Evidence of how WIDA works with member States on follow-up investigations and how information is communicated to these States including a plan to address the test security vendor's findings. Evidence of consequences for confirmed violations of test security (e.g., evidence of test score invalidation). 		
	T 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	 For the Alternate ACCESS: Evidence the State has implemented and documented an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results (e.g., evidence that the test security vendor's services include the Alternate ACCESS). 		
2.6 – Systems for	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
Protecting Data Integrity and Privacy	• Evidence of policies and procedures in place to protect the integrity and confidentiality of its test materials, test-related data, and personally identifiable information, specifically: to protect personally identifiable information about any individual student in reporting, including defining the		

students and student groups.

information about any individual student in reporting, including defining the minimum number of students necessary to allow reporting of scores for all

Critical Element	Additional Evidence Needed		
3.1 – Overall Validity,	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and Science:		
including Validity Based			
on Content	the State's academic content standards, including:		
	 Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's assessments and the academic content standards the assessments are designed to measure in terms of content (i.e., knowledge and process), balance of content, and cognitive complexity. Evidence requested in critical elements 2.1 and 2.2 above will also apply to this critical element. Documentation that the assessments address the depth and breadth of the content standards (e.g., a plan and timeline to address issues identified in the alignment study for I AM, as well as related evidence requested in critical elements 2.1 and 2.2). 		
	For the ACCESS:		
	 Evidence that the State's ELP assessments measure the knowledge and skills specified in the State's ELP standards, specifically: Evidence that the WIDA alignment and correspondence studies are based on the State's content standards and ELP standards. A plan to address any issues identified in the alignment and correspondence studies. 		
	For the Alternate ACCESS:		
	 Evidence that the State's assessments measure the knowledge and skills specified in the State's ELP standards (e.g., evidence of a plan to address any issues identified in the alignment and linking studies). 		
3.2 - Validity Based on	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
Cognitive/Linguistic Processes	 Adequate validity evidence that the assessments tap: the intended cognitive processes appropriate for each grade level as represented in the State's academic content standards. Evidence requested in critical element 2.1 and 3.1 will also help address this critical element. 		
	For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
	 Documentation of adequate validity evidence that its assessments tap the intended language processes appropriate for each grade-level or grade-band as represented in the State's ELP standards, specifically evidence that: Items are reviewed based on the linguistic complexity of the vocabulary, graphics, and other content features of the items. The panel reviewing the items include language development experts. The State documents the reviewers' judgments of the language processes being demonstrated by the item. 		
3.3 – Validity Based on	For the I AM science:		
Internal Structure	 Adequate validity evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of its assessments are consistent with the sub-domain structures of the State's academic content standards in science (e.g., how the internal structure of the science assessments represent both dimensions of the science standards). 		
3.4 – Validity Based on	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
Relationships with Other Variables	 Adequate validity evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of its assessments are related with other variables as expected (e.g., interpretations for sub-score correlations found at grades 3, 4 and 10). 		

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Critical Element	Element Additional Evidence Needed	
	For the Alternate ACCESS: Documentation of adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables.	
4.1 – Reliability	 For the I AM mathematics: Documentation of adequate reliability for the State's assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, specifically: Evidence that the State has examined the adequacy of overall reliabilities at grades 7, 8 and 10. 	
	 For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: Documentation of adequate reliability for the State's assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, specifically: Evidence of a plan to improve the consistency and accuracy of the assessments since the values are low in some cases (e.g., ACCESS listening domain grade one levels 2-5). Evidence of a plan to address the precision of the test forms in speaking and writing across all proficiency levels which could eliminate the almost bimodal nature of the test information function (TIF) curves. 	
	 For the ACCESS: Documentation of adequate reliability for the State's assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards (e.g., evidence that the new folders of items and tasks developed as a result of the refreshment plan, which is based on reliability findings, have been included in the item bank). 	
	 For the Alternate ACCESS: Documentation of adequate reliability for the State's assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards (e.g., evidence of TIF for the overall assessment). 	
4.2 – Fairness and accessibility	 For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: Evidence that the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all ELs and fair across student groups, including ELs with disabilities, in their design, development, and analysis (e.g., evidence of completed differential item functioning or DIF analyses based on disability status; and for the Alternate ACCESS evidence of the role that universal design plays in the design, development, and analysis stages). 	
4.3 – Full Performance Continuum	For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the ELP assessments assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum including performance for EL students with high and low levels of English language proficiency and with different proficiency profiles across the domains of speaking, listening, reading, and writing. Evidence requested for critical element 4.1 will also satisfy this critical element.	

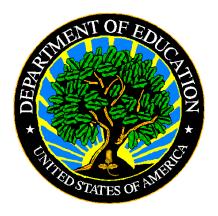
Critical Element	Additional Evidence Needed		
4.4 – Scoring	For the I AM science: Evidence that the secring and reporting structures of its assessments facilitate		
	• Evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of its assessments facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's academic achievement science (e.g., how the reporting structure of the science		
	assessments represent both dimensions of the science standards).		
	For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
	 Evidence that the State has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its ELP assessments that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's ELP standards, specifically: Documentation for how the State will score tests when a student is exempt from one domain, including a rationale for the State's composite 		
	proficiency level in such cases.Evidence of the State's scoring procedures and protocols.		
	o For ACCESS, evidence that the State's consistently ensures the accuracy of scoring item given on the paper test forms.		
4.5 – Multiple	For the ACCESS:		
Assessment Forms	 Evidence that the State ensures that all forms of the ELP assessments adequately represent the State's ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations such that the forms are comparable within and across settings, specifically: Evidence of an equating plan for the paper test forms of the listening and reading tests. Evidence of a rationale for using anchor item sets for the reading tests. 		
	For the Alternate ACCESS:		
	• Evidence that the State ensures that all forms of the ELP assessments		
	adequately represent the State's ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations such that the forms are comparable within and across settings.		
4.6 – Multiple Versions	For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
of an Assessment	 Evidence that the paper, large print, and Braille versions of the assessment: 		
	 Followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results for students tested across the versions of the assessments. 		
	 Have adequate evidence of comparability of the meaning and interpretations of the assessment results. 		
4.7 – Technical Analysis	•		
and Ongoing Maintenance	• Evidence that adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website (e.g., please provided updated URLs for this information).		
	For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
	• Evidence that adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website (e.g., please provided updated URLs for this information).		
	For the Alternate ACCESS:		
	• Evidence that the State has a system for monitoring, maintaining, and		
	improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system.		

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Critical Element	Additional Evidence Needed	
5.3 - Accommodations	 For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: Documentation that the State ensures that its assessments are accessible to students with disabilities and ELs, including ELs with disabilities (e.g., evidence of completed work products and research studies mentioned in the evidence to demonstrate that the provided accommodations are appropriate and effective for meeting the individual student's need(s) to participate in the assessments, do not alter the construct being assessed, and allow meaningful interpretations of results and comparison of scores for students who need and receive accommodations and students who do not need and do not receive accommodations). 	
5.4 – Monitoring Test Administration for Special Populations	 For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the State monitors test administration in its districts and schools to ensure that appropriate assessments, with or without accommodations, are selected for all students with disabilities and ELs so that they are appropriately included in assessments and receive accommodations that are: Administered with fidelity to test administration procedures. Monitored for administrations of all required AA-AAAS. 	
6.3 – Challenging and Aligned Academic Achievement Standards/ELP Achievement Standards	For the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the State has ensured that ELP assessment results are expressed in terms that are clearly aligned with the State's ELP standards and its ELP performance-level descriptors (e.g., evidence of a clear description of the	
6.4 – Reporting	 For the I AM R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the State provides interpretive guides to support appropriate uses of the assessment results for parents (e.g., please provided updated URLs for this information). For the ACCESS and alternate ACCESS: Evidence that the State provides information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents, specifically: Evidence that the State communicates assessment results to parents in a format that they can understand, or, if it is not practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are orally translated for such parent or guardian. 	

U. S. Department of Education Peer Review of State Assessment Systems

July-August 2020 State Assessment Peer Review Notes



U. S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education Washington, D.C. 20202

Note: Peer review notes provide the combined recommendations of the individual peers to the U.S. Department of Education (Department), based on the statute and regulations, the Department's peer review guidance, and the peers' professional judgement of the evidence submitted by the State. These assessment peer review notes, however, do not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for assessment peer review. Although the peer notes inform the Secretary's consideration of each State's assessment system, the Department makes the final decision regarding whether the assessment system meets the requirements in the statute and regulations. As a result, these peer notes may not completely align with the final determination made by the Department.

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SECTION 1: STATEWIDE SYSTEM OF STANDARDS AND ASSESSMENTS

Critical Flement 1.1 – State Adoption of Academic Content Standards for All Students

For academic content standards: The State formally adopted challenging academic content standards for all students in reading/language arts, mathematics and science and applies its academic content standards to all public schools and public school students in the State. 1.1A Grades 3-12 ELA Content Connectors 1.1B Grades 3-10, Mathematics, Algebra, Geometry Content Connectors 1.1C Grades 4, 6 Science Biology Content Connectors 1.1D SBOE Alternate Assessment Memo 1.1E SBOE Approval of Content Connectors 1.1F Content Connector Update Alternate Standards 2018	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	Evidence of this requirement being met was not found.

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence of formal adoption of the content connectors.

Critical Element 1.2 – Challenging Academic Content Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
For academic content standards: The State's challenging academic content standards in reading/language arts, mathematics, and science are aligned with entrance requirements for credit-bearing coursework in the system of public higher education in the State and relevant State career and technical education standards.	1.2A Indiana Process and Participants 2014 1.2B Achieve K-12 Standards Review 1.2C Indiana Chamber Recommendation 1.2D Magee Standards Review 1.2E Stotsky Standards Review 1.2F Science Standards Review 1.2G Ritz-Lubbers Letter to Sec Duncan 1.2H Indiana ELA Standards Review Committee 1.2I Indiana Mathematics Standards Review Committee 1.2J Indiana Science Standards Review Committee 1.2K College Career Panel Review Committee 2014 1.2L Public Comment Process Summary 2014 1.2M Science Standards Overview 2016 1.2N Indiana Academic Standards for Science Study for College and Career Readiness Study Report	No evidence was found specific to the Alternate Assessment.

Section 1.2 Summary Statement

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• Evidence for the I AM must be submitted.

Critical Element 1.3 – Required Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State's assessment system includes annual general and alternate assessments aligned with grade-level academic achievement standards or alternate academic achievement standards in: • Reading/language arts (R/LA) and mathematics in each of grades 3-8 and at least once in high school (grades 9-12); • Science at least once in each of three grade spans (3-5, 6-9 and 10-12). AND	1.3A 2019-2020-Indiana-assessment-overview 1.3B 2018-2019 Indiana Assessment Windows_SBApproved 1.3C Indiana Participation Guidance 1.3D Indiana Alternate Assessment Participant Guidance FAQ 1.3E Indiana Alternate Assessment Participation Decision Flowchart	 The State's evidence establishes that it provides assessments in: Reading/language arts (R/LA) and mathematics in each of grades 3-8 and at least once in high school (grades 9-12); Science at least once in each of three grade spans (3-5, 6-9 and 10-12), and that The State's academic content assessments are be the same assessments administered to all students in the tested grades, with the following exception: Students with the most significant cognitive disabilities may take an alternate assessment (I AM) aligned with alternate academic achievement standards.
The State's academic content		
assessments must be the same		
assessments administered to all students		
in the tested grades, with the following		
exceptions:		
 Students with the most significant cognitive disabilities may take an alternate assessment aligned with alternate academic achievement standards. A State may permit an LEA to administer a nationally recognized high school academic assessment in lieu of the State high school assessment if certain conditions are met. 		
A State that administers an end-of- course high school mathematics assessment may exempt an 8 th grade student from the mathematics assessment typically administered in		

	eighth grade and allow the student to		
	take the State end-of-course		
	mathematics test instead.		
•	The Department may have approved		
	the State, under the Innovative		
	Assessment Demonstration		
	Authority, to permit students in some		
	LEAs to participate in a		
	demonstration assessment system in		
	lieu of participating in the State		
	assessment.		
Sec	Section 1.3 Summary Statement		
x	No additional evidence is required		<u> </u>

Critical Element 1.4 – Policies for Including All Students in Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State requires the inclusion of all public elementary and secondary school students in its assessment system and clearly and consistently communicates this requirement to districts and schools. • For students with disabilities, policies state that all students with disabilities in the State, including those children with disabilities publicly placed in private schools as a means of providing special education and related services, must be included in the assessment system; • For ELs: • Policies state that all ELs must be included in all aspects of the content assessment system, unless the State has chosen the statutory option for recently arrived ELs under which such ELs are exempt from one administration of its reading/ language arts assessment. • If a State has developed native language assessments for ELs in R/LA, ELs must be assessed in R/LA in English if they have been enrolled in U.S. schools for three or more consecutive years, except, if a district determines, on a case-by-case basis, that native language assessments would yield more accurate and reliable information, the district may assess a student with native	Indiana Code that asserts participation for all: 1.4A Indiana Codes.docx Additional documentation specific to students with disabilities and LEP: 1.4A Indiana Codes.docx.pdf 1.4B 2018-19 Program Manual	The state's evidence demonstrates that it requires the inclusion of all public elementary and secondary school students it it's assessment system, and that it clearly communicates this requirement to all districts and schools.

	language assessments for a	
	period not to exceed two	
	additional consecutive years.	
0	If the State uses the flexibility	
	for Native American language	
	schools and programs: (1) the	
	State provides the content	
	assessment in the Native	
	American language to all	
	students in the school or	
	program; (2) the State submits	
	such content assessment for peer	
	review as part of its State	
	assessment system; and (3) the	
	State continues to provide ELP	
	assessments and services for ELs	
	as required by law. The State	
	must assess in English the	
	students' achievement in R/LA	
	in high school.	
Secti	on 1.4 Summary Statement	
x 1	No additional evidence is required	

Critical Element 1.5 – Meaningful Consultation in the Development of Challenging State Standards and Assessments

(Note: this is a new requirement under ESSA, so it does not apply to standards and assessments adopted prior to the passage of ESSA (December 2015)).

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
If the State has developed or amended challenging <u>academic</u> standards and assessments, the State has conducted meaningful and timely consultation with: • State leaders, including the Governor, members of the State legislature and State board of education (if the State has a State board of education). • Local educational agencies (including those located in rural areas). • Representatives of Indian tribes located in the State. • Teachers, principals, other school leaders, charter school leaders (if the State has charter schools), specialized instructional support personnel, paraprofessionals, administrators, other staff, and parents.	1.2F Indiana Science Standards Review 1.2J Indiana Science Standards Review Committee 1.2M Science Standards Overview 2016 1.5A Content Connector Project Summary 1.5B Sign in Sheet March 12 1.5C Indiana Content Connectors - Public Comment (Responses) 1.1F Content Connector Update Alternate Standards 2018	The evidence provides a partial demonstration that the State's academic content standards in science were developed with meaningful consultation with local educational agencies, teachers, principals, other school leaders, and parents. The evidence did not demonstrate that State leaders, including Governor, members of the State legislature and State board of education, or representatives of Indian tribes located in the State were consulted in the development of the Science Standards.

Section 1.5 Summary Statement

___ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

Evidence that State has conducted meaningful and timely consultation with:

- State leaders, including the Governor, members of the State legislature and State board of education (if the State has a State board of education).
- Representatives of Indian tribes located in the State.

in the development of the science academic content standards

SECTION 2: ASSESSMENT SYSTEM OPERATIONS

Critical Element 2.1 – Test Design and Development

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	/	
The State's test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, aligns the assessments to the depth and breadth of the State's academic content standards for the grade that is being assessed and includes: • Statement(s) of the purposes of the assessments and the intended interpretations and uses of results; • Test blueprints that describe the structure of each assessment in sufficient detail to support the development of assessments that are technically sound, measure the depth and breadth of the State's gradelevel academic content standards and support the intended interpretations and uses of the results. • Processes to ensure that each academic assessment is tailored to the knowledge and skills included in the State's academic content standards, reflects appropriate inclusion of challenging content, and	reference) 2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 – 6 2.1B I AM Blueprint Meeting Plan 2.1C I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day1A_Pre-Workshop Discussion 2.1D I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day1_AMLarge Group 2.1E I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day1B_G3- 8_ELA_RC 2.1F I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day1B_G3- 8_MASCISS_RC 2.1G I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day1B_G10_ELA_RC 2.1H I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day1B_G10_ELA_RC 2.1H I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day2_G3-8_CC 2.1J I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day2_G3-8_CC 2.1J I AM Blueprint Workshop_Day2_G10_CC 2.1K Blueprint Meeting Sign-in Sheet 2.1L Blueprint Meeting Demographics 2.1M V2 Appendix A I AM ELA Blueprints 2.1N V2 Appendix B I AM Mathematics Blueprints 2.1N V2 Appendix C I AM Science Blueprints 2.1P I AM Draft Item Specifications Meeting Plan 2.1Q I AM Item Specifications Participants 2.1R I AM Item Specifications Meeting Final Agenda 2.1S I AM Item Specification Meeting Day1 AMLarge	State Documentation or Evidence The issues the Peers discussed with regard to measuring Science for the EL assessment and ILEARN assessments seem to exist for the IAM as well.
requires complex demonstrations or applications of knowledge and skills (i.e., higher-order thinking skills). • If the State administers computer-adaptive assessments, the item pool and item selection procedures adequately support the test design and intended uses and interpretations of results.	Group 2.1T ELA I AM Item Specification Meeting breakout slides 2.IU Mathematics I AM Item Specification Meeting breakout slides 2.1V Science I AM Item Specification Meeting breakout slides 2.1V I AM ELA Grade 6 Updated Item Specifications 2.1X I AM MA Grade 6 Item Specifications	

•	If the State administers a computer-	2.1Y I AM Science Grade 6 Item Specifications	
	adaptive assessment, it makes		
	proficiency determinations with		
	respect to the grade in which the		
	student is enrolled and uses that		
	determination for all reporting.		
•	If the State administers a content		
	assessment that includes portfolios,		
	such assessment may be partially		
	administered through a portfolio but		
	may not be entirely administered		
	through a portfolio.		
S	ection 2.1 Summary Statement		
	No additional evidence is required or		
	X The following additional evidence is	needed/provide brief rationale:	
	As the State continues to develop	the alternate assessment axidence of progress and/or comple	tion must be submitted. Specifically with regard to this

• As the State continues to develop the alternate assessment, evidence of progress and/or completion must be submitted. Specifically with regard to this Section, there must be evidence that the State's test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, and aligns the

assessments to the depth and breadth of the State's academic content standards for the grade that is being assessed, especially for science.

Critical Element 2.2 – Item Development

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State uses reasonable and technically	Evidence for Item Development:	The State has listed several items as evidence. However
sound procedures to develop and select	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6	without the connection indicators it is not clear if the items
items to:		are aligned or not. The indicator can be found using the
 Assess student achievement based 	2.2A IN I AM ELA IDP_2019	link provided in critical element 1.1. However, these
on the State's academic content	2.2B IN I AM Mathematics IDP 2019	documents are not part of the evidence that has been turned
standards in terms of content and	2.3C IN I AM Science IDP 2019	in for this peer review.
cognitive process, including higher-		
order thinking skills.	2.2D I AM Content and Fairness Agenda ELA 35	As the 10 th grade math and ELA test were developed by a
	2.2E I AM Content and Fairness Agenda ELA68	committee, and not ILEARN, it is not clear if these were
	2.2F I AM Content and Fairness Agenda ELA 10	built according to the same parameters to ensure students
	2.2G I AM Content and Fairness Agenda Mathematics	taking the alternate assessment can be compared to their
	35	same age peers.
	2.2H I AM Content and Fairness Agenda Mathematics	
	68	The Peers acknowledge the State's observation stated in
	2.2I I AM Content and Fairness Agenda Mathematics 10	2.1A Tech Report Vol. 2 p 36, "It is the intention for future
	2.2J I AM Content and Fairness Agenda Sci SS	I AM assessments to fully meet the I AM blueprint
	2.2K I AM Content and Fairness Agenda Biology	requirements. To ensure that the item pool can support the
	2.2AA V2 Appendix F Item Review Checklist	blueprint needs, annual item development plans will be
	2.2L Appendix H 2018 I AM Passage Review	developed based on a pool analysis against blueprint needs.
	Committee Summary	The Item Development Plans for ELA, Mathematics,
	2.2M Appendix I 2018 I AM Content and Fairness	Science, and Social Studies for the 2019–2020 I AM
	Committee Review Summary	administration are provided in Appendices L-O.
	2.2N I AM Content and Fairness Participants List	Developing and maintaining a robust operational pool
	2.20 Evaluations ContentandFairness	aligned to I AM blueprint requirements will allow for
		future I AM assessment administrations to continue to yield
	Evidence for Item Performance	valid and reliable test scores and proficiency-level
	2.2P I AM 2019 CFC and Data Review Participants	classifications that indicate whether students taking the I
	2.2Q Appendix J Item Data Review Training Material	AM assessment have demonstrated the knowledge and
	2.2R I AM 2019 Data Review Results	skills associated with the Indiana Content Connectors."
	2.2S V1 Appendix B. Field Test Item Statistics	This statement would lead the Peers to understand that
	2.2T Appendix K 2019 I AM Item Data Review	these assessment are still being developed to meet this
	Committee Summary	critical element and several others. As one example,
	2.2U V2 Appendix L I AM ELA 2019-2020 Item	there appear to be some alignment issues, from the
	Development Plan	perspective that a number of items have a "far link" to the

2.2V Appendix M I AM Mathematics 2019-2020 Item	CC (versus a "near link"); for example, the 5 th grade
Development Plan	assessments (page 31 of 2.2X).
2.2W Appendix N I AM Science 2019-2020 Item	
Development Plan	The Peers once again acknowledge that the I AM is a
	"work in progress" and commend the State's efforts to
Evidence for Item Alignment	move forward with development during very difficult
2.2X I AM Alignment Report	circumstances.
2.2Y edCount Proposal for I AM Assessment Services	
Support	

Section 2.2 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must demonstrate that it uses reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to assess student achievement based on the State's academic content standards in terms of content and cognitive process, including higher-order thinking skills.

Critical Element 2.3 – Test Administration

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	,	
The State implements policies and procedures for standardized test administration; specifically, the State: Has established and communicates to educators clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations; Has established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of ELs, specialized instructional support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments, and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with disabilities; If the State administers technology-based assessments, the State has defined technology and other related requirements, included technology-based test administration in its standardized procedures for test administration, and established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test administration.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6 1.4B 2018-19 Program Manual 2.3A Appendix A - Technology Setup for Online Testing Quick Guide 2.3B Appendix B - Additional Configurations and Troubleshooting Guide for Android 2.3C Appendix C - Additional Configurations and Troubleshooting Guide for Chrome OS 2.4D Appendix D - Additional Configurations and Troubleshooting Guide for Linux 2.4E Appendix E - Additional Configurations and Troubleshooting Guide for Mac 2.4F Appendix F - Additional Configurations and Troubleshooting Guide for Windows 2.3G Appendix T - Online Test Delivery System TDS User Guide 2.3H Appendix H - TIDE User Guide 2.3I Accessibility-and-Accommodations Guidance-1819 2.3J Appendix T - Online Test Delivery System TDS User Guide 2.3K Appendix G - Technology Requirements for Online Testing Module 2.3L Appendix I - TIDE Webinar Module 2.3L Appendix I - TIDE Webinar Module 2.3M Appendix J - Understanding Indiana's Alternate Measure 2.3N Appendix K - I AM Educator Brochure 2.3O Appendix L - I AM Family Brochure 2.3P Spring 2019 Pretest Workshop Registration 2.3Q IDOE Spring 2019 Pretest Workshop 2.3R I AM Test Administration Training and Certification Memo Final	State Documentation or Evidence The State has submitted evidence to meet the requirements of this Critical Element, with the exception of established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test administration.

2.3T Appendix S - Test Administrator Training	
PowerPoint	
2.3U FINAL Training Locations	
2.3V TA Certified 05.14.2019	
2.2W.C d. C LAME 11.2010 T	
2.3W Get the Scoop I AM Fall 2018 Training	
Registration	
2.3X I AM Overview Webinar	
2.3Y I AM Content Webinar Elementary	
2.3Z I AM Content Webinar Secondary	
2.3AA Appendix N - I AM Test Coordinator's Manual	
TCM	
2.3AB Appendix M - I AM Test Administration Manual	
TAM	
2.3AC Appendix Q - I AM Practice Test User Guide	
2.3AD I AM Feedback Survey Results	

Section 2.3 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must provide evidence that it has established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test administration, or submit a plan and timeline for doing so.

Critical Element 2.4 – Monitoring Test Administration

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State adequately monitors the administration of its State assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools. Monitoring of test administration should be demonstrated for all assessments in the State system: the general academic assessments and the AA-AAAS.	2.3A 2018-19 PROGRAM MANUAL_7.18.18_FINAL 2.4A Testing Irregularity Report_2018-19 2.4B Spring 2019 I AM and ISTEP Gr 10 FTA Part 2 Onsite Monitoring Notification Memo 2.4C 2018-2019 Assessment Onsite Monitoring Checklist 2.4D Adams Central Community Schools_Spring 2019 I AM Onsite Monitoring Checklist_5-8-19 2.4E Bloomfield School District_Spring 2019 I AM Onsite Monitoring Checklist_4-29-19 2.4F Warsaw Community Schools_Spring 2019 I AM Onsite Monitoring Checklist_5-8-19 2.4G Corrective Action Plan 2.4H Jefferson Corrective Action Plan Spring 2019 2.4I I AM Case Summary Report for Peer Review 2.4J Communication Log 2019 Spring Test Windows 2.4K AIR-IDOE Test Window Action Log_I AM 2.4L 2018-2019 Protocol for Reporting Investigating Alleged Breaches 2.4M 2018-2019 Social Media or Unallowable Devices Concern Report Form 2.4N 2018-2019 Testing Concerns and Security Violations Report	The evidence clearly demonstrates that the State adequately monitors the administration of its State alternate assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools.
Section 2.4 Summary Statement		
_x No additional evidence is required .		

Critical Element 2.5 – Test Security

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has implemented and documented an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results through: Prevention of any assessment irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident-reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration; Detection of test irregularities; Remediation following any test security incidents involving any of the State's assessments; Investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities. Application of test security procedures to all assessments in the State system: the general academic assessments and the AA-AAAS. Section 2.5 Summary Statement 	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6 2.5A ILEARN-I AM-IREAD-3-User-Roles-and-Responsibilities-102618 2.5B (CTC) Test Security Integrity Training_2018-2019_final 2.5C 2018-2019 CTC Test Security Training Completion 2.5D 2018-2019 Code of Ethical Practices and Procedures 2.5E 2018-2019 Indiana Testing Security and Integrity Agreement 2.4K 2018-2019 Protocol for Reporting Investigating Alleged Breaches 2.4M 2018-2019 Social Media or Unallowable Devices Concern Report Form 2.4N 2018-2019 Testing Concerns and Security Violations Report	Test security is adequately covered by the evidence submitted. The State has a procedure in place to detect and report test irregularities, but does not have a procedure for remediation based on the irregularities.

Section 2.5 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must demonstrate that it has established a procedure for remediation based on assessment irregularities, or submit a plan and timeline to do so.

Critical Element 2.6 - Systems for Protecting Data Integrity and Privacy

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has policies and procedures in place to protect the integrity and confidentiality of its test materials, test-related data, and personally identifiable information, specifically: To protect the integrity of its test-related data in test administration, scoring, storage and use of results; To secure student-level assessment data and protect student privacy and confidentiality, including guidelines for districts and schools; To protect personally identifiable information about any individual student in reporting, including defining the minimum number of students necessary to allow reporting of scores for all students and student groups.	Evidence for Test Security: 2.3A 2018-19 PROGRAM MANUAL_7.18.18_FINAL 2.5B (CTC) Test Security Integrity Training_2018- 2019_final 2.5D 2018-2019 Code of Ethical Practices and Procedures Evidence for Student Security: 2.6A Student Test Number Description 2.6B STN2020 Lookup v12.19.19	The State has procedures in place to protect the integrity of the test administration and scoring and to protect student level data. However, the evidence does not present a clear procedure for protecting personally identifiable data by defining a consistent minimum number of students necessary to allow reporting of scores.

Section 2.6 Summary Statement

_ No additional evidence is required or

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit evidence of a consistent minimum N count for score reporting, or provide a rationale for why the differences in the minimum reporting number across reports is appropriate.

SECTION 3: TECHNICAL QUALITY - VALIDITY

Critical Element 3.1 – Overall Validity, Including Validity Based on Content

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate overall validity evidence for its assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. The State's validity evidence includes evidence that: The State's academic assessments measure the knowledge and skills specified in the State's academic content standards, including: Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's assessments and the academic content standards the assessments are designed to measure in terms of content (i.e., knowledge and process), balance of content, and cognitive complexity; Documentation that the assessments address the depth and breadth of the content standards; If the State has adopted alternate academic achievement standards and administers alternate assessments aligned with those standards, the assessments show adequate alignment to the State's academic content standards for the grade in which the student is enrolled in terms of content match (i.e., no unrelated content) and the breadth of content	2.2X I AM Alignment Report 2.2Y edCount Proposal for I AM Assessment Services Support 3.1A Appendix E Item Type Examples 3.1B ELA Grade 8 RIR 3.1C Mathematics Grade 10 RIR 3.1D Science Grade 4 RIR 3.1E ELA Paper Forms 35 3.1F ELA Paper Forms 68_10 3.1G Mathematics Paper Forms 68_10 3.1G Mathematics Paper Forms 68_10 3.1Ia Science G4 Paper Form 3.1Ib Science G6 Paper Form 3.1Ic Biology Paper Form 3.1J I AM Scoring Specifications_2018-2019	There are several pieces of evidence that would indicate that the state has documented validity. However, as these assessments are new, validity will need to be monitored and adjusted. It is unclear if these assessment items will meet the depth and breadth of the standards, especially in the area of science. The science standards are three-dimensional standards and seem to only be aligned through the lens of the science and engineering practices. Additionally, there are deficiencies noted in the area of range of knowledge. This is noted in the alignment study and raises further alignment questions that must be addressed.

and cognitive complexity determined in test design to be appropriate for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.		
Section 3.1 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
_X The following additional evidence is a • The State must submit evidence that a plan and timeline for meeting this	at the alternate assessment items meet the depth and breadth	of the standards, especially in the area of science, or submit

Critical Element 3.2 – Validity Based on Cognitive Processes

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that its assessments tap: the intended cognitive processes appropriate for each grade level as represented in the State's academic content standards.	3.2A I AM COG LAB REPORT_FINAL 2.2X I AM Alignment Report 2.2Y edCount Proposal for I AM Assessment Services Support	The document includes evidence that the assessment items require demonstration and application of knowledge and skills in the areas of math, ELA, and science. There is incomplete evidence that the science assessment addresses the depth and breadth of the standards, in that items are said to address all three dimensions. However, the science items are only set up to report out on students use of the SEPs through the use of the DCIs (content) and not on the content itself. Also, the SEPs are not reported out individually but as part of a cluster of practices. It is also unclear how items that are covered in a grade band range from 6-8 are validated as students take the science assessment at 6 th grade before they are expected to fully grasp the understanding of that standard. Evidence that the I AM taps the intended cognitive processes to a degree that establishes test validity was not found.

Section 3.2 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence that the I AM taps the intended cognitive processes to a degree that establishes test validity.

Critical Element 3.3 - Validity Based on Internal Structure

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of its assessments are consistent with the sub-domain structures of the State's academic content standards.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6 3.3A V1 Appendix A. Operational Item Statistics 3.3B V1 Appendix C. Test Characteristic Curves 3.3C V1 Appendix D. Distribution of Scale Scores and Standard Deviations 3.3D V1 Appendix E. Distribution of Reporting Category Scores 3.3E V4 Appendix B. Conditional Standard Error of Measurement	It is unclear how validity is figured for the science assessment, which is based on science processes, while ELA and math are based on the entire scope of the content connectors. The evidence related to mathematics and ELA seem to support this critical element.

Section 3.3 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence of validity based on internal structure for the science alternate assessment when that evidence becomes available.

Critical Element 3.4 – Validity Based on Relations to Other Variables

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6	Evidence for this Critical Element was not found.

Section 3.4 Summary Statement

_ No additional evidence is required or

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence of how its alternate assessment results are associated with other variables.

SECTION 4: TECHNICAL QUALITY - OTHER

Critical Element 4.1 – Reliability

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	,	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate reliability evidence for its assessments for the following measures of reliability for the State's student population overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. If the State's assessments are implemented in multiple States, measures of reliability for the assessment overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, including: Test reliability of the State's assessments estimated for its student population; Overall and conditional standard error of measurement of the State's assessments, including any domain or component sub-tests, as applicable; Consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment results; For computer-adaptive tests, evidence that the assessments produce test forms with adequately	reference) 2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6 3.3A_V1_Appendix A. Operational Item Statistics 3.3B V1_Appendix C. Test Characteristic Curves 3.3C V1_Appendix D. Distribution of Scale Scores and Standard Deviations 3.3D V1_Appendix E. Distribution of Reporting Category Scores 2.2S V1_Appendix B. Field Test Summaries 3.3E V4_Appendix B. Conditional Standard Error of Measurement 4.1A V4 Appendix A. Reliability Coefficients 4.1B V4 Appendix B. Conditional Standard Error of Measurement	The evidence submitted seems to meet the requirements of this critical element. The Peers look forward to receiving reliability estimates based on operational items when those data become available.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding	
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence	
Section 4.1 Summary Statement	Section 4.1 Summary Statement		
X_ No additional evidence is required or			
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]			

Critical Element 4.2 - Fairness and Accessibility

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For all State academic assessments, assessments should be developed, to the extent practicable, using the principles of universal design for learning (UDL) (see definition¹). For academic content assessments, the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all students and fair across student groups in their design, development and analysis.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 – 6 2.2AA V2 Appendix F Item Review Checklist 3.3A_V1_Appendix A. Operational Item Statistics	The evidence submitted appears to meets the requirements of this critical element.
Section 4.2 Summary Statement		1
_X No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is no otine [list additional evidence needed w/	eeded/provide brief rationale:	

¹ see page 28 of "A State's Guide to the U.S. Department of Education's Assessment Peer Review Process", September 24, 2018 available at: www.ed.gov/admins/lead/account/saa.html

Critical Element 4.3 – Full Performance Continuum

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has ensured that each assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum for academic assessments , including performance for high- and low-achieving students.	2.1W I AM ELA Grade 6 Updated Item Specifications 2.1X I AM MA Grade 6 Item Specifications 2.1Y I AM Sci Grade 6 Item Specifications 2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 – 6 2.2X I AM Alignment Report 3.3C V1 Appendix D. Distribution of Scale Scores and Standard Deviations 3.3D V1 Appendix E. Distribution of Reporting Category Scores	The evidence provided for math and ELA appears to meet the requirements for this Critical Element. However, there seems to be a discrepancy when it comes to science. For example, ESS1.a.1 and LS4.a.1 are both said to evaluate student use of modeling and questioning whereas the standard statements indicated students should describe and investigate. This discrepancy in the development guidance calls into question whether the assessment provides adequate measure across the full performance continuum.

G, although Section 4.3 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must provide evidence that the science assessment provides adequate measure across the full performance continuum.

Critical Element 4.4 - Scoring

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its assessments that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's academic achievement standards.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 – 6 4.4A Sample ISR Interpretive Guide	The evidence submitted seems to meet the requirements of this critical element for ELA and mathematics. However, the science assessment reports out on processes (practices) when it would seem the questions are based on content according to the sample questions provided. (See Document at 2.1Y.)

Section 4.4 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must provide evidence that it has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its assessments that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's academic achievement standards for science.

Critical Element 4.5 – Multiple Assessment Forms

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
If the State administers multiple forms of	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 – 6	As this assessment is new it is not clear if the assessment
academic assessments within a content	3.3C V1 Appendix D. Distribution of Scale Scores and	can yield consistent score interpretations such that the
area and grade level, within or across	Standard Deviations	forms are comparable within and across school years at this
school years, the State ensures that all	3.3D V1 Appendix E. Distribution of Reporting	time.
forms adequately represent the State's	Category Scores	
academic content standards and yield		
consistent score interpretations such that		
the forms are comparable within and		
across school years.		
Section 4.5 Summary Statement		

__ No additional evidence is required or

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence, if and when it uses multiple forms, that the forms yield consistent score interpretations across school years.

Critical Element 4.6 - Multiple Versions of an Assessment

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
If the State administers any of its assessments in multiple versions within a subject area (e.g., online versus paperbased delivery; or a native language version of the academic content assessment), grade level, or school year, the State: • Followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results for students tested across the versions of the assessments; • Documented adequate evidence of comparability of the meaning and interpretations of the assessment results.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6 2.2X I AM Alignment Report	This appears to be a work in progress and needs to be addressed by the State in future reviews. Document 2.2X identifies a number of issues that the State must address to meet the requirements of this Critical Element.

Section 4.6 Summary Statement

__ No additional evidence is required or

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must demonstrate the comparability of all versions of its assessments.

Critical Element 4.7 – Technical Analysis and Ongoing Maintenance

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State: • Has a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system (i.e., general assessments and alternate assessments), and • Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website.	2.1A I AM Tech Reports Volumes 1 - 6 4.7A Indiana Alt I AM Technical Scope for A1 051619 2.2X I AM Alignment Report 2.3AD I AM Feedback Survey Results 4.7B Indiana TAC Members 4.7C Oct 9_10 2019 Indiana TAC notes_I AM 4.7D I AM Test Design Issues_01102020_final	Bullet 1: We understand that IDOE is working to fully address this requirement, and we look forward to receiving the results of their work. Bullet 2:This requirement appears to be met by on-line postings.

Section 4.7 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence of its ongoing assessment system maintenance, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system, when such evidence becomes available

SECTION 5: INCLUSION OF ALL STUDENTS

Critical Element 5.1 – Procedures for Including Students with Disabilities

1.4A Indiana Codes.docx.pdf 1.3C Indiana Participation Guidance 1.3D Indiana Alternate Assessment Participant Guidance FAQ	State Documentation or Evidence Information in 5.1A Accessibility Guide and Toolkit Final offers graduation requirements and waiver information that must be made clear to parents through means other than only links on a website.
1.3C Indiana Participation Guidance 1.3D Indiana Alternate Assessment Participant Guidance FAQ	offers graduation requirements and waiver information that must be made clear to parents through means other than
	The Dearen and the Chate's comment that he significantly
Decision Flowchart 5.1A Accessibility Guide and Toolkit Final 5.1B Indiana IIEP Walkthrough for TORs 5.1C Indiana IIEP Walkthrough for District Administrators 5.1D Accommodations for State Testing Memo	The Peers note the State's comment that, beginning with the 2019-2020, information will also be pulled from the Individual Learning Profile (ILP), a new system to be used by Indiana educators for ELP students.
 5.1E ILEARN and I AM Accessibility memo 5.1F ILEARN and IAM Calculator Policy Update memo 2.3H Accessibility-and-Accommodations Guidance- 1819 5.1G Data Layout Grid 5.1H TA2019 Data Layout (v02.28.2019) 5.1I Accommodations Audit Protocol 5.1J Accommodation Memo 5.1K Accommodations Audit Email 5.1L TIPPECANOE SCHOOL CORP Accommodations Audit Response #7685 	
	5.1A Accessibility Guide and Toolkit Final 5.1B Indiana IIEP Walkthrough for TORs 5.1C Indiana IIEP Walkthrough for District Administrators 5.1D Accommodations for State Testing Memo 5.1E ILEARN and I AM Accessibility memo 5.1F ILEARN and IAM Calculator Policy Update memo 2.3H Accessibility-and-Accommodations Guidance- 1819 5.1G Data Layout Grid 5.1H TA2019 Data Layout (v02.28.2019) 5.1I Accommodations Audit Protocol 5.1J Accommodation Memo 5.1K Accommodations Audit Email 5.1L TIPPECANOE SCHOOL CORP Accommodations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
o Provides a clear explanation of		
the differences between		
assessments aligned with grade-		
level academic achievement		
standards and those aligned		
with alternate academic		
achievement standards,		
including any effects of State		
and local policies on a student's		
education resulting from taking		
an AA-AAAS, such as how		
participation in such		
assessments may delay or		
otherwise affect the student		
from completing the		
requirements for a regular high		
school diploma;		
Ensure that parents of students		
assessed with an AA-AAAS are		
informed that their child's		
achievement will be measured based		
on alternate academic achievement		
standards;		
Not preclude a student with the most		
significant cognitive disabilities who		
takes an AA-AAAS from attempting		
to complete the requirements for a		
regular high school diploma; and		
• Promote, consistent with		
requirements under the IDEA, the		
involvement and progress of students		
with the most significant cognitive		
disabilities in the general education		
curriculum that is based on the		
State's academic content standards		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
for the grade in which the student is		
enrolled; and		
• Develop, disseminate information on,		
and promote the use of appropriate		
accommodations to ensure that a		
student with the most significant		
cognitive disabilities who does not		
take an AA-AAAS participates in		
academic instruction and assessments		
for the grade in which the student is enrolled.		
The State has in place and monitors		
implementation of guidelines for IEP		
teams to apply in determining, on a		
case-by-case basis, which students		
with the most significant cognitive		
disabilities will be assessed based on		
alternate academic achievement		
standards, if applicable. Such		
guidelines must be developed in		
accordance with 34 CFR § 200.6(d). ²		
Section 5.1 Summary Statement		

No additional evidence is required or

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

The State must submit a plan and timeline for making information available to parents through means in addition to links in a web site.

² See the full regulation at 34 CFR § 200.6(d) (online at https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text- idx?SID=07e168e9e7a6c5931b4549cc15547ee9&mc=true&node=se34.1.200 16&rgn=div8)

Critical Element 5.2 – Procedures for Including English Learners in Academic Content Assessments

The State has in place procedures to ensure the inclusion of all ELs in public elementary and secondary schools in the State's academic content assessments and clearly communicates this information to districts, schools, teachers, and parents, including, at a minimum: Procedures for determining whether an EL should be assessed with a linguistic accommodation(s); Information on accessibility tools and features available to all students and assessment accommodations available for ELs; Assistance regarding selection of appropriate linguistic accommodations for ELs, including to the extent practicable, assessments in the language most likely to yield accurate and reliable information on what those students know and can do to determine the students have achieved English
language proficiency.

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

• [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]

Critical Element 5.3 – Accommodations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State makes available appropriate	2.1A ILEARN Technical Report	The evidence appears to meet this requirement.
accommodations and ensures that its	2.3H Accessibility-and-Accommodations Guidance-	
assessments are accessible to students	1819	The Peers acknowledge that allowances are made for
with disabilities and ELs, including ELs	5.1A Accessibility Guide and Toolkit Final	Braille. However even with the embossed materials it does
with disabilities. Specifically, the State:	5.1D Accommodations for State Testing Memo	not state whether human assistance is allowed to help with
 Ensures that appropriate 	5.1E ILEARN and I AM Accessibility memo	descriptors of items such as maps and charts.
accommodations, such as,	5.1F ILEARN and IAM Calculator Policy Update memo	
interoperability with, and ability to	2.3H Accessibility-and-Accommodations Guidance-	
use, assistive technology, are	1819	
available to measure the academic		
achievement of students with	5.3A I AM Accessibility Framework	
disabilities.	5.3B Non-Standard Assessment Accommodation	
 Ensures that appropriate 	Request	
accommodations are available for		
ELs;		
 Has determined that the 		
accommodations it provides (1) are		
appropriate and effective for meeting		
the individual student's need(s) to		
participate in the assessments, (2) do		
not alter the construct being assessed,		
and (3) allow meaningful		
interpretations of results and		
comparison of scores for students		
who need and receive		
accommodations and students who		
do not need and do not receive		
accommodations;		
 Has a process to individually review 		
and allow exceptional requests for a		
small number of students who require		
accommodations beyond those		
routinely allowed.		
 Ensures that accommodations for all 		
required assessments do not deny		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
students with disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the assessment and any benefits from participation in the assessment.		
Section 5.3 Summary Statement		
X_ No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is not additional evidence needed w	•	

Critical Element 5.4 – Monitoring Test Administration for Special Populations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State monitors test administration in its districts and schools to ensure that appropriate assessments, with or without accommodations, are selected for all students with disabilities and ELs so that they are appropriately included in assessments and receive accommodations that are: • Consistent with the State's policies for accommodations; • Appropriate for addressing a student's disability or language needs for each assessment administered; • Consistent with accommodations provided to the students during instruction and/or practice; • Consistent with the assessment accommodations identified by a student's IEP Team under IDEA, placement team convened under Section 504; or for students covered by Title II of the ADA, the individual or team designated by a district to make these decisions; or another process for an EL; • Administered with fidelity to test administration procedures; • Monitored for administrations of all required academic content assessments and AA-AAAS.	1.4B 2018-19 Program Manual 2.3H Accessibility-and-Accommodations Guidance- 1819 2.4A Testing Irregularity Report_2018-19 2.4C 2018-2019 Assessment Onsite Monitoring Checklist 2.4I I AM Case Summary Report for Peer Review 2.4I Communication Log 2019 Spring Test Windows 2.4K AIR-IDOE Test Window Action Log_I AM 2.4M 2018-2019 Social Media or Unallowable Devices Concern Report Form 2.4N 2018-2019 Testing Concerns and Security Violations Report 2.5D 2018-2019 Code of Ethical Practices and Procedures 2.5E 2018-2019 Indiana Testing Security and Integrity Agreement 5.1A Accessibility Guide and Toolkit Final 5.4A 1% cap memo to CTCs.11.25.19 5.4B 2018-19 Justifications 5.4C Alternate Assessment Participation Training 2019- 2020	Documents include evidence that State's policies are consistent and appropriate for addressing students with special needs including IEP, 504, and EL populations. There is also evidence provided that there is a procedure in place to address students that may need special accommodations that do not fall into these categories. 1.4B 2018-19 Program Manual Section 6 provides evidence that the all students will have the opportunity to engage in practice items to ensure familiarity with the tools and accommodations within the testing format. Section 6 also stated that some accommodation features would be available during practice sessions, however, did not give any detail to what accommodations would or would not be available during the practice. To ensure all students are able to perform the necessary functions of the assessment, it should be made clear what accommodation features are not available during practice. Section 6 item 6 states, 'The Test Coordinator is responsible for making sure Test Examiners are aware of all test accommodations a student will need prior to a test session and for ensuring that Test Examiners receive training to provide appropriate accommodations.' Although this document provides a statement to ensure that test examiners are familiar with the accommodations, it should also be important to note that examiners should be familiar with the students especially in situations where the student needs to have more regular interactions. Such situations might include: scribe, human reader, interpreter, or assistance for visually impaired or Deaf and hard of hearing. Following the administration of the alternate assessment,
		Indiana reviews data associated to ensure the 1% cap is

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
		maintained. 5.4A-5.4C includes information regarding this review and follow up.

Section 5.4 Summary Statement

_ No additional evidence is required or

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit evidence that accommodations are provided on practice tests and operational tests to the extent required by the IEP or 504.
 - The State must demonstrate that the tests are administered with fidelity to test administration procedures.
 - The State must demonstrate that tests are monitored for administration of the alternate assessment.

SECTION 6: ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS AND REPORTING

Critical Element 6.1 – State Adoption of Academic Achievement Standards for All Students

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
For academic content standards:	6.1A I AM Policy PLD Meeting Minutes_080118	
The State formally adopted challenging	6.1B Standard Setting ILEARN Executive Summary 6.1C ILEARN Cut Score Memo	The evidence submitted by the State seems to meet the requirements of this critical element.
academic achievement standards in	6.1D SBOE Minutes July 25 2019	requirements of this critical element.
reading/language arts, mathematics, and	0.1D Shoe Williams July 23 2019	
science for all students, specifically:		
The State formally adopted academic		
achievement standards in the required		
tested grades and, at its option,		
alternate academic achievement		
standards for students with the most		
significant cognitive disabilities;		
The State applies its academic		
achievement standards to all public		
elementary and secondary school		
students enrolled in the grade to		
which they apply, with the exception		
of students with the most significant		
cognitive disabilities to whom		
alternate academic achievement		
standards may apply;		
The State's academic achievement		
standards and, as applicable, alternate		
academic achievement standards, include:		
(1) at least three levels of achievement,		
with two for high achievement and a third		
For lower achievement; (2) descriptions of		
the competencies associated with each		
achievement level; and (3) achievement		
scores that differentiate among the		
achievement levels.		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
Section 6.1 Summary Statement		
X_ No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]		

Critical Element 6.2 – Achievement Standards Setting

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State used a technically sound method and process that involved panelists with appropriate experience and expertise for setting: • Academic achievement standards and, as applicable, alternate academic achievement standards.	6.2A I AM Technical Report 2018-2019 6.2A Appendix A - Standard Setting Panelists 6.2B Appendix E - Standard Setting Educator Panel - Readiness Form	The evidence submitted by the State seems to meet the requirements of this critical element. However, the State should work to increase the diversity and representation of an appropriate range of expertise when convening future panels.

Section 6.2 Summary Statement

_X__ No additional evidence is required or

The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]

Critical Element 6.3 – Challenging and Aligned Academic Achievement Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)		otes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding entation or Evidence
For academic achievement standards: The State's academic achievement standards are challenging and aligned with the State's academic content standards and with entrance requirements for credit-bearing coursework in the system of public higher education in the State and relevant State career and technical education standards such that a student who scores at the proficient or above level has mastered what students are expected to know and be able to do by the time they graduate from high school in order to succeed in college and the workforce. If the State has adopted alternate academic achievement standards for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities, the alternate academic achievement standards (1) are aligned with the State's challenging academic content standards for the grade in which a student is enrolled; (2) promote access to the general curriculum consistent with the IDEA; (3) reflect professional judgment as to the highest possible standards achievable for such	6.2A V6_I AM Technical Report 2018-2019 6.2B Appendix A - Standard Setting Panelists 6.3A I AM Policy PLD PPT 6.3B I AM Policy PLD Meeting Participants 6.3C I AM Policy PLDs State Board Memo 6.3D I AM PLD LARGEGROUP PPT 6.3E I AM PLD BREAKOUT PPT 6.3F I AM PLDs Groups and Sign In 6.3G I AM Range PLDs State Board Memo 6.3H I AM Final PLDs_For SBOE Approval	The evidence requirements some concern similar to the that these con population for education star	submitted by the State seems to meet the for this critical element. The Peers note, with that many of the content connectors are very general education standards. It would seem nections are not rewritten to reflect the which they are intended, as general adard have only been edited to omit some mples include: 6.RL.3.1.a.1: Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a work of literature. 6.RL.3.1: Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a work of literature and contributes to the development of the theme, characterization, setting, or plot. 6.LS.4.a.1: Investigate how changes in biotic and abiotic components in a given habitat can be beneficial or detrimental to native plants and animals. 6.LS.4: Investigate and use data to explain how changes in biotic and abiotic components in a given habitat can be beneficial or detrimental to native plants and animals.
students; (4) are designated in the IEP for each student for whom alternate academic achievement standards apply; and (5) are aligned to ensure that a student who meets		Content Connector	6.ESS.1.a.1: Describe the role of gravity and inertia in maintaining the regular and predictable motion of celestial bodies.
the alternate academic achievement standards is on track to pursue		IAS Standard	6.ESS.1: Describe the role of gravity and inertia in maintaining the regular and predictable motion of celestial bodies.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
postsecondary education or competitive integrated employment.		As the alternate assessment is meant to assess students with the most severe cognitive disabilities (a very small percent of the student population who have been identified as needed special education services), there should be evidence that these standards are appropriately adjusted for this student population.
Section 6.3 Summary Statement		
X No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]		

Critical Element 6.4 - Reporting

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State reports its assessment results for all students assessed, and the reporting	6.4A 2018-2019 Timeline of Important Events 6.4B I AM ISR	The evidence provided appears to meet this requirement.
facilitates timely, appropriate, credible,	6.4C IN IAM ISR Guide_03132019	The documents listed below provide evidence that reports
and defensible interpretations and uses of	6.4D Webinar 1 Registration Teachers	are sent out to stakeholders and that explanation of scores
those results by parents, educators, State	6.4E Webinar 3 Registration Administrators	and reporting are available.
officials, policymakers and other	6.4F Interpreting and Responding to Summative Scores	
stakeholders, and the public.	for Teachers of Students with Significant Needs	IDOE provided a series of webinars for teachers, teachers
state norders, and the paone.	6.4G Interpreting and Responding to Summative Scores	of students with significant disabilities, and school
TEL CO	for the Classroom Teacher Presentation	administrators to best understand summative assessments.
The State reports to the public its	6.4H Interpreting and Responding to Summative Scores	
assessment results on student academic	for School and Corporation Administrators Presentation	Additional guidance to stakeholders is posted on the IDOE
achievement for all students and each	6.4I Final Attendance Report Webinar 1 Topic 2_6-11-	Website:
student group at each achievement	19 Teachers Sig Needs	I AM Sample Items and Scoring
<u>level</u> ³	6.4J Final Attendance Report Webinar 2 Topic 1_6-5-19	
	Teachers	The Online Reporting System is also available for
For <u>academic content assessments</u> , the	6.4K Final Attendance Report Webinar 1 Topic 3_6-7-	stakeholders to obtain student score information.
State reports assessment results, including	19 Administrators	
itemized score analyses, to districts and	6.4L CARS Action Plan for Classroom Teachers	Parent brochures are utilized to assist in parent
schools so that parents, teachers,	6.4M Resource Web Links for Interpreting and	understanding of the assessment.
principals, and administrators can	Responding to Summative Data for Teachers of Students	
interpret the results and address the	with Significant Needs	
specific academic needs of students, and	6.4N Resources and References for Webinar Interpreting	
the State also provides interpretive guides	and Responding to Summative Scores for Teachers of	
to support appropriate uses of the	Students with Significant Needs	
assessment results.	6.40 Online Reporting System User Guide	
• The State provides for the production	6.4P Online Reporting System (ORS) Webinar Module	
and delivery of individual student	6.4Q Indiana I AM Parent Brochure_Updated	
interpretive, descriptive, and	6.4R Indiana I AM Parent Brochure_Spanish	
diagnostic reports after each administration of its academic		
content assessments that:		

³ Although all students with disabilities must be included in a State's assessment system, requirements for public reporting in ESEA section 1111(h)(1)(C)(ii) apply only to children with disabilities as defined in section 602(3) of the IDEA.

Critica	Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	D	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
0	Provide valid and reliable		
	information regarding a		
	student's academic		
	achievement;		
0	Report the student's academic		
	achievement in terms of the		
	State's grade-level academic		
	achievement standards;		
0	Provide information to help		
	parents, teachers, and principals		
	interpret the test results and		
	address the specific academic		
	needs of students;		
0	Are provided in an		
	understandable and uniform		
	format;		
0	Are, to the extent practicable,		
	written in a language that parents		
	and guardians can understand or,		
	if it is not practicable to provide		
	written translations to a parent or		
	guardian with limited English		
	proficiency, are orally translated		
	for such parent or guardian;		
0	Upon request by a parent who is		
	an individual with a disability as		
	defined by the ADA, as		
	amended, are provided in an		
	alternative format accessible to		
	that parent.		
The	e State follows a process and		
tim	eline for delivering individual		
stu	dent reports to parents, teachers,		
	principals as soon as practicable		
	er each test administration.		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding	
Citical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence	
Section 6.4 Summary Statement			
_X No additional evidence is required or			
The following additional evidence is no • [list additional evidence needed w.	<u>.</u>		

SECTION 7: LOCALLY SELECTED NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED HIGH SCHOOL ACADEMIC ASSESSMENTS (**if applicable**; evidence for this section would be submitted in ADDITION to evidence for sections 1 through 6)

Critical Element 7.1 – State Procedures for the Use of Locally Selected, Nationally Recognized High School Academic Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has established technical criteria to use in its review of any submission of a locally selected, nationally recognized high school academic assessment. The State has completed this review using its established technical criteria and has found the assessment meets its criteria prior to submitting for the Department's assessment peer review.		
The State's technical criteria include a determination that the assessment: Is aligned with the challenging State academic standards; and Addresses the depth and breadth of those standards.		
AND The State has procedures in place to ensure that a district that chooses to use a		
nationally recognized high school academic assessment administers the same assessment to all high school students in the district except for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who may be assessed with an AA-AAAS.		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
AND		
The technical criteria established by the State in reviewing a locally selected, nationally recognized high school academic assessment must ensure that the use of appropriate accommodations does not deny a student with a disability or an EL— • The opportunity to participate in the assessment; and • Any of the benefits from participation in the assessment that are afforded to students without disabilities or students who are not ELs.		
Section 7.1 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is no otion [list additional evidence needed water	•	

Element 7.2 –State Monitoring of Districts Regarding the Use of Locally Selected, Nationally Recognized High School Academic Assessments

The State must have procedures in place to ensure that: Before a district requests approval from the State to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessment, the district notifies all parents of high school students it serves— • That the district intends to request approval from the State to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessment in place of the statewide academic assessment; • Of how parents and, as	ence)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
from the State to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessment, the district notifies all parents of high school students it serves— That the district intends to request approval from the State to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessment in place of the statewide academic assessment; Of how parents and, as		
approval from the State to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessment in place of the statewide academic assessment; • Of how parents and, as		
 appropriate, students may provide meaningful input regarding the district's request (includes students in public charter schools who would be included in such assessments); and Of any effect of such request on the instructional program in the district. 		
Section 7.2 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is needed/p • [list additional evidence needed w/brief ra		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence

Element 7.3 –Comparability of the Locally Selected Nationally Recognized High School Academic Assessments with the State Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The locally selected, nationally recognized high		
school academic assessment:		
Is equivalent to or more rigorous than the		
statewide assessment, with respect to—		
 The coverage of academic content; 		
 The difficulty of the assessment; 		
 The overall quality of the assessment; 		
and		
 Any other aspects of the assessment 		
that the State may establish in its		
technical criteria;		
Produces valid and reliable data on student		
academic achievement with respect to all		
high school students and each subgroup of		
high school students in the district that—		
 Are comparable to student academic 		
achievement data for all high school		
students and each subgroup of high		
school students produced by the		
statewide assessment at each academic		
achievement level;		
 Are expressed in terms consistent with 		
the State's academic achievement		
standards; and		
 Provide unbiased, rational, and 		
consistent differentiation among		
schools within the State for the		
purpose of the State determined		
accountability system including		
calculating the Academic		
Achievement indicator and annually		
meaningfully differentiating between		
schools.		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
Section 7.3 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]		

U. S. Department of Education Peer Review of State Assessment Systems

July-August 2020 State Assessment Peer Review Notes



U. S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education Washington, D.C. 20202

Note: Peer review notes provide the combined recommendations of the individual peers to the U.S. Department of Education (Department), based on the statute and regulations, the Department's peer review guidance, and the peers' professional judgement of the evidence submitted by the State. These assessment peer review notes, however, do not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for assessment peer review. Although the peer notes inform the Secretary's consideration of each State's assessment system, the Department makes the final decision regarding whether the assessment system meets the requirements in the statute and regulations. As a result, these peer notes may not completely align with the final determination made by the Department.

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Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the neer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the

final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the

State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

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STATE ASSESSMENT PEER REVIEW NOTES FOR Indiana ELP Assessment (WIDA

SECTION 1: STATEWIDE SYSTEM OF STANDARDS AND ASSESSMENTS

Critical Element 1.1 – State Adoption of English Language Proficiency Standards for All Students

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For academic content standards:		Met in prior peer review
The State formally adopted challenging academic content standards for all students in reading/language arts, mathematics and science and applies its academic content standards to all public schools and public school students in the State.		
Section 1.1 Summary Statement		
_x No additional evidence is required; me	et in prior peer review.	

Critical Element 1.2 – Coherent and Progressive ELP Standards that Correspond to the State's Academic Content Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Citical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:		
An alignment study between WIDA Standards and the Indiana Academic Standards must be submitted by the State with the interpretation of its findings,		
and a plan and timeline for addressing any issues that are raised.		

Critical Element 1.3 – Required Assessments

r1.3-1 Advancing ALTELLA: Alternate Assessment Redesign	State Documentation or Evidence Alternate ACCESS for ELLs currently does not have a Kindergarten form. In collaboration with the State of Minnesota, WIDA states submitted a US Department of Education Competitive Assessment Grant to develop a Kindergarten form of Alternate ACCESS, and in September 2019, Minnesota and WIDA states received notification that this proposal was funded. This is insufficient to meet this critical element. Indiana needs to provide kindergarten students an alternate ELP assessment.

eighth grade and allow the student to		
take the State end-of-course		
mathematics test instead.		
The Department may have approved		
the State, under the Innovative		
Assessment Demonstration		
Authority, to permit students in some		
LEAs to participate in a		
demonstration assessment system in		
lieu of participating in the State		
assessment.		
Section 1.3 Summary Statement		
x_ The following additional evidence is r	needed/provide brief rationale:	
Evidence that the alternate ELP ass	sessment is available in kindergarten.	
	•	

Critical Element 1.4 – Policies for Including All Students in Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	
The State requires the inclusion of all public elementary and secondary school students in its assessment system and clearly and consistently communicates this requirement to districts and schools. • For students with disabilities, policies state that all students with disabilities in the State, including those children with disabilities publicly placed in private schools as a means of providing special education and related services, must be included in the assessment system; • For ELs: ○ Policies state that all ELs must be included in all aspects of the content assessment system, unless the State has chosen the statutory option for recently arrived ELs under which such ELs are exempt from one administration of its reading/ language arts assessment. ○ If a State has developed native language assessments for ELs in R/LA, ELs must be assessed in R/LA in English if they have been enrolled in U.S. schools for three or more consecutive years, except, if a district determines, on a case-by-case basis, that native language assessments would yield more accurate and		State Documentation or Evidence Alternate ACCESS for ELLs currently does not have a Kindergarten form. In collaboration with the State of Minnesota, WIDA states submitted a US Department of Education Competitive Assessment Grant to develop a Kindergarten form of Alternate ACCESS, and in September 2019, Minnesota and WIDA states received notification that this proposal was funded. This is insufficient to meet this critical element. Indiana needs to provide kindergarten students an alternate ELP assessment, so that it can demonstrate that all ELs in kindergarten, including ELs with significant cognitive disabilities participate in the ELP assessment.

	language assessments for a	
	period not to exceed two	
	additional consecutive years.	
0	If the State uses the flexibility	
	for Native American language	
	schools and programs: (1) the	
	State provides the content	
	assessment in the Native	
	American language to all	
	students in the school or	
	program; (2) the State submits	
	such content assessment for peer	
	review as part of its State	
	assessment system; and (3) the	
	State continues to provide ELP	
	assessments and services for ELs	
	as required by law. The State	
	must assess in English the	
	students' achievement in R/LA	
	in high school.	
Section 1.4 Summary Statement		
_x Tl	ne following additional evidence is n	eeded/provide brief rationale:
•	Evidence that the alternate ELP ass	sessment is available in kindergarten.
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Critical Element 1.5 – Meaningful Consultation in the Development of Challenging ELP Standards and Assessments

(Note: this is a new requirement under ESSA, so it does not apply to standards and assessments adopted prior to the passage of ESSA (December 2015)).

reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
	NA
their ELP standards prior to December 2015.	
	their ELP standards prior to December 2015.

SECTION 2: ASSESSMENT SYSTEM OPERATIONS

Critical Element 2.1	Test D	Design and	Develo	pment
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Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State's test design and test	1.4-1 Chapter 6 WIDA Program	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS evidence
development process is well-suited for the		includes:
content, is technically sound, aligns the	2.1-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 Spring 2017 Interpretive	Documentation that both assessments are aligned to the
assessments to the depth and breadth of	Guide for Score Reports	depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards, including:
the State's academic content standards		o Statement of the purposes and intended uses of results.
for the grade that is being assessed and	2.1-2 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs®	o Test blueprints.
includes:	2.0 Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series	o Processes to ensure that the ELP assessment is tailored to
• Statement(s) of the purposes of the	401, 2016–2017 Administration	the knowledge and skills included in the State's ELP
assessments and the intended		standards and reflects appropriate inclusion of the range of
interpretations and uses of results;	2.1-3 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 Spring 2017	complexity found in the standards (e.g., detail about the
Test blueprints that describe the	Interpretive Guide for Score Reports	routing rules, detail of the item selection process for paper
structure of each assessment in		forms to ensure it adheres to the blueprint).
sufficient detail to support the	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE	For ACCESS:
development of assessments that are	ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test,	Documentation that the item pool and item selection
technically sound, measure the depth	Series 101, 2012–2013 Administration	procedures adequately support the multi-stage adaptive
and breadth of the State's grade-		administrations.
level academic content standards	2.2-8 Alternate ACCESS Form 100 Test Specifications	Documentation that proficiency determinations are made
and support the intended	A110 CACCEGGAAAI' E'IIT C	with respect to the grade in which the student is enrolled.
interpretations and uses of the results.	r2.1-1 Summary of ACCESS 2.0 Online Field Testing	The saideness submitted assume to make the manifestation of the
Processes to ensure that each	for Series 403 Listening and Reading	The evidence submitted seems to meet the requirements for this critical element.
academic assessment is tailored to the	r2.1-2 Folder Selection Graphs Listening 501	this crucal element.
knowledge and skills included in the	r2.1-2 Folder Selection Graphs Listening 301	
State's academic content	r2.1-3 Folder Selection Graphs Reading 501	DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA'S ELP
standards, reflects appropriate	12.1-3 Polder Selection Graphs Reading 301	submission is subject to a common peer review
inclusion of challenging content, and	r2.1-4 ACCESS for ELLs Series 402 Online	for all WIDA states, which was held in the
requires complex demonstrations or	Reading&Listening Item Difficulty Visualizations	Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA
applications of knowledge and skills	Reading & Listening Item Difficulty Visualizations	peer review notes.
(i.e., higher-order thinking skills).	r2.1-5 ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Assessment Proficiency	peer review notes.
If the State administers computer-	Level Scores Standard Setting Project Report	
adaptive assessments, the item pool	20,01 500105 Standard Setting 1 Toject Report	
and item selection procedures	r2.1-6 2018-19 WIDA Assessment Guidance	
adequately support the test design	2212 0 2010 17 (112111135655illoint Guidanee	
and intended uses and interpretations		
of results.	and the state of t	

 If the State administers a computer-adaptive assessment, it makes proficiency determinations with respect to the grade in which the student is enrolled and uses that determination for all reporting. If the State administers a content assessment that includes portfolios, such assessment may be partially administered through a portfolio but may not be <i>entirely</i> administered through a portfolio. 		
unough a portiono.		
Section 2.1 Summary Statement		
_X No additional evidence is required or		
DEPARTMENT NOTE: IND	DIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common	peer review for all WIDA states, which was held
in the Winter of 2021. Please	see the attached WIDA peer review notes.	

Critical Element 2.2 – Item Development

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State uses reasonable and technically	2.2-2 The ASSETS Consortium English Language	Evidence provided for ACCESS:
sound procedures to develop and select	Proficiency Assessment for Grades 1-12	• Evidence of reasonable and technically sound procedures
items to:		to develop and select items (e.g., timeline of development,
 Assess student achievement based 	2.2-3 ACCESS Test Development Cycle	qualifications of item writers, item-writing training, item
on the State's academic content		review processes and reviewer qualifications, field test
standards in terms of content and	2.2-11 Item Writing Handbook for ACCESS for ELLs	processes for each domain, and technical advisory
cognitive process, including higher-	2.0® Listening and Reading Assessments	committee review).
order thinking skills.		Evidence provided for the Alternate ACCESS:
	r2.2-1 ACCESS for ELLs® Test Development Cycle	• Evidence of reasonable and technically sound procedures
		to develop and select items to assess ELP (e.g.,
	r2.2-2 WIDA-ACCESS Test Development Team	involvement of experts with knowledge of ELs with
		significant cognitive disabilities)
		The evidence submitted seems to meet the requirements for
		this critical element.
		DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP
		submission is subject to a common peer review
		for all WIDA states, which was held in the
		Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA
		_
		peer review notes.
Section 2.2 Summary Statement		

Section 2.2 Summary Statement

_X__ No additional evidence is required or

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 2.3 – Test Administration

Critical Element Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State implements policies and procedures for standardized test administration; specifically, the State: Has established and communicates to educators clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations; Has established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of ELs, specialized instructional support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments, and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with disabilities; If the State administers technology-based assessments, the State has defined technology and other related requirements, included technology-based test administration in its standardized procedures for test administration, and established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test	For ACCESS: • Evidence is needed of established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test administration Document r2.3-2 identifies steps that be taken to minimize the likelihood of technology issues during test administration and r2.3-1 provides training for on-line administration but evidence of how technology challenges that do occur should be addressed was not found.

Critical Element 2.4 – Monitoring Test Administration

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State adequately monitors the administration of its State assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools. Monitoring of test administration should be demonstrated for all assessments in the State system: the general academic assessments and the AA-AAAS.		Met in prior peer review
Section 2.4 Summary Statement x No additional evidence is required; me		

Critical Element 2.5 - Test Security

 Prevention of any assessment irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident-reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration; Pretection of test irregularities: Table Pretest Workshop Slides irregularities (e.g., forensic concerns). For the Alternate ACCESS Evidence of policies and assessment irregularities, in security of test materials (be at time of test administration guidelines and administration guidelines and administration guidelines and administration procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, a training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration; Detection of test irregularities: 	
documented an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results through: • Prevention of any assessment irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident-reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration; • Detection of test irregularities; • Remediation following any test Provention Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State For ACCESS and the Alter Evidence of the investiga irregularities, eventuely, at time of test administration assessment irregularities, in security of test materials (but at time of test administration guidelines and administration guidelines and administration guidelines and administration assessment irregularities, in security of test materials (but at time of test administration guidelines and administration guidelines and administration assessment irregularities, in security of test materials (but at time of test administration guidelines and admin	Avidence
the State's assessments; Investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities. Application of test security procedures to all assessments in the State system: the general academic assessments and the AA-AAAS. According to the document documented and reported to plan for how it responds to According to the notes provided the system: According to the notes provided to plan for how it responds to the notes provided to plan for how it respo	tion of alleged or factual test analysis and plans to address: procedures that prevent acluding maintaining the oth during test development and on), proper test preparation on procedures, incident-equences for confirmed and requirements for annual achool levels for all individuals action. The Alternate ACCESS of protect the integrity of the test anchanged for the past several are irregularities in testing are to IDOE but needs to include a test irregularities. Vided, it would also seem the veon Test Security to anaging test security and lan is in place to implement a col in the future, one does not

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence of how it responds to testing irregularities

Critical Element 2.6 – Systems for Protecting Data Integrity and Privacy

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has policies and procedures in place to protect the integrity and confidentiality of its test materials, test-related data, and personally identifiable information, specifically: To protect the integrity of its test-related data in test administration, scoring, storage and use of results; To secure student-level assessment data and protect student privacy and confidentiality, including guidelines for districts and schools; To protect personally identifiable information about any individual student in reporting, including defining the minimum number of students necessary to allow reporting of scores for all students and student groups. 	r2.6-1 WIDA AMS Security and Confidentiality Agreement r2.6-2 Student Test Number Description r2.6-3 2018-2019 Code of Ethical Practices and Procedures	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Policies and procedures to protect the integrity of test- related data in test administration (e.g., how data are protected by all parties, including during handoffs). • Policies and procedures to maintain secure student-level data that protect student privacy and confidentiality (e.g., guidelines for districts and schools). The evidence submitted seems to meet this critical element Document r2.6-3 2018-2019 Code of Ethical Practices and Procedures provides evidence that procedures to maintain security at all levels are addressed.
Section 2.6 Summary Statement		-
·		
_X No additional evidence is required		

SECTION 3: TECHNICAL QUALITY – VALIDITY

Critical Element 3.1 - Overall Validity, Including Validity Based on Content

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate	r.1.2-4 Peer Review of IN WIDA Standards RFQ	For ACCESS:
overall validity evidence for its		• Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's
assessments consistent with nationally	r3.1-1 Conducting a series of alignment studies	ELP assessment and the ELP standards the assessment is
recognized professional and technical		designed to measure in terms of language knowledge and
testing standards. The State's validity		skills and the depth and breadth of the State's ELP
evidence includes evidence that:		standards across all proficiency levels, domains, and
		modalities identified therein.
The State's academic assessments		• Documentation of alignment between the State's ELP
measure the knowledge and skills		standards and the language demands implied by, or
specified in the State's academic content		explicitly stated in, the State's academic content standards.
standards, including:		For the Alternate ACCESS:
 Documentation of adequate 		• Evidence of adequate linkage to the State's ELP standards
alignment between the State's		in terms of content match (i.e., no unrelated content) and
assessments and the academic		that the breadth of content and linguistic complexity
content standards the assessments are		determined in test design is appropriate for ELs who are
designed to measure in terms of		students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.
content (i.e., knowledge and process),		The studies proposed in Document r3.1-1 appear to largely,
balance of content, and cognitive		and possibly completely, meet this requirement. The State
complexity;		must submit a description of what progress has been made
 Documentation that the assessments 		since the memo proposing the studies was written, and a
address the depth and breadth of the		plan and timeline for completing any unfinished elements.
content standards;		plan and unferme for completing any unfinished elements.
• If the State has adopted alternate		Overlaying the entirety of Section 3 is the Peers concern
academic achievement standards and		about the meaning of validity when there are discrepancies
administers alternate assessments		with the language/vocabulary used within the assessment.
aligned with those standards, the		Although this is not necessarily a concern to be addressed
assessments show adequate		in Section 3, it definitely is an issue that the State must
alignment to the State's academic		resolve.
content standards for the grade in		DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP
which the student is enrolled in terms		submission is subject to a common peer review
of content match (i.e., no unrelated		
content) and the breadth of content		for all WIDA states, which was held in the

and cognitive complexity determined in test design to be appropriate for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.	Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.
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Section 3.1 Summary Statement

- __x_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit a description of what progress has been made since the memo proposing a series of alignment studies was written, and a plan and timeline for completing any unfinished elements.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 3.2 – Validity Based on Cognitive Processes

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Citical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that its assessments tap: the intended cognitive processes appropriate for each grade level as represented in the State's academic content standards.	reference) 2.1-2 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series 401, 2016–2017 Administration r2.2-1 ACCESS for ELLs® Test Development Cycle r2.2-2 WIDA-ACCESS Test Development Team	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Adequate validity evidence that its assessments tap the intended language processes appropriate for each grade level/grade-band as represented in the State's ELP standards. It would seem that the documents provided indicated that there is adequate validity evidence that the assessments tap the intended processes appropriated for each grade level. However, it is unclear as how validity is reached if there are discrepancies with the language/vocabulary used within the assessment. Evidence for Alternate ACCESS was not found. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.
		peer review notes.

Section 3.2 Summary Statement

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit evidence that the Alternate ACCESS measures the intended cognitive processes.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 3.3 - Validity Based on Internal Structure

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of its assessments are consistent with the sub-domain structures of the State's academic content standards.	3.1-10 Exploring Domain-General and Domain-Specific Linguistic Knowledge in the Assessment of Academic English Language Proficiency 3.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Construct Validity Study 6.2-1 WIDA Consortium Report on 2016-2018 Boxplot Analyses Results	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of the assessments are consistent with the subdomain structures of the State's ELP standards (e.g., an explanation of how the included statistical analyses relate to the validity framework for the assessments). The documents provide evidence that scoring, and reporting structures are consistent for the ACCESS test only. The Peers note that there is currently being a study conduced on the Alternate ACCESS. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Section 3.3 Summary Statement

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit a plan and timeline for completion of the current study, as well as a timeline for reporting findings and actions taken.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 3.4 – Validity Based on Relations to Other Variables

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables.	3.4-8 The Bridge Study between Tests of English Language Proficiency and ACCESS for ELLs® 3.4-9 Intersections: Applied Linguistics as a Meeting Place	For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables. Document 3.4-8 pp6-23 and 3.4-9, pp 209-233 appear to meet this requirement for ACCESS. Evidence for Alternate ACCESS was not found. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Section 3.4 Summary Statement

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• Evidence that the State has documented adequate validity evidence that the State's Alternate ACCESS scores are related as expected with other variables. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

SECTION 4: TECHNICAL QUALITY - OTHER

Critical Element 4.1 – Reliability

Critical Element Evidence (Record document and page reference)	
	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate reliability evidence for its assessments for the following measures of reliability for the State's student population overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. If the State's assessment overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, including: • Test reliability of the State's assessment sestimated for its student population; • Overall and conditional standard error of measurement of the State's assessments, including any domain or component sub-tests, as applicable; • Consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment sproduce test forms with adequately precise estimates of a student's academic achievement.	CESS for ELLs® ncy Test, Series For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of test reliability, including: o Reliability by subgroups; o Consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment results; o Evidence that reliability statistics are used to inform ongoing maintenance and development. For ACCESS: • For computer-adaptive tests, evidence that the assessments produce test forms with adequately precise estimates of an EL's ELP. For the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of reliability, including test information functions for overall composite scores

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
		for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.
Section 11 Summary Statement		

Section 4.1 Summary Statement

__X_ No additional evidence is required or

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 4.2 - Fairness and Accessibility

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
For all State academic assessments, assessments should be developed, to the extent practicable, using the principles of universal design for learning (UDL) (see definition ¹). For academic content assessments, the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all students and fair across student groups in their design, development and analysis.	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 103, 2015–2016 Administration 2.2-16 Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement 2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test Administrator Manual r4.2-1 Bias Review Checklist r4.2-2 Bias & Sensitivity Review Training	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the assessments are accessible to all students and fair across student groups in design, development, and analysis (e.g., the implementation of universal design principles, to the extent practicable, during item development and review, and additional differential item functioning analyses to include more student subgroups). For the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all EL students and fair across student groups, including ELs with disabilities, in their design, development, and analysis, guidance and instructions on appropriate instructional supports that can be used during the assessment, particularly for Braille and alternate modes of communication The State notes that a DIF study regarding ACCESS is currently underway or may by this time have already been completed. The cited evidence appears to meet the requirements of the remaining requirements. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

¹ see page 28 of "A State's Guide to the U.S. Department of Education's Assessment Peer Review Process", September 24, 2018 available at: www.ed.gov/admins/lead/account/saa.html

Section 4.2 Summary Statement

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit the results of its DIF study once it is complete.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 4.3 - Full Performance Continuum

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has ensured that each assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum for academic assessments, including performance for high- and low-achieving students.		For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that each assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum for ELP assessments, including performance for EL students with high and low levels of ELP.
		The State noted in Critical Element 4.1 that WIDA is working to increase the precision of the performance estimates generate by ACCESS. Evidence addressing the same concerns for Alternate ACCESS was not found. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Section 4.3 Summary Statement

- __X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit evidence from WIDA concerning the precision of the ACCESS performance estimates when it is available.
 - The State must address this Critical Element for Alternate ACCESS.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

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Critical Element 4.4 - Scoring

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Ziement	,	
The State has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its assessments that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's academic achievement standards.	reference) 2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test Administrator Manual r4.4-1 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Test Administration Tutorial r4.4-2 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs™ Writing Scoring Guide r4.4-3 Maintaining Rater Reliability in Scoring ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Paper Speaking Test r4.4-4 2019-2020 WIDA Guidance	State Documentation or Evidence For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that if an EL has a disability that precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the required domains/components (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) because there are no appropriate accommodations for the affected domain(s)/component(s), the State ensures that the student is assessed in the remaining domain(s)/component(s) in which it is possible to assess the student, including a description of how this will occur. For ACCESS: • Evidence of standardized scoring procedures and protocols that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's ELP standards (e.g., evidence that the scoring of speaking items on the paper form of the test is monitored.) For the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of the implementation of standardized scoring procedures and protocols (e.g., definitions of key terms an test administration and scoring procedures). There is evidence that Els that also receive special education, or 504 services will receive accommodations as indicated on their IEP or 504 plan according to
		documentation. Notes attached also state: WIDA assessments allow students with disabilities to take the individual domain tests that are pertinent to their capabilities to meaningfully engage with the assessment. WIDA provides guidance on exempting students from individual domains and interpreting test scores in such scenarios, but individual states set and apply testing policies.
		The State notes that, following TAC recommendations, a formal plan will be developed to ensure that EL students

	who cannot engage in all domains are tested in those in which they can engage. The State must provide evidence that this plan has been developed and adopted for ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS When students take Alternate ACCESS, all domains
	(Listening, Reading, Writing, and Speaking) are scored locally by test administrators in individual Student Response Booklets. Test administrators must prepare for the scoring of each of the sections by following guidance provided in the annually published <i>Test Administrator Manual</i> . [document 2.3-1]
	Evidence of cross-year comparability for Alternate ACCESS was not found. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.
Section 4.4 Summary Statement	

Section 4.4 Summary Statement

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit a plan and timeline for ensuring that EL students who cannot engage in all domains are tested in those in which they can engage
 - The State must submit evidence for the cross-year comparability of Alternate ACCESS administrations.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 4.5 – Multiple Assessment Forms

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
If the State administers multiple forms of	2.1-2 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs®	
academic assessments within a content	2.0 Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series	For ACCESS:
area and grade level, within or across	401, 2016–2017 Administration	• Evidence that all forms adequately represent the State's
school years, the State ensures that all		ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations
forms adequately represent the State's	2.1-5 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs®	such that the forms are comparable within and across
academic content standards and yield	2.0 Paper English Language Proficiency Test, Series	settings, particularly for the listening domain (e.g.,
consistent score interpretations such that	401, 2016–2017 Administration	rationales for why equating is not done for the paper
the forms are comparable within and		versions of the reading and listening domains and
across school years.	r4.5-1 Alternate ACCESS CDF Curves	rationales for the use of the anchor item sets).
		For the Alternate ACCESS:
		• Evidence that all forms adequately represent the State's
		ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations
		such that the forms are comparable within and across
		settings (e.g., evidence that using the same test items every
		year does not impact validity).
		The decree of the same in the
		The documents provide some evidence that all forms
		represented were studied, however there did not seem to be
		evidence presented that looked at the results of all the
		assessments within and across settings.
		Notes stated that Listening and Reading domains were
		consistent and comparable, for the pencil and paper version
		only. However it is unclear as to how the online version of
		the Listening domain test was equated with the paper and
		pencil version
		pench version
		The Peers acknowledge the State's position as to why the
		Alternate ACCESS 400 series CDF curve differs from the
		other two curves. We would be interested in knowing what
		other hypotheses the State considered and why they were
		not accepted.
		DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP
		submission is subject to a common peer review
		for all WIDA states, which was held in the

		Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.
Section 4.5 Summary Statement		
_X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:		
The State must submit evidence of comparability of the listening assessment formats.		
DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the		
Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.		

Critical Element 4.6 - Multiple Versions of an Assessment

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
If the State administers any of its assessments in multiple versions within a subject area (e.g., online versus paper-based delivery; or a native language version of the academic content assessment), grade level, or school year, the State: • Followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results for students tested across the versions of the assessments; • Documented adequate evidence of comparability of the meaning and interpretations of the assessment results.		No additional information required DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Section 4.6 Summary Statement

_X__ No additional evidence is required or

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 4.7 – Technical Analysis and Ongoing Maintenance

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State: Has a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system (i.e., general assessments and alternate assessments), and Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website.	1.2-4 Alignment Study between the Common Core State Standards in English Language Arts and Mathematics and the WIDA English Language Proficiency Standards, 2007 Edition, PreKindergarten through Grade 12 R1.3-1 Advancing ALTELLA: Alternate Assessment Redesign	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website. For the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system. Links were provided showing that testing information was posted on the States website. Other notes included steps the State is taking to ensure a system for monitoring, maintaining and improving the quality of the assessment system is in place. The Peers recognize the disruption caused by COVID in so many areas, and look forward to receiving the updated WIDA technical report when it is available. We also recognize that unforeseeable events may have severely disrupted plans and timelines (not to mention everything else), and look forward to the State providing evidence as soon as possible.
0 4 4 7 0 04 4	·	

Section 4.7 Summary Statement

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit the WIDA Technical Report when it becomes available.
 - The State must provide evidence of technical quality for the Alternate ACCESS when available.

SECTION 5: INCLUSION OF ALL STUDENTS

Critical Element 5.1 – Procedures for Including Students with Disabilities

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has in place procedures to ensure the inclusion of all public elementary and secondary school students with disabilities in the State's assessment system. Decisions about how to assess students with disabilities must be made by a student's IEP Team under IDEA, the placement team under Section 504, or the individual or team designated by a district to make that decision under Title II of the ADA, as applicable, based on each student's individual abilities and needs.	2.2-16 Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of policies that require the inclusion of an EL with a disability that precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the required domains (i.e., ensuring that the student will be assessed based on the remaining components in which it is possible to assess the student). Evidence for this Critical Element needs to be submitted by the State when it becomes available.
If a State adopts alternate academic achievement standards for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities and administers an alternate assessment aligned with those standards under ESEA section 1111(b)(1)(E) and (b)(2)(D), respectively, the State must: • Establish guidelines for determining whether to assess a student with an AA-AAAS, including: • A State definition of "students with the most significant cognitive disabilities" that addresses factors related to cognitive functioning and adaptive behavior; • Provide information for IEP Teams to inform decisions about student assessments that:		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 Provides a clear explanation of 		
the differences between		
assessments aligned with grade-		
level academic achievement		
standards and those aligned		
with alternate academic		
achievement standards,		
including any effects of State		
and local policies on a student's		
education resulting from taking		
an AA-AAAS, such as how		
participation in such		
assessments may delay or		
otherwise affect the student		
from completing the		
requirements for a regular high		
school diploma;		
• Ensure that parents of students		
assessed with an AA-AAAS are		
informed that their child's		
achievement will be measured based		
on alternate academic achievement		
standards;		
• Not preclude a student with the most		
significant cognitive disabilities who		
takes an AA-AAAS from attempting		
to complete the requirements for a		
regular high school diploma; and		
• Promote, consistent with		
requirements under the IDEA, the		
involvement and progress of students		
with the most significant cognitive		
disabilities in the general education		
curriculum that is based on the		
State's academic content standards		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
for the grade in which the student is		2
enrolled; and		
• Develop, disseminate information on,		
and promote the use of appropriate		
accommodations to ensure that a		
student with the most significant		
cognitive disabilities who does not		
take an AA-AAAS participates in		
academic instruction and assessments		
for the grade in which the student is enrolled.		
The State has in place and monitors		
implementation of guidelines for IEP		
teams to apply in determining, on a		
case-by-case basis, which students		
with the most significant cognitive		
disabilities will be assessed based on		
alternate academic achievement		
standards, if applicable. Such		
guidelines must be developed in		
accordance with 34 CFR § 200.6(d). ²		
Section 5.1 Summary Statement		

__X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• The State must submit evidence of how it provides for the inclusion of students with disabilities, when such evidence becomes available.

 $^{^2 \} See the full regulation at 34 \ CFR \ \S \ 200.6(d) \ (online at \ \underline{https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=07e168e9e7a6c5931b4549cc15547ee9\&mc=true\&node=se34.1.200_16\&rgn=div8)$

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element 5.2 – Procedures for Including English Learners in Academic Content Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Citical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has in place procedures to ensure the inclusion of all ELs in public elementary and secondary schools in the State's academic content assessments and clearly communicates this information to districts, schools, teachers, and parents, including, at a minimum: • Procedures for determining whether an EL should be assessed with a linguistic accommodation(s); • Information on accessibility tools and features available to all students	reference)	N/A
to the extent practicable, assessments in the language most likely to yield accurate and reliable information on what those students know and can do to determine the students' mastery of skills in academic content areas until		
the students have achieved English language proficiency. Section 5.2 Summary Statement N/A		

Critical Element 5.3 – Accommodations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State makes available appropriate	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE	SWW 200MINING OF 21740100
accommodations and ensures that its	ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test,	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS:
assessments are accessible to students	Series 103, 2015–2016 Administration	• Evidence that the provided accommodations:
with disabilities and ELs, including ELs		o Are appropriate and effective for meeting the individual
with disabilities. Specifically, the State:	2.2-16 Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement	student's need(s) to participate in the assessments.
 Ensures that appropriate 		o Do not alter the construct being assessed.
accommodations, such as,	2.2-17 The WIDA Accessibility and Accommodations	o Allow meaningful interpretations of results and
interoperability with, and ability to	Framework	comparison of scores for students who need and receive
use, assistive technology, are		accommodations and students who do not need and do not
available to measure the academic	2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test	receive accommodations.
achievement of students with	Administrator Manual	For the Alternate ACCESS:
disabilities.		• Evidence that appropriate accommodations are available
Ensures that appropriate	5.3-7 ACCESS FOR ELLs 2.0® Unique	for ELs
accommodations are available for	Accommodations Request Form	• Evidence that accommodations do not deny students with
ELs;		disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the
Has determined that the	r5.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Online Sample Items for	assessment.
accommodations it provides (1) are	the Public	
appropriate and effective for meeting		There is evidence provided that ELs are offered
the individual student's need(s) to	r5.3-2 CCSSO Accessibility Manual: How to	appropriated accommodations which include both the UDL
participate in the assessments, (2) do	Select, Administer, and Evaluate Use of	features and additions accommodations if necessary.
not alter the construct being assessed,	Accessibility Supports for Instruction and	There is also evidence that the State is continuing to
and (3) allow meaningful	Assessment of All Students	monitor this critical element in order to make
interpretations of results and		improvements.
comparison of scores for students	r5.3-3 Non-Standard Assessment Accommodation	
who need and receive	Request	The Peers recognize and strongly encourage the State and
accommodations and students who		WIDA in their current efforts to consider these issues not
do not need and do not receive	r5.3-4 2018-2019 Accessibility and	from a process framework, but as empirical questions.
accommodations;	Accommodations Guidance	
Has a process to individually review		DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP
and allow exceptional requests for a		submission is subject to a common peer review
small number of students who require		for all WIDA states, which was held in the
accommodations beyond those		· ·
routinely allowed.		Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA
 Ensures that accommodations for all 		peer review notes.
required assessments do not deny		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
students with disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the assessment and any benefits from participation in the assessment.		

Section 5.3 Summary Statement

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 - The State must submit a plan and timeline for making modifications to accommodations policies and procedures, along with evidence of the impact of implementing those changes.

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 5.4 – Monitoring Test Administration for Special Populations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State monitors test administration in		Met in prior peer review.
ts districts and schools to ensure that		
appropriate assessments, with or without		
accommodations, are selected for all		
tudents with disabilities and ELs so that		
hey are appropriately included in		
ssessments and receive accommodations		
hat are:		
• Consistent with the State's policies		
for accommodations;		
Appropriate for addressing a		
student's disability or language needs		
for each assessment administered;		
Consistent with accommodations		
provided to the students during		
instruction and/or practice;		
Consistent with the assessment		
accommodations identified by a		
student's IEP Team under IDEA,		
placement team convened under		
Section 504; or for students covered		
by Title II of the ADA, the individual		
or team designated by a district to		
make these decisions; or another		
process for an EL;		
Administered with fidelity to test		
administration procedures;		
Monitored for administrations of all		
required academic content		
assessments and AA-AAAS.		
Section 5.4 Summary Statement No additional evidence is required; met		

SECTION 6: ELP ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS AND REPORTING

Critical Element 6.1 – State Adoption of ELP Achievement Standards for All Students

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Citical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
For academic content standards:		
The State formally adopted challenging academic achievement standards in reading/language arts, mathematics, and science for all students, specifically: The State formally adopted academic achievement standards in the required tested grades and, at its option, alternate academic achievement standards for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities; The State applies its academic achievement standards to all public elementary and secondary school students enrolled in the grade to which they apply, with the exception of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities to whom alternate academic achievement standards may apply; The State's academic achievement standards and, as applicable, alternate academic achievement standards, include: (1) at least three levels of achievement, with two for high achievement and a third for lower achievement; (2) descriptions of the competencies associated with each achievement level; and (3) achievement scores that differentiate among the achievement levels.		For the Alternate ACCESS: • If the State has developed alternate ELP achievement standards, evidence that it has adopted them only for ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who cannot participate in the regular ELP assessment even with appropriate accommodations. Evidence for this Critical Element was not found.
Section 6.1 Summary Statement		
X_ The following additional evidence	e is needed/provide brief rationale:	

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
• The State must submit evidence that academic achievement standards have been adopted and apply to all students, or submit a plan and timeline for doing		
SO.		

Critical Element 6.2 - ELP Achievement Standards Setting

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State used a technically sound method and process that involved panelists with appropriate experience and expertise for setting: • Academic achievement standards and, as applicable, alternate academic achievement standards.	6.1-3 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Standard Setting Study: Technical Brief	For the Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the State used a technically sound method and process for setting ELP achievement standards, such that cut scores are developed for every grade/grade band, content domain/language domain, and/or composite for which proficiency-level scores are reported. There is evidence provided within the document that the State used a technically sound method and process for setting ELP achievement standards, such that cut scores are developed for every grade/grade band, content domain/language domain, and/or composite for which proficiency-level scores are reported for students taking ACCESS or the alternate ACCESS assessment. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Section 6.2 Summary Statement

_X__ No additional evidence is required or

DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 6.3 – Challenging and Aligned ELP Achievement Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For academic achievement standards: The State's academic achievement standards are challenging and aligned with the State's academic content standards and with entrance requirements for credit-bearing coursework in the system of public higher education in the State and relevant State career and technical education standards such that a student who scores at the proficient or above level has mastered what students are expected to know and be able to do by the time they graduate from high school in order to succeed in college and the workforce. If the State has adopted alternate academic achievement standards for students with the most significant	r3.1-1 Conducting a series of alignment studies	For ACCESS: • Evidence that ELP assessment results are expressed in terms that are clearly aligned with the State's ELP standards and its ELP performance level descriptors. For the Alternate ACCESS: • If the State has developed alternate ELP achievement standards, evidence that the alternate ELP achievement standards are linked to the State's grade-level/grade-band ELP standards and reflect professional judgment of the highest ELP achievement standards possible for ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities. Evidence for this critical element was not found. The Peers look forward to receiving this information when it is available. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review
cognitive disabilities, the alternate academic achievement standards (1) are aligned with the State's challenging academic content standards for the grade in which a student is enrolled; (2) promote access to the general curriculum consistent with the IDEA; (3) reflect professional judgment as to the highest possible standards achievable for such students; (4) are designated in the IEP for each student for whom alternate academic achievement standards apply; and (5) are aligned to ensure that a student who meets the alternate academic achievement standards is on track to pursue		for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
postsecondary education or competitive integrated employment.		

Section 6.3 Summary Statement

- _X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
- The State must submit evidence that its academic achievement standards are aligned with postsecondary education entrance requirements. DEPARTMENT NOTE: INDIANA's ELP submission is subject to a common peer review for all WIDA states, which was held in the Winter of 2021. Please see the attached WIDA peer review notes.

Critical Element 6.4 - Reporting

Critical Element 6.4 – Reporting	T 1 (D 11 4 1 #6 6 4	
Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State reports its assessment results for	6.4-2 ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs SPRING 2018	E ACCEGG 1.1 Alv. ACCEGG
all students assessed, and the reporting	Interpretive Gide for Score Reports Grades 1-12	For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS:
facilitates timely, appropriate, credible,		• Evidence that the State reports to the public its assessment
and defensible interpretations and uses of		results on ELP for all ELs including the number and
those results by parents, educators, State		percentage of ELs attaining ELP.
officials, policymakers and other		• Evidence that the State provides coherent and timely
stakeholders, and the public.		information about each student's attainment of the State's
		ELP standards to parents that are, to the extent practicable,
The State reports to the public its		written in a language that parents and guardians can
assessment results on student academic		understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written
achievement for all students and each		translations to a parent or guardian with limited English
student group at each achievement		proficiency, are orally translated for such parent or guardian.
level ³		• Evidence that student reports are, upon request by an
		individual with a disability, provided in an alternative
For academic content assessments , the		format accessible to that parent.
State reports assessment results, including		For the Alternate ACCESS:
itemized score analyses, to districts and		• Evidence that performance level descriptors are included
schools so that parents, teachers,		on student score reports.
principals, and administrators can		on student score reports.
interpret the results and address the		Document 6.4-2 pp. 14-28 and 32-34 appear to meet this
specific academic needs of students, and		requirement for both ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS
the State also provides interpretive guides		with regard to coherence and timeliness. Evidence for all
to support appropriate uses of the		remaining requested items was not found, We understand
assessment results.		that some of the responses are in process and look forward
• The State provides for the production		to receiving them upon completion of these studies.
and delivery of individual student		
interpretive, descriptive, and		
diagnostic reports after each		
administration of its academic		
content assessments that:		

³ Although all students with disabilities must be included in a State's assessment system, requirements for public reporting in ESEA section 1111(h)(1)(C)(ii) apply only to children with disabilities as defined in section 602(3) of the IDEA.

Critical Element		Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	D	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
0	Provide valid and reliable		
	information regarding a		
	student's academic		
	achievement;		
0	Report the student's academic		
	achievement in terms of the		
	State's grade-level academic		
	achievement standards;		
0	Provide information to help		
	parents, teachers, and principals		
	interpret the test results and		
	address the specific academic		
	needs of students;		
0	Are provided in an		
	understandable and uniform		
	format;		
0	Are, to the extent practicable,		
	written in a language that parents		
	and guardians can understand or,		
	if it is not practicable to provide		
	written translations to a parent or		
	guardian with limited English		
	proficiency, are orally translated		
	for such parent or guardian;		
0	Upon request by a parent who is		
	an individual with a disability as		
	defined by the ADA, as		
	amended, are provided in an		
	alternative format accessible to		
	that parent.		
The	e State follows a process and		
	eline for delivering individual		
	dent reports to parents, teachers,		
	principals as soon as practicable		
	er each test administration.		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
Section 6.4 Summary Statement		
X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:		
• The State must submit evidence that all aspects of this Critical Element have been met, or submit a plan and timeline for meeting them.		

U. S. Department of Education Peer Review of State Assessment Systems

January-March 2021 State ELP Assessment Peer Review Notes



U. S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education Washington, D.C. 20202

Note: Peer review notes provide the combined recommendations of the individual peers to the U.S. Department of Education (Department), based on the statute and regulations, the Department's peer review guidance, and the peers' professional judgement of the evidence submitted by the State. These assessment peer review notes, however, do not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for assessment peer review. Although the peer notes inform the Secretary's consideration of each State's assessment system, the Department makes the final decision regarding whether the assessment system meets the requirements in the statute and regulations. As a result, these peer notes may not completely align with the final determination made by the Department.

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SECTION 1: STATEWIDE SYSTEM OF STANDARDS AND ASSESSMENTS

Critical Element 1.1 – State Adoption of ELP Standards for All English Learners

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For English language proficiency (ELP) standards:		This critical element will be addressed by the state.
The State formally adopted K-12 ELP standards for all ELs in public schools in the State.		
Section 1.1 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]		

Critical Element 1.2 – Coherent and Progressive ELP Standards that Correspond to the State's Academic Content Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For ELP standards:	1.2-3	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by
The ELP standards:	2012 Amplification of The English Language	previous peer reviewers.
 are derived from the four 	Development Standards	
domains of speaking, listening,		For the State's ELP standards:
reading, and writing;	1.2-4	For Science, evidence that the English Language
 address the different proficiency 	Alignment Study between the Common Core State	Proficiency (ELP) standards contain language
levels of ELs; and	Standards in English Language Arts and Mathematics	proficiency expectations that reflect the language
 align to the State academic 	and the WIDA English Language Proficiency Standards,	needed for English Learners (ELs) to acquire and
content standards (see	2007 Edition, PreKindergarten through Grade 12	demonstrate their achievement of the knowledge and
definition ¹). The ELP standards	105	skills identified in the State's academic content
must contain language	1.2-5	standards appropriate to each grade-level/grade-band.
proficiency expectations that	K-12 English Language Development Standards	G •
reflect the language needed for	Validation 2016	Science The WHD A control of the A WHD A in the A W
ELs to acquire and demonstrate	r1.2-1	The WIDA consortium notes point out that WIDA is
their achievement of the	Alignment Between the Kentucky Core Content for	planning to do a science alignment study as part of an additional revision.
knowledge and skills identified	Assessment and the WIDA Consortium English	additional revision.
in the State's academic content	Language Proficiency Standards	Document r1.2-3 is a list of "can-do" statements; they are
standards appropriate to each grade-level/grade-band in at	Language Frontierey Standards	not the standards.
least reading/language arts,	r1.2-2	not the standards.
mathematics, and science.	Alignment Analysis of Key Practice Language	Evidence is not provided with regards to alignment to the
mathematics, and science.	Functions from the Framework for English Language	State academic content standards for science. According to
	Proficiency Development Standards corresponding to	WIDA Consortium Response (p. 3), "to date, there has not
•	the Common Core State Standards for English Language	been an alignment study between the ELPD Framework's
	Arts and Mathematics and the WIDA English Language	science key practices and the WIDA ELP Standards."
	Proficiency Standards, 2007 and 2012 Edition,	WIDA plans to conduct an alignment study in early spring,
	PreKindergarten through Grade 12; Correspondence	2021. The peers request that documentation submitted for
		this study include methods, findings, and a description of
	Analysis of Florida state Grade 12 Calculus Standards	any corrective action needed with a timeline for addressing
	and WIDA English Language Proficiency Standards	corrective action. The study should also explicitly lay out
		how independence in the alignment study was maintained

¹ see page 24 of "A State's Guide to the U.S. Department of Education's Assessment Peer Review Process", September 24, 2018 available at: www.ed.gov/admins/lead/account/saa.html

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	r.1.2-3	(given the alignment study will be conducted by an
	WIDA Can Do Descriptors, Key Uses Edition, Grades	affiliated organization - WCEPS).
		If the planned alignment study examines the relationship between the language requirements of NGSS and the ELP WIDA standards this would provide evidence for those states that have adopted NGSS. States that have not adopted NGSS would need to do an additional alignment
		study. Documentation of required alignment for non-NGS consortia members must be provided.
		Document r1.2-2 shows evidence of an alignment study between the key practice language functions (recount, explain, argue, discuss) from the ELPD Framework's English Language Arts and Mathematics and the WIDA ELP Standards. Results were not encouraging, particularly for pre-K to grade 2. In general, across all ELA and mathematics practices and all clusters, a majority of the DOK and range of knowledge acceptability findings did not meet the criterion of 75% (pp. 6-7).
		It concerns the peers that the alignment studies, the standards for ELP and the content standards are all from varying in years. Also, if a state is not using clear base CCSS, the provided evidence does not respond to the critical element (CE). To clarify: the peers would like to see documentation that the current WIDA standards are: 1 aligned in all areas as required to the current CCSS. 2) eac state must provide evidence either of using the version of CCSS that WIDA has provided alignment evidence to support, OR evidence of alignment to the current standards being used by the state.
		States will need to provide evidence of either using the version of CCSS that WIDA has provided alignment evidence to support or evidence of alignment to the standards being used by the state.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
Section 1.2 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: The peers are once again asking for the same evidence that was previously requested because evidence was not found that addressed the previous request.		
 For the State's ELP standards: For Science, evidence that the English Language Proficiency (ELP) standards contain language proficiency expectations that reflect the language needed for English Learners (ELs) to acquire and demonstrate their achievement of the knowledge and skills identified in the State's academic content standards appropriate to each grade-level/grade-band. For reading/language arts (R/LA) and mathematics, evidence of alignment of its current ELP standards to the State's academic content standards, including a plan to address findings of the previous alignment study 		

Critical Element 1.3 – Required Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence	
The State's assessment system includes an <i>annual general and alternate ELP assessment</i> (aligned with State ELP standards) administered to: • All ELs in grades K-12.	Reviewed by Department Staff Only	Reviewed by Department Staff Only	
Section 1.3 Summary Statement	Section 1.3 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]			

Critical Element 1.4 – Policies for Including All Students in Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
• The State has policies that require the inclusion of all public elementary and secondary ELs in the State's ELP assessment, including ELs with disabilities.	Reviewed by Department Staff Only	Reviewed by Department Staff Only
Section 1.4 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
 The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale] 		

Critical Element 1.5 – Meaningful Consultation in the Development of Challenging State Standards and Assessments

(Note: this is a new requirement under ESSA, so it does not apply to standards and assessments adopted prior to the passage of ESSA (December 2015)).

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	Reviewed by Department Staff Only	Reviewed by Department Staff Only
If the State has developed or amended	Reviewed by Department Staff Only	Reviewed by Department Staff Only
challenging <i>ELP</i> standards and		
assessments, the State has conducted		
meaningful and timely consultation with:		
• State leaders, including the Governor,		
members of the State legislature and		
State board of education (if the State		
has a State board of education).		
 Local educational agencies (including 		
those located in rural areas).		
Representatives of Indian tribes		
located in the State.		
• Teachers, principals, other school		
leaders, charter school leaders (if the		
State has charter schools), specialized		
instructional support personnel,		
paraprofessionals, administrators,		
other staff, and parents.		
Section 1.5 Summary Statement		•
No additional evidence is required or		

SECTION 2: ASSESSMENT SYSTEM OPERATIONS Critical Element 2.1 – Test Design and Development

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State's test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, aligns the	2.1-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 Spring 2017 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
 assessments to the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards, and includes: Statement(s) of the purposes of the assessments and the intended interpretations and uses of results; Test blueprints that describe the structure of each assessment in sufficient detail to support the development of assessments that are technically sound, measure the depth and breadth of the State's ELP 	2.1-2 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series 401, 2016–2017 Administration 2.1-3 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Spring 2017 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports 2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 103, 2015–2016	• Evidence that both assessments are aligned to the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards, including: o Statement of the purposes and intended uses of results. o Test blueprints. o Processes to ensure that the ELP assessment is tailored to the knowledge and skills included in the State's ELP standards and reflects appropriate inclusion of the range of complexity found in the standards (e.g., detail about the routing rules, detail of the item selection process for paper
 standards, and support the intended interpretations and uses of the results. Processes to ensure that the ELP assessment is tailored to the knowledge and skills included in the State's ELP standards and reflects appropriate inclusion of the range of complexity found in the standards. If the State administers computeradaptive assessments, the item pool 	Administration 2.2-8 Alternate ACCESS Form 100 Test Specifications r2.1-1 Summary of ACCESS 2.0 Online Field Testing for Series 403 Listening and Reading r2.1-2 Folder Selection Graphs Listening 501	forms to ensure it adheres to the blueprint). General statements of the purposes and intended uses of results for ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS is found in documents 2.1-1 (p.3 & 7-12) and 2.1-2 (p. 5); however, specific details like determinations of levels and the meaning and purpose of the levels are not provided. Identification of students who have attained EL proficiency (exit decisions) are mentioned in the technical report (2.2-1), but the description of the purpose does not include the richness of how this assessment is being used in the field.
and item selection procedures adequately support the test design and intended uses and interpretations of results. If the State administers a computer- adaptive assessment, it makes proficiency determinations with respect to the grade in which the student is enrolled and uses that	r2.1-3 Folder Selection Graphs Reading 501 r2.1-4 ACCESS for ELLs Series 402 Online Reading & Listening Item Difficulty Visualizations r2.1-5 ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Assessment Proficiency Level	richness of how this assessment is being used in the field provision of services, accommodations decision, etc.) WIDA needs to provide more structure with regard to usage and intended purposes. The original peer notes state: "Because decision rules vary by state, states will need to address how the scores are used and interpreted for their students." It is still unclear how the states address this. Document 2.1-2 (p. 22) describes a process to create test

determination for all reporting.	Scores Standard Setting Project Report	maps and blueprints to ensure that all folders are aligned to
If the State administers a content	Secret Standard Secting 110,000 100poil	the proper WIDA Standard and properly organized by
assessment that includes portfolios, such		WIDA Standard and tier in the test maps. The peers did not
assessment may be partially administered		find a clear test blueprint that specified how the assessment
through a portfolio but may not be		is constructed to represent the breadth and depth of the
entirely administered through a portfolio.		standards, and the cognitive complexity.
entropy warmingstrate and again a permenter		sumumas, und the cognitive comprehensy.
		As specified in the critical element, the blueprints should support the intended interpretations and uses of the results. The current evidence does not support how the test is
		constructed with regard to the 8 scores on the student reports.
		Typically, minimum/maximum number of items in each standard/subdomain is included in the blueprint.
		It was unclear how the five standards are taken and turned into the four subscales.
		The issues identified by the peers were the same for ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS. Additionally, there were two issues identified below for ACCESS.
		For ACCESS:
		• Evidence that the item pool and item selection procedures adequately support the multi-stage adaptive administrations.
		R2.1-1 there is not an explanation for or justification of the negative item difficulties on stage 7. For example, Reading Grades 2-3 Stage 9 has a higher average item difficulty than Stage 10. Another example is item 28 stated item difficulty is out of the typical range. Peers had questions as to the average item difficulty across stages and grade spans. The submitted evidence requires more explanation to allow
		the peers to understand if the submitted evidence meets the critical element.

R2.1-2 and r2.1-3 indicate that the tiers represent increasing levels of difficulty and provide information on how folders are replaced. There is no indication of the sufficiency of the item pool to support the multi-tiered selection process. • Evidence that proficiency determinations are made with respect to the grade in which the student is enrolled. Document r.2.1-5 (pp. 32-40) provides evidence that proficiency determinations are made on vertically-equated scale scores that take into account the grade in which the student is enrolled, but the document does not contain a firm positive statement that determinations are based on grade when grade banding is used for this assessment. This critical element also indicates that all reporting must also be by assigned grade. The use of grade bands may create overly ambitious language demands at the lowest grade level in the band, and be too low at the highest grade level in the band. If state academic content standards are graded, then the language demands would also be graded, which would make it difficult to show alignment between the content standards and the assessment.

Section 2.1 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS and the Alternate ACCESS:

- Evidence that both assessments are aligned to the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards, including:
- o Statement of the purposes and intended uses of results.
- o Test blueprints.
- o Processes to ensure that the ELP assessment is tailored to the knowledge and skills included in the State's ELP standards and reflects appropriate inclusion of the range of complexity found in the standards (e.g., detail about the routing rules, detail of the item selection process for paper forms to ensure it adheres to the blueprint).

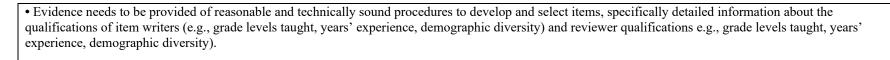
For ACCESS:

- Evidence that the item pool and item selection procedures adequately support the multi-stage adaptive administrations.
- Evidence that proficiency determinations are made with respect to the grade in which the student is enrolled.

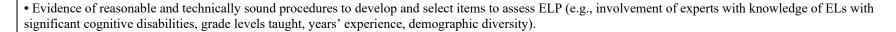
Critical Element 2.2 – Item Development

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Tl. C4.4	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State uses reasonable and technically	2.2-2	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by
sound procedures to develop and select	The ASSETS Consortium English Language	previous peer reviewers.
items to:	Proficiency Assessment for Grades 1-12	
 Assess student English language proficiency based on the <i>State's</i> 	2.2-3	For ACCESS:
ELP standards in terms of content and language processes.	ACCESS Test Development Cycle	• Evidence of reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items (e.g., timeline of development,
and language processes.	2.2-11	qualifications of item writers, item-writing training, item
	Item Writing Handbook for ACCESS for ELLs 2.0®	review processes and reviewer qualifications, field test
	Listening and Reading Assessments	processes for each domain, and technical advisory
	Listening and Reading Assessments	committee (TAC) review).
	r2.2-1	commutee (TAC) review).
	ACCESS for ELLs® Test Development Cycle	Document 2.2-2 (pp. 14-21) provides evidence of test
	ACCESS for ELLS® Test Development Cycle	
	-2.2.2	design principles, including simplicity and consistency,
	r2.2-2	construct fidelity, age-level appropriateness, bias and
	WIDA-ACCESS Test Development Team	sensitivity, accessibility. Document 2.2-11 provides
		guidance to external item writers on developing Listening
		and Reading items for ACCESS. R2.2-2 gives minimum
		qualifications but does not give evidence of the
		qualifications of the ACTUAL item writers.
		Document r2.2-1 provides information on the procedures to
		develop and select items as part of the annual plan for
		operational item refreshment. The section on Item Writing
		provides evidence that only individuals who have
		successfully completed item writing training are selected to
		write items. Items undergo a multi-step process that
		includes reviews regarding content and cognitive
		complexity alignment, sensitivity and fairness, and field
		testing (pp. 9-10). WIDA's ACCESS for ELLs Technical
		Advisory Committee (TAC) provides support, reviews all
		test-related technical reports, and advises on the
		psychometric issues of testing and any proposed policy
		changes with psychometric implications. (p. 36).
		changes with psycholicule implications. (p. 50).

	Though some information is provided in the previously described document, and although the selected item writers are typically current teachers in WIDA Consortium states (r2.2-1, p. 9), the provided documentation does not meet the request. What are the grade levels of the teachers? How many years of experience do they have? What content do these teachers teach? Do these teachers have experience with EL students? What is the demographic diversity of the recruited teachers?. For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to assess ELP (e.g., involvement of experts with knowledge of ELs with significant cognitive disabilities). Evidence was not found by the peers which indicated whether experts with knowledge of ELs with significant cognitive disabilities were included in item development. The WIDA response (p. 9) states that WIDA does not refresh Alternate ACCESS items annually. The items were first operationally administered in 2014 and have been used annually since that year. WIDA notes that item development and test specs are in revision. WIDA is planning "an initial draft of new item development materials" for July of 2021. Upon resubmission, the draft should be submitted to the Department for review.
Section 2.2 Summary Statement	
No additional evidence is required or	
X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:	
For ACCESS:	



For Alternate ACCESS:



Critical Element 2.3 – Test Administration

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
The State implements policies and procedures for standardized test administration; specifically, the State: • Has established and communicates to educators clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations; • Has established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of ELs, specialized instructional support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments, and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with disabilities; • If the State administers technology-based assessments, the State has defined technology and other related requirements, included technology-based test administration in its standardized procedures for test administration, and established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test administration.	2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test Administrator Manual r2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Overview for Test Coordinators r2.3-2 Technology User Guide	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of established communication to educators of clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations (e.g., guidelines or recommended qualifications of test administrators including volunteers, training of volunteers, and qualifications and training for the human providers of accommodations). 2.3-1 provides evidence for the dissemination and implementation of standardized test administration policies and procedures to familiarize Test Coordinators with the components of the ACCESS (pp. 1-139) Document r2.3-1 provides evidence of procedures to familiarize Test Coordinators with the components of the ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 test, Training Requirements and Resources, Test Preparation Resources, and Coordinating the Grades 1-12 online and paper tests. The peers did not find evidence regarding guidelines for individuals who are actually administering the assessment and for individuals who provide accommodations. 2.3-1 (p. 11) indicates that all test administrators must complete training, but the peers did not find the requirements for test administrators or the accommodation providers (e.g., Must the individuals be certified? . Can other school staff be used?non-employees or

	volunteers). If this varies by state, each state should provide evidence regarding who can administer the assessment and provide accommodations.
	The peers did not find information about whether volunteers are allowed (the peers DO NOT recommend the use of volunteers); but, if they are allowed, information needs to be provided about how communication is provided for them.
	• Evidence of established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of ELs, specialized instruction support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments, and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with disabilities (e.g., content of training modules, evidence that training is required for test administrators and evidence of participation in such training).
	2.3-1 provides evidence of standardized test administration policies and procedures to familiarize Test Coordinators with the components of the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS (pp. 140-165). The peers did not find evidence regarding how the consortia ensures that the individuals who administer the assessment are properly trained (e.g., training rosters, percentage of test administrators who were properly trained, a description of the process for reviewing the training of the test administrators), as well as a plan for addressing any issues identified.
	For ACCESS: Evidence of established contingency plans to address possible technology challenges during test administration.
Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily	R2.4-1 is a troubleshooting guide that helps, but it does not reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any that a

		provide the level guidance necessary to ensure smooth continuance in the event of a technology issue (e.g., when computer locks up, power flashes off, etc.). No evidence of specific procedures is provided for catastrophic disruptions of online testing, such as power outages, fire, storms, death, etc., or what to do in the case of online pauses, loss of Internet connectivity, and other disruptions.
Section 2.3 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
_X The following additional evidence is r	needed/provide brief rationale:	
For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
• Evidence of established communication to educators of clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations (e.g., guidelines or recommended qualifications of test administrators including volunteers if used, training of volunteers if used, and qualifications and training for the human providers of accommodations).		
• Evidence of established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of ELs, specialized instruction support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments, and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with disabilities (e.g., content of training modules, evidence that training is required for test administrators and evidence of participation in such training).		
For ACCESS: Evidence of established comprehensive contingency plans to address possible technology challenges and other catastrophic events during test administration.		

Critical Element 2.4 – Monitoring Test Administration

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State adequately monitors the administration of its State assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools. Monitoring of test administration should be demonstrated for all assessments in the State system: the general ELP assessments and the AELPA.	Reviewed by Department Staff Only	Reviewed by Department Staff Only
Section 2.4 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]		

Critical Element 2.5 - Test Security

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has implemented and documented an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results through: • Prevention of any assessment irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident-reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration; • Detection of test irregularities; • Remediation following any test security incidents involving any of the State's assessments; • Investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities. • Application of test security procedures to the general ELP assessments and the AELPA.	2.3-7 2018-2019 Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies r2.5-1 Caveon Web Patrol Health Check and Key Insights r2.5-2 Caveon Test Security Audit Report for WIDA r2.5-3 Caveon Data Forensics Report r2.5-4 WIDA Psychometric Research Plan on Data Forensics	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of policies and procedures that prevent assessment irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration. o Specifically, evidence for Alternate ACCESS of policies and procedures to protect the integrity of the test given that the test form is unchanged for the past several years. • Evidence of detection of test irregularities. • Evidence of remediation following any test security incidents. • Evidence of the investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities (e.g., forensic analysis and plans to address concerns). WIDA has contracted the services of a test security vendor (Caveon) to help prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results. Evidence is not provided that the Caveon services and audits included the Alternate ACCESS. It is good that WIDA has contracted with a test security organization. However, security audits and the other submitted evidence do not address this critical element. This critical element requires evidence of "policies and

	procedures"
	procedures
	Caveon has conducted a number of test and security audits, including a security audit of the assessment cycle from item development to score reporting (r2.5-2) and a data forensics analysis of student and test data for the 2019-2020 assessment year (r.2.5-3). There have been no widespread security breaches, though findings from this analysis identified security anomalies in one district and three states.
	The peers routinely see policies that require item developers to sign a confidentiality agreement, and an example of this confidentiality agreement is often included in submitted evidence. Also, routinely the peers see policies and procedures stating the consequences and actions taken when a test security violation occurs. Typical test maintenance involves monitoring of item drift that could indicate a security breech. Follow-up procedures were not described when security breaches were found.
	WIDA has plans to continue web security and data forensic analyses with this vendor in 2021 (r2.5-4). It is unclear how WIDA works with the states on the follow-up investigation and how this is communicated to the states. It would be helpful to see updated Test Policy Handbook for State Education Agencies (2.3-7). Also, an SOW or plan for how data forensics will be handled would be important. This documentation would include requirements for training (e.g., yearly). The peers would like to see established test security policies and procedures.
Section 2.5 Summary Statement	
No additional evidence is required or	
X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:	
For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS.	

- Evidence of policies and procedures that prevent assessment irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration.
 - o Specifically, evidence for Alternate ACCESS of policies and procedures to protect the integrity of the test given that the test form is unchanged for the past several years.
- Evidence of detection of test irregularities (e.g., failure to provide accommodations, documentation of how test irregularities are reported).
- Evidence of remediation following any test security incidents.
- Evidence of the investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities.

Critical Element 2.6 – Systems for Protecting Data Integrity and Privacy

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
•	reference) and procedures in egrity and st materials, test-nally identifiable ly: egrity of its test-administration, and use of results; elevel assessment udent privacy and cluding guidelines chools; ally identifiable any individual r2.6-1 WIDA AMS Security and Confidentiality Agreement	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Policies and procedures to protect the integrity of test-related data in test administration (e.g., how data are protected by all parties, including during handoffs). The online WIDA AMS Security and Confidentiality Agreement (r2.6-1) is a one-page form that provides evidence of general procedures that approved users must follow when handling data. This agreement specifies that users must follow FERPA; however, actual policies on
To protect personally identifiable information about any individual student in reporting, including defining the minimum number of students necessary to allow reporting of scores for all students and student		
groups.		It is unclear which assessments the security and confidentiality agreement provided as evidence (r2.6.1) applied to. Does it apply to both the ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS?
		Policies and procedures to maintain secure student-level data that protect student privacy and confidentiality (e.g., guidelines for districts and schools).
		The provided evidence does not fully respond to the original request based on the peer review. Specifically, there is not a discussion or documentation of the procedures in place to ensure the data in protected. For example, the process of passing student data from testing device to the servers scoring and storing data. When reports

		are being created, what are the technical methods being used to ensure the person accessing is the actual authorized user? This peer panel is not rendering judgement on minimum nsize. This will be addressed by the individual states in the consortium.
Section 2.6 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
X_ The following additional evidence is	needed/provide brief rationale:	
For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
• Policies and procedures to protect the inte	grity of test-related data in test administration (e.g., how dat	a are protected by all parties, including during handoffs).
• Policies and procedures to maintain secure student-level data that protect student privacy and confidentiality (e.g., guidelines for districts and schools).		

SECTION 3: TECHNICAL QUALITY - VALIDITY

Critical Element 3.1 – Overall Validity, Including Validity Based on Content

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate overall validity evidence for its	r3.1-1 Executive Committee Notes – 3/3/20	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. The State's validity evidence includes evidence that:	r3.1-2 Alternate ACCESS and Alternate Model Performance Indicator Alignment Studies Report	For ACCESS: • Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's ELP assessment and the ELP standards
The State's ELP assessments measure the knowledge and skills specified in the	r3.1-3 Draft Alternate Can Do Descriptors	the assessment is designed to measure in terms of language knowledge and skills and the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards across all proficiency levels, domains, and modalities identified therein.
 State's ELP standards, including: Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's ELP assessment and the ELP standards the assessment is designed to measure in terms of language knowledge and skills, the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards, across all proficiency levels, domains, and modalities identified therein; Documentation of alignment (as defined) between the State's ELP standards and the language demands 		 Documentation of alignment between the State's ELP standards and the language demands implied by, or explicitly stated in, the State's academic content standards. Due to the pandemic, planned alignment studies have not yet taken place. r3.1-1 (p. 5) provides evidence of alignment studies tentatively set for the spring/summer of 2021, including an alignment study of the: online and paper versions of ACCESS to the WIDA 2007 and 2012 ELP Standards WIDA Standards to State Content Standards
 implied by, or explicitly stated in, the State's academic content standards; If the State administers an AELPA aligned with alternate ELP achievement standards, the assessment shows adequate linkage to the State's ELP standards in terms of content match (i.e., no unrelated content) and that the breadth of content and linguistic complexity 		The proposed alignment study only appears to address part of the issues found in the original peer review. The proposed study should give evidence of alignment between the assessment and the consortium's developed standards, there is no guarantee the state has adopted the WIDA standards as their ELP standards. Caution must be used to ensure that the alignment study applies to the state when being considered during a state review. Consideration must be given to states that have modified CCSS as their content standards to ensure the ELP standards meet the language

determined in test design is	demands of the adopted state content standards.
appropriate for ELs who are students	
with the most significant cognitive disabilities.	Documentation should also be provided that explicitly lays out how independence in the alignment study was maintained (given the alignment study will be conducted by an affiliated organization - WCEPS).
	For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of adequate linkage to the State's ELP standards in terms of content match (i.e., no unrelated content) and that the breadth of content and linguistic complexity determined in test design is appropriate for ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities
	The alignment between the alternate assessment, and the 2007 and 2012 standards gives a lot of flex in the alignment since the consortium is not clearly stating a single set of standards. It is also worthy of note that the newest of those standards were updated 8 years ago.
	R3.1-2 documents the alignment study conducted between 1) the Alternate ACCESS and the Model performance indicators and 2) the alternate (APIs) and model performance indicators (MPIs). Page 11 in the summary provides the criteria for the study. On page 26, there is a discussion of the findings. Specifically, none of the alt ACCESS assessments include writing tasks related to the math strand. It seems like this is an alignment issue if the assessment is supposed to measure all the standards across the language proficiency levels. Results were mixed (pp. 24-26). For example, the alignment study found that "the Alternate ACCESS was "acceptably aligned," to WIDA's AMPIs", while the linking study "did not identify AMPIs linked to WIDA's language of Social Studies Standards." Results will be used to support ongoing maintenance and new Alternate ACCESS item development (p. 26).
	Document r3.1-3 provides evidence of draft Alternate Can

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Do Descriptors created at a 2019 WIDA's national,

	invitational meeting to support educators in the instruction of ELs with the most significant cognitive disabilities. Page 16 of the WIDA Consortium Response states that this "work is also being used to both update WIDA's original
	AMPIs, including expectations in the area of the language of Social Studies, and to support new AMPI development." Providing the list of can-do descriptors does not support the validity of them.
	It would be helpful to see more specifics such as a timeline for when these findings will be addressed and details about how a stakeholder discussion would be conducted around the acceptability of "current item limitations and variation by grade" (p. 26).
	Note: USDOE specifies that the alignment study is independent. R3.1-2 (Table 6, p. 6) indicates that WIDA staff facilitated the panels even though on page 24, it states that facilitators didn't participate in ratings/discussions In future alignment studies, provide clarity regarding how independence was ensured.
	As WIDA moves forward with the redesign processes, the consortia should be cognizant of the impact on alignment.
Section 3.1 Summary Statement	
No additional evidence is required or	
X_ The following additional evidence is no	peded/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS:

- Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's current ELP assessment and the current ELP standards the assessment is designed to measure in terms of language knowledge and skills and the depth and breadth of the State's ELP standards across all proficiency levels, domains, and modalities identified therein.
- Documentation of alignment between the State's current ELP standards and the language demands implied by, or explicitly stated in, the State's current academic content standards.

For Alternate ACCESS:

• Evidence of adequate linkage to the State's ELP standards in terms of content match (i.e., no unrelated content) and that the breadth of content and linguistic

complexity determined in test design is appropriate for ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.		
Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should		

Critical Element 3.2 – Validity Based on Linguistic Processes

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate	2.1-2	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
validity evidence that its assessments tap	Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0	previous peer reviewers.
the intended language processes appropriate for each grade level/grade-	Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series 401, 2016–2017 Administration	For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Adequate validity evidence that its assessments tap the
band as represented in the State's ELP standards.	r2.2-1	intended language processes appropriate for each grade level/grade-band as represented in the State's ELP
	ACCESS for ELLs® Test Development Cycle	standards.
	r2.2-2	<u>ACCESS</u>
	WIDA-ACCESS Test Development Team	The provided evidence does not address the requests from the original peer review. The evidence does not support the assertion that the assessment taps the intended linguistic processes for each grade or grade cluster. While document r2.2-1 (p. 9, pp. 11-12) provides evidence of procedures associated with the test development cycle to ensure that ACCESS content is appropriate to each grade-level cluster, and document r2.2-2 identifies experience working with ELs as a requisite for some positions in the test development team, there is no specific evidence in these documents about actual procedures or expertise designed to evaluate the linguistic complexity of the vocabulary, graphics and other content features of an item that could impact the measurement of the intended language processes. The peers were concerned that language development experts appear not to have been included in the panel making expert judgment. The peers suggest being explicit between how the items are reviewed and who does the review process. The reviewers' judgement as to the language process being demonstrated should also be captured.
		Alternate ACCESS

	Evidence for this CE needs to be provided for the Alternate ACCESS. It was unclear how evidence provided applies to the Alternate ACCESS.
Section 3.2 Summary Statement	
No additional evidence is required or	
X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:	
ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: lequate validity evidence that its assessments tap the intended language processes appropriate for each grade level/grade-band as represented in the State's ELI dards.	

Critical Element 3.3 – Validity Based on Internal Structure

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the scoring and	3.1-10 Exploring Domain-General and Domain-Specific	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
reporting structures of its assessments are consistent with the sub-domain structures of the State's <i>ELP standards</i> on which	Linguistic Knowledge in the Assessment of Academic English Language Proficiency	For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:
the intended interpretations and uses of results are based.	3.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Construct Validity Study	• Evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of the assessments are consistent with the subdomain structures of
	6.2-1 WIDA Consortium Report on 2016-2018 Boxplot	the State's ELP standards (e.g., an explanation of how the included statistical analyses relate to the validity framework for the assessments).
	Analyses Results	The studies in R3.3-1 and 3.3-1 are appreciated and do
	r.3.3-1	explore the higher-level structures. The CE requires
	Alternate ACCESS for ELLs (Alt-ACCESS)	evidence that the 4 domains being scored are separate
	Construct Validity Study	domains and not repeatedly scoring the same domain or a significantly overlapping domain multiple times. The
		structural equation models (SEM) analysis presented does
		not clearly speak to the issue and does not provide an
		explanation of how the study is evidence of 4 separate domains scored separately in the 4 sub-scores. The
		exploratory factor analysis indicates the presence of one
		strong factor with some overlap between the next two factors. The reporting and use of subscores for instructional
		decisions is not supported by the evidence provided.

Section 3.3 Summary Statement

___ No additional evidence is required or

X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:

• Evidence that the scoring and reporting structures of the assessments are consistent with the subdomain structures of the State's ELP standards (e.g., an explanation of how the included statistical analyses relate to the validity framework for the assessments).

Critical Element 3.4 – Validity Based on Relations to Other Variables

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the State's	3.4-8 The Bridge Study between Tests of English	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
assessment scores are related as expected with other variables.	Language Proficiency and ACCESS for ELLs® 3.4-9	For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:
	Intersections: Applied Linguistics as a Meeting Place	• Adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables.
	r3.4-1 Examining the relationship between the WIDA	ACCESS
	Screener and ACCESS for ELLs assessments	The new study (r3.4-1) was helpful and provides evidence of relationships between ACCESS and the WIDA screener. It provides evidence that scores on Screener provide an initial measure of a student's academic English language proficiency (p. 5), are strongly predictive of ACCESS scores.
		3.4-8 provides limited evidence and predates the current WIDA assessment (study date is 2006).
		3.4-9 (page 220) shows the results of a structural equation model (SEM) indicating relationships to math achievement (criterion validity). This relationship could indicate a problematic issue with the measure because high correlations between varying disciplines could indicate measuring the wrong construct. Year of study is unknown. Because WIDA has gone through so many iterations of its standards, it was difficult to know which set of standards was being studied.
		Studies showing how the ACCESS scores are correlated to screener scores or other EL assessments does not provide the necessary evidence. The evidence needs to show that students who score higher on ACCESS also perform better on (for example) state ELA content assessments. The

• Adequate validity evidence that the State' linguistic measures).	assessment scores are related as expected with other variables (e.g., relationship between ACCESS scores and other
For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:	
_X The following additional evidence is	needed/provide brief rationale:
No additional evidence is required or	
Section 3.4 Summary Statement	<u>'</u>
	Alternate ACCESS No evidence was submitted for this type of validity for the Alternate ACCESS.
	Like many CE's this evidence is easier to provide and develop if there is a strong relationship between the assessments, the content standards, and a Theory of Action. This relationship becomes the foundation for the validity
	studies need to be performed using a current set of the assessments. The point of this CE is to provide valid evidence supporting the assertion that the ACCESS assessments are measuring the ELP constructs in ways that impact student performance on related measures.

SECTION 4: TECHNICAL QUALITY - OTHER

Critical Element 4.1 – Reliability

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate reliability evidence for its assessments for	2.1-2 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
the following measures of reliability for the State's student population overall and each student group consistent with	401, 2016–2017 Administration	For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:
nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. If the State's	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS	 Evidence of test reliability, including: o Reliability by subgroups;
assessments are implemented in multiple States, measures of reliability for the	for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 103, 2015–2016 Administration	o Consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment
assessment overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized	2.1-5 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0	results; o Evidence that reliability statistics are used to inform
professional and technical testing standards, including: Test reliability of the State's	Paper English Language Proficiency Test, Series 401, 2016–2017 Administration	ongoing maintenance and development.
assessments estimated for its student population (for ELP assessments, including any domain or component sub-tests, as applicable); Overall and conditional standard error of measurement of the State's	2.1-6 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 403, 2018–2019 Administration	For ACCESS, WIDA's latest editions of the Annual Technical Report (2018-2019) provides evidence of subgroup test reliability by gender, ethnicity and IEP status for the online test (r4.1-2, pp. 2-289 to 2-295) and the paper test (r4.1-4, pp. 2-411 to 2-418). The peers would
assessments, including any domain or component sub-tests, as applicable;	r4.1-1 Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0	recommend looking at reliability by home language and SES.
Consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification	Paper English Language Proficiency Test, Series 403, 2018–2019 Administration	For ACCESS, WIDA's latest editions of the Annual Technical Report (2018-2019) provides a) evidence of
decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment results;	r4.1-5 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test,	overall indices related to the accuracy and consistency of classification, as well as Cohen's kappa; b) accuracy and consistency information conditional on proficiency level,
• For computer-adaptive tests,	Series 403, 2018-2019 Administration	and c) indices of classification accuracy, including the false-positives and the false-negatives, and consistency at
evidence that the assessments produce test forms with adequately precise estimates of <i>an EL's English proficiency</i> .	r4.1-6 Using Multistage Testing to Enhance Measurement of an English Language	the cut points for the online test (r4.1-2, pp. 2-316 to 2-341, and the paper test (r4.1-4, pp. 2-437 to 2-466).

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Callent Divinolit	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
	Proficiency Test	WIDA's latest editions of the Annual Technical Report
		(2018-2019) provides evidence of test information function
	r4.1-7	(TIF) curves to inform item selection and forms creation to
	Figures for Using Multistage Testing to Enhance	target each test form to the intended proficiency levels for
	Measurement of an English Language	the online test (r4.1-2, pp. 2-263 to 2-286) and for the paper
	Proficiency Test	test (r4.1-4, pp. 2-369 to 2-408). However, the provided
		TIF curves for writing call many assumptions about the
		assessment into question. The almost bimodal nature is not normally seen in a well-functioning assessment. These
		same concerns are repeated for Speaking. Additionally, the
		cut scores for the speaking preA are so far away from the
		area of high accuracy that it calls into question the
		usefulness of the preA speaking assessment.
		accommend of the profit opening accommend
		The issue is that the TIFs show that the test is information
		function is not always highest at the upper levels of the PLs
		see r4.1-2 page 277-279). Also, accuracy and consistency
		measures for some composite scores and domains appeared
		low (see for example r4.1-2 p. 2-138).
		The provided evidence does not fulfill the request from the
		initial peer review and does not support the assertion that
		the assessments being reviewed met this CE.
		• For computer-adaptive tests, evidence that the
		assessments produce test forms with adequately precise
		estimates of an EL's ELP.
		According to the WIDA submission notes: "Each year in
		April and May, WIDA and its test
		development vendor (Center for Applied
		Linguistics) establish an annual refreshment
		plan for ACCESS for ELLs. The purpose of this
		plan is to identify slots within the multi-stage adaptive design where new folders of items and
		tasks should be developed. WIDA commits to
		consistently target high PL Listening items over
0 : 1 1 : 11 11 1	e 1 the evidence requested by the neer reviewers does not necessarily	

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
		the course of the next two to three years, until
		the gaps in the item pool are filled. This plan will
		assist in deepening the pool of items that
		appropriately target PLs 5 and 6 on Listening." The peers
		would like to see evidence that items at the various levels
		were actually produced and put into the bank.
		For Alternate ACCESS:
		Evidence of reliability, including test information
		functions (TIFs) for overall composite scores.
		R4.1-5 provides TIFs for the alternate ACCESS but the results were not compelling as evidence of the reliability of the assessment. In particular, peers noted that the cut scores are not in typical locations for a TIF curve. Further explanation or an action plan would be needed for this evidence to become sufficient.
		R4.1-5 provides TIFs for the four domains but not for the overall test. The peers would like to see this evidence.

Section 4.1 Summary Statement

No additional evidence is required or

X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:

- Evidence of test reliability, including:
- o Acceptable consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment results, or a plan to improve the consistency and accuracy;
- o Evidence that reliability statistics are used to inform ongoing maintenance and development.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For ACCESS:		
• For computer-adaptive tests, evidence that the assessments produce test forms with adequately precise estimates of an EL's ELP.		
For Alternate ACCESS:		
• Evidence of reliability, including test information functions (TIFs) for overall composite scores.		

Critical Element 4.2 – Fairness and Accessibility

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
For all State ELP assessments, assessments should be developed, to the	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
extent practicable, using the principles of universal design for learning (UDL) (see definition ²).	103, 2015–2016 Administration	For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:
definition).	2.2-16	• Evidence that the assessments are accessible to all
	Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement	students and fair across student groups in design,
For ELP assessments, the State has taken		development, and analysis (e.g., the implementation of
reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure	2.3-1	universal design principles, to the extent practicable, during
that its assessments are accessible to all	ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test Administrator Manual	item development and review, and additional differential item functioning (DIF) analyses to include more student
EL students and fair across student	Administrator Manuar	subgroups).
groups, including ELs with disabilities, in	r4.2-1	subgroups).
their design, development, and analysis.	Bias Review Checklist	Documents r4.2-3 (reading and listening only) and r4.1-5
		provide evidence of evaluation bias through DIF analysis
	r4.2-2	of performance by gender and ethnicity (students of
	Bias & Sensitivity Review Training	Hispanic ethnic background versus students of non-
	r4.2-3	Hispanic ethnic background) and impact analysis on subgroup. Document r4.2-3 provides evidence that WIDA
	Comparison of DIF methods 10	is conducting a study on differential item functioning (DIF)
	companion of 2 if motive up 10	based on disability status (i.e., IEP status) to examine
		whether the questions are biased against students with IEP
		accommodations (p. 1). It is an attempt to address fairness
		and accessibility for a variety of students. Study results are
		expected to be completed by February 2021.
		There is limited evidence in either the ACCESS or
		Alternate ACCESS technical manuals that DIF analyses are
		conducted beyond ethnicity and gender (r4.1-2 and r4.1-5).
		Document r4.1-5 provides evidence of DIF analyses to

² see page 28 of "A State's Guide to the U.S. Department of Education's Assessment Peer Review Process", September 24, 2018 available at: www.ed.gov/admins/lead/account/saa.html

compare the performance of students on the Alternate ACCESS by gender and ethnicity (students of Hispanic ethnic background versus students of non-Hispanic ethnic background). The focus on Hispanic students (and not additional racial/ethnic groups) is a limitation of the study.
Evidence provided of bias and sensitivity review training and checklists (r4.2-1 and 2).
The peers could not find information about Universal Design during item development and review for the ACCESS or Alternate ACCESS. Nor was there in any discussion of methods used to ensure equal access of ELs with disabilities who have different needs and characteristics (r2.2-1).
The peers typically see evidence for this CE that includes the number of items flagged for bias and the results of the bias review for these items.
For Alternate ACCESS:
• Evidence that the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all EL students and fair across student groups, including Els with disabilities, in their design, development, and analysis, guidance and instructions on appropriate instructional supports that can be used during the assessment, particularly for Braille and alternate modes of communication.
Alternate ACCESS appears not to meet federal requirements. The WIDA response states that "Alternate ACCESS is not provided in Braille or any alternate mode of communication."

Section 4.2 Summary Statement
No additional evidence is required or

X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the assessments are accessible to all students and fair across student groups in design, development, and analysis (e.g., the implementation of universal design principles, to the extent practicable, during item development and review, and additional differential item functioning (DIF) analyses to include more student subgroups). For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all EL students and fair across student groups, including Els with disabilities, in their design, development, and analysis, guidance and instructions on appropriate instructional supports that can be used during the assessment, particularly for Braille and alternate modes of communication.

Critical Element 4.3 – Full Performance Continuum

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Carrent Element	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
Critical Element The State has ensured that each assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum for <i>ELP assessments</i> , including performance for EL students with high and low levels of English language proficiency and with different proficiency profiles across the domains of speaking, listening, reading, and writing.	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	
		tests might not be adequately measuring students across the continuum of abilities especially in higher grades (page 263 for discussion of TIF). The WIDA response for this CE referred to CE 4.1. WIDA's response to CE 4.1 does not provide sufficient evidence to support the assertion that the assessments provide adequately precise estimates of student performance across the full performance continuum. In fact, the peers are concerned that the opposite is true; the provided evidence elucidates the problems with the estimates of student performance on these assessments. Evidence was not provided for the Alternate ACCESS.
		In addition to previously requested evidence, the peers recommend that WIDA also include the remediation plan for correcting the varying inaccuracy of estimates identified in the evidence the consortium provided in responding to element 4.1.

Section 4.3 Summary Statement

No additional evidence is required or

X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:

• Evidence that each assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum for ELP assessments, including performance for EL students with high and low levels of ELP.

Critical Element 4.4 - Scoring

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its assessments (and for ELP assessments, any applicable domain or component sub-tests) that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's ELP standards. For ELP assessments, if an English learner has a disability that precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the required domains/components (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) such that there are no appropriate accommodations for the affected domain(s)/component(s), the State must provide a description of how it will ensure that the student is assessed in the remaining domain(s)/component(s) in which it is possible to assess the student, and a description of how this will occur. ³	2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test Administrator Manual 4.4-7 Less Than Four Domains_ Creating an Overall Composite Score for English Learners with Individualized Education Plans r4.4-1 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs Test Administration Tutorial r4.4-2 Alternate ACCESS for ELLs™ Writing Scoring Guide r4.4-3 Maintaining Rater Reliability in Scoring ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Paper Speaking Test	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that if an EL has a disability that precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the required domains/components (listening, speaking, reading, and writing) because there are no appropriate accommodations for the affected domain(s)/component(s), the State ensures that the student is assessed in the remaining domain(s)/component(s) in which it is possible to assess the student, including a description of how this will occur. WIDA's notes discuss states setting and applying testing policy. A paper was provided to guide states in selecting a method for creating a composite score (4.4-7) WIDA provided documentation about the scoring of the speaking test and shows the certification process for the raters (p. 4-5, r4.4-3). There was information on how states could monitor speaking scores on pages 5-6. WIDA does not monitor these scores. The application of local scoring procedures and protocols is ultimately under direction and authority of each member state. Which, if accurate, would mean that each state using the assessment needs to submit evidence of scoring procedures and protocols to meet this CE. For ACCESS:
		For ACCESS: • Evidence of standardized scoring procedures and protocols that are designed to produce reliable and

 $^{^3}$ See full reference in regulation, 34 CFR $\$ 200.6(h)(4)(ii) (online at $\underline{\text{https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID}} = 0.76168e9e7a6c5931b4549cc15547ee9\&mc=true\&node=se34.1.200_16\&rgn=div8})$

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's ELP standards (e.g., evidence that the scoring of speaking items on the paper form of the test is monitored).

r4.4-3 provides evidence of standardized scoring procedures and protocols to produce reliable results and interpretation of spoken response scored in real time by the test administrator on the paper form of the ACCESS Speaking test, and that the scores are reported according to the WIDA English language proficiency standards. The procedures and protocols include quality controls for interrater reliability to ascertain how often readers are in exact, adjacent, and nonadjacent agreement with each other, ensuring that an acceptable agreement rate is maintained. WIDA considers a minimally acceptable rate of reliability to be 70% (p. 2). No evidence was provided that there was consistent monitoring of scoring of speaking items on the paper form.

As a way to verify the accuracy of scoring, it would have been helpful if WIDA had provided an example of an internal report containing daily and cumulative inter-rater reliability agreement results for the scoring of the paper form of the Speaking test. Also, evidence of invalidation of test scores that reflect improbable gains and that cannot be satisfactorily explained through changes in student populations or instruction would be helpful.

For Alternate ACCESS:

• Evidence of the implementation of standardized scoring procedures and protocols (e.g., definitions of key terms and test administration and scoring procedures).

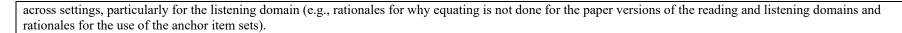
The application of local scoring procedures and protocols is ultimately under direction and authority of each member state. Which, if accurate, would mean that each state using the assessment needs to submit evidence of scoring

		procedures and protocols to meet this CE.
Section 4.4 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
X_ The following additional evidence is r	needed/provide brief rationale:	
For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:		
and writing) because there are no appropriat	precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the accommodations for the affected domain(s)/components it is possible to assess the student, including a description	
For ACCESS:		
C 1	res and protocols that are designed to produce reliable and ment results in terms of the State's ELP standards (e.g., ev	I meaningful results, facilitate vidence that the scoring of speaking items on the paper form of
For Alternate ACCESS:		
• Evidence of the implementation of standard	dized scoring procedures and protocols (e.g., definitions of	of key terms and test administration and scoring procedures).

Critical Element 4.5 – Multiple Assessment Forms

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence		
If the State administers multiple forms of	2.1-2	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by		
ELP assessments within or across grade-	Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0	previous peer reviewers.		
spans, ELP levels, or school years, the	Online English Language Proficiency Test, Series	provides peer reviewers.		
State ensures that all forms adequately represent the State's <i>ELP standards</i> and	401, 2016–2017 Administration	For ACCESS:		
yield consistent score interpretations such	2.1-5	• Evidence that all forms adequately represent the State's		
that the forms are comparable within and	Annual Technical Report for ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0	ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations		
across settings.	Paper English Language Proficiency Test, Series	such that the forms are comparable within and across		
	401, 2016–2017 Administration	settings, particularly for the listening domain (e.g.,		
		rationales for why equating is not done for the paper		
	r4.5-1	versions of the reading and listening domains and		
	Alternate ACCESS CDF Curves	rationales for the use of the anchor item sets).		
		Document 2.1.2 (pp. 54-56) provides evidence of a		
		procedure known as common-item equating to ensure the		
		comparability of results on new forms to the older forms.		
		comparation of results on new forms to the order forms.		
		Page 29 of the WIDA Response states that when the		
		"online version of ACCESS was created, the Listening		
		domain test was equated with that of the paper version		
		using a common-person linking method, as there were no		
		common Listening items between versions in the first year		
		of ACCESS Online." In the first year there were no		
		Listening items, but these many years later, it would be		
		expected that data would be provided for Listening. Since		
		WIDA reports on four domains, it appears that the		
		foundation of the assessment is based on the separation of		
		those skills and abilities. Assuming the four domains		
		represent different content, it is important to equate across		
		all four domains.		
		Page 29 of the WIDA Response also states that the		
		"Reading domain tests were linked using anchor item sets,		
		ensuring the online version of the test maintained the same		
		scale as the paper version."		

		The way the paper version is treated either makes it a different form or a different version. Thus, either here or in 4.6 the equating needs to be addressed to meet one or the other CE's. The grade span forms and changes by school year are not adequately addressed in the provided evidence. For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that all forms adequately represent the State's ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations such that the forms are comparable within and across settings (e.g., evidence that using the same test items every year does not impact validity). r4.5-1 shows scale scores by proportions of students for each form of Alternate ACCESS. The curves do not provide evidence that the forms represent the ELP standards. WIDA provided evidence of comparability in terms of score distribution but it is not responsive to the request. It would be helpful to have the results of the linking study and a plan for equating to ensure there has not been drift over time. In short, using the same items for 7 years is normally considered a risk to validity which then calls into question the ability to provide consistent score interpretations.
Section 4.5 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
X The following additional evidence is no	reded/provide brief rationale:	
For ACCESS:		
• Evidence that all forms adequately represe	nt the State's ELP standards and yield consistent score inter	pretations such that the forms are comparable within and



For Alternate ACCESS:

• Evidence that all forms adequately represent the State's ELP standards and yield consistent score interpretations such that the forms are comparable within and across settings (e.g., evidence that using the same test items every year does not impact validity).

Critical Element 4.6 – Multiple Versions of an Assessment

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
If the State administers any of its assessments in multiple versions within a subject area (e.g., online versus paper-based delivery), grade level, or school year, the State: • Followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results for students tested across the versions of the assessments; • Documented adequate evidence of comparability of the meaning and interpretations of the assessment results.	r4.6-1 Exploring Scoring Discrepancies in ACCESS Writing Assessments: Why do handwritten responses score higher than keyboard responses? (Poster) 4.6-6 Series 400 ACCESS Paper and Online Comparability Report r4.6-2 Draft comparability report ACCESS501 effect size graph	This CE was met in the initial submission
Section 4.6 Summary Statement		
_X No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is no		

Critical Element 4.7 – Technical Analysis and Ongoing Maintenance

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence		
 Has a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system (i.e., general assessments and alternate assessments), and Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website. 	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 103, 2015–2016 Administration r1.3-1 Advancing ALTELLA: Alternate Assessment Redesign	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website. WIDA response (p. 32) states that "each member state takes responsibility for making the technical quality of the ACCESS tests available to the public". To support this effort, WIDA provides redacted versions of the Annual Technical Report available to member states to post publicly." Documents r4.1-2 is an example of the full annual technical report for ACCESS. Document r4.1-5 is an example of the full annual technical report for Alternate ACCESS. Since WIDA is deferring this requirement to the states, the states must meet this requirement. For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system. Evidence was found that WIDA received a grant to do this, however, a grant is not going to fund the recurring cycle. Evidence could not be found in r1.3-1 that the redesign would result in a "system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system".		

Section 4.7 Summary Statement ___ No additional evidence is required or __X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website. (If WIDA is differing than states will need to meet this CE). For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system.

SECTION 5: INCLUSION OF ALL STUDENTS

Critical Element 5.1 – Procedures for Including Students with Disabilities

Citical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has in place procedures to 2.	2.2-16 Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence of policies that require the inclusion of an EL with a disability that precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the required domains (i.e., ensuring that the student will be assessed based on the remaining components in which it is possible to assess the student Document 2.2-16 (p. 4) provides evidence of the participation expectations for all ELs with disabilities. WIDA's accessibility supplement/manual is in process of being revised. This evidence was insufficient during the previous peer review and it is still insufficient. There needs to be evidence of a clear policy requiring students to take as many domains as they are capable of participating in, and a procedure for producing an overall score based on the domains assessed. The WIDA response indicates that a revised accessibility supplement/manual will be released in Fall, 2021, but the delay caused students in 2020 to lack the inclusion that these guidelines would allow. According to WIDA response (p. 26), "Alternate ACCESS is not provided in Braille or any alternate mode of communication."

⁴ For ELP peer review, this refers to ELs with disabilities.

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence	
Section 5.1 Summary Statement			
No additional evidence is required or			
X The following additional evidence is For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:	needed/provide brief rationale:		
• Evidence of policies that require the inclusion of an EL with a disability that precludes assessment of the student in one or more of the required domains (i.e., ensuring that the student will be assessed based on the remaining components in which it is possible to assess the student.			

Critical Element 5.2 - DOES NOT APPLY to ELP Assessment Peer Review

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
 Note: This critical element does not apply to ELP assessments, as the requirements only apply to the inclusion of ELs in <u>academic</u> <u>assessments</u>. 		
Section 5.2 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is no • [list additional evidence needed w/		

Critical Element 5.3 – Accommodations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence		
The State makes available appropriate accommodations and ensures that its assessments are accessible to students with disabilities and ELs, including ELs with disabilities. Specifically, the State: • Ensures that appropriate accommodations are available for ELs; • Has determined that the accommodations it provides (1) are appropriate and effective for meeting the individual student's need(s) to	2.1-4 Annual Technical Report for ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs® English Language Proficiency Test, Series 103, 2015–2016 Administration 2.2-16 Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement 2.2-17 The WIDA Accessibility and Accommodations Framework	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the provided accommodations: o Are appropriate and effective for meeting the individual student's need(s) to participate in the assessments. o Do not alter the construct being assessed. o Allow meaningful interpretations of results and comparison of scores for students who need and receive		
participate in the assessments, (2) do not alter the construct being assessed, and (3) allow meaningful interpretations of results and comparison of scores for students who need and receive accommodations and students who do not need and do not receive accommodations;	2.3-1 ACCESS for ELLs® 2.0 2016-2017 Test Administrator Manual 5.3-7 ACCESS FOR ELLs 2.0® Unique Accommodations Request Form r5.3-1	accommodations and students who do not need and do not receive accommodations. It is unclear if WIDA requires all states to implement accommodations as outlined in the provided evidence or if states are permitted to alter these. ACCESS		
 Has a process to individually review and allow exceptional requests for a small number of students who require accommodations beyond those routinely allowed. Ensures that accommodations for all required assessments do not deny students with disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the assessment and any benefits from participation in the assessment. 	ACCESS for ELLs 2.0 Online Sample Items for the Public r5.3-2 CCSSO Accessibility Manual: How to Select, Administer, and Evaluate Use of Accessibility Supports for Instruction and Assessment of All Students r5.3-3 WIDA Research Agenda Supporting English Learners with Disabilities	Document 5.3-3 provides evidence of WIDA's research studies at various stages of completion to verify the appropriateness and effectiveness of allowable accommodations to allow student participation in the WIDA assessments. For example, Page 6 provides evidence of an Accessibility and Accommodations use studies scheduled for summer 2021 to investigate 1) the efficacy of ACCESS's current accommodations; 2) common practices across the consortium in selecting accessibility tools and accommodations for students taking ACCESS; and 3) how IEP team members understand and differentiate accessibility tools and accommodations for English		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
		Evidence not yet available.
		Document r4.1-2 (p. 35) states that accommodations should not "affect the validity and reliability of the interpretation of the scores for their intended purposes." Similarly, document 2.2-16 (p. 6) states that accessibility supports identified as likely to compromise the validity of the assessment and invalidate students' results are excluded from the Accessibility and Accommodations Supplement. However, neither documents provide evidence of what procedures are used to accomplish this goal.
		WIDA is currently developing evaluation tools for the assessment using the updated CCSSO Accessibility Manual. The work will be completed in 2021. WIDA should submit documentation to peer review when completed.
		WIDA has provided a timeline and comprehensive research agenda for supporting ELs with disabilities. These studies will address important information across a range of topics including DIF, reporting, performance differences for Els with and without accommodations.
		The submitted evidence is hopeful, yet it is insufficient to meet the requirements of this CE at this time.
		Alternate ACCESS Evidence specific to the Alternate ACCESS not found.
		• Evidence of a process to individually review and allow exceptional requests for a small number of students who require accommodations beyond those routinely allowed.
		5.3.7 provides a process for other accommodations to be considered for ACCESS (but not specifically Alternate ACCESS.)

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence		
		For Alternate ACCESS:		
		• Evidence that appropriate accommodations are available for ELs.		
		Evidence specific to Alternate ACCESS was not found.		
		• Evidence that accommodations do not deny students with disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the assessment		
		Evidence specific to Alternate ACCESS was not found.		

Section 5.3 Summary Statement

3. T	1 1 1 1 1	• 1	•		
Nο	additional	evidence	1S T	eauired	or
110	aaammam	e , raciice	10 1	equiteu	01

___ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:

- Evidence that the provided accommodations:
- o Are appropriate and effective for meeting the individual student's need(s) to participate in the assessments.
- o Do not alter the construct being assessed.
- o Allow meaningful interpretations of results and comparison of scores for students who need and receive accommodations and students who do not need and do not receive accommodations.

For Alternate ACCESS:

- Evidence that appropriate accommodations are available for ELs.
- Evidence that accommodations do not deny students with disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the assessment
- Evidence of a process to individually review and allow exceptional requests for a small number of students who require accommodations beyond those routinely allowed.

Critical Element 5.4 – Monitoring Test Administration for Special Populations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State monitors test administration in	reterence)	The CE requires state specific evidence to meet.
ts districts and schools to ensure that		
appropriate assessments, with or without		
accommodations, are selected for all		
students with disabilities and ELs so that		
they are appropriately included in		
assessments and receive accommodations		
that are:		
 Consistent with the State's policies 		
for accommodations;		
 Appropriate for addressing a 		
student's disability or language needs		
for each assessment administered;		
 Consistent with accommodations 		
provided to the students during		
instruction and/or practice;		
Consistent with the assessment		
accommodations identified by a		
student's IEP Team under IDEA,		
placement team convened under		
Section 504; or for students covered		
by Title II of the ADA, the individual		
or team designated by a district to		
make these decisions; or another		
process for an EL;		
• Administered with fidelity to test		
administration procedures;		
Monitored for administrations of all		
required ELP assessments, and		
AELPA.		
ALLIA.		
Section 5 1 Summary Statement		
Section 5.4 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The following additional evidence is no • [list additional evidence needed w/	±	

SECTION 6: ELP ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS AND REPORTING

Critical Element 6.1 – State Adoption of ELP Achievement Standards for All Students

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For ELP standards: The State adopted ELP achievement standards that address the different proficiency levels of ELs; If the State has developed alternate ELP achievement standards, it has adopted them only for ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who cannot participate in the regular ELP assessment even with appropriate accommodations.		The CE requires state specific evidence to meet.
Section 6.1 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is no	peded/provide brief rationale:	
[list additional evidence needed water a state of the content	•	

Critical Element 6.2 – ELP Achievement Standards Setting

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Element	reference)	
Critical Element The State used a technically sound method and process that involved panelists with appropriate experience and expertise for setting: • ELP achievement standards and, as applicable, alternate ELP achievement standards, such that: • Cut scores are developed for every grade/grade band, content domain/language domain, and/or composite for which proficiency-level scores are reported.	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For Alternate ACCESS: • Evidence that the State used a technically sound method and process for setting ELP achievement standards, such that cut scores are developed for every grade/grade band, content domain/language domain, and/or composite for which proficiency-level scores are reported. Document 6.1-3 (pp. 12-15) provides evidence of a procedure based on a series of logistic regression analyses to derive cut scores for the Alternate ACCESS proficiency levels. In addition to the cut scores for each domain, cut scores were also determined for four composite scores: Oral Language, Comprehension, Literacy, and Overall. The derivation of cut scores was based on the rationale that the English language proficiency development of students with
		Oral Language, Comprehension, Literacy, and Overall. The derivation of cut scores was based on the rationale that the English language proficiency development of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities does not increase dramatically from one grade level to the next, and that the same cut scores are used for all grade clusters (from grades 1 to 12) by domain to help detect growth in English language proficiency from year to year. Table 6-A presents the cuts for four domain scores and four composite scores
		 (p. 15). Sufficient data were not presented. For example, it a logistic regression was done, the logistic regression should be shown in the report. CE 6.2 requires that "cut scores are developed for every grade/grade band, content domain/language domain, and/or composite for which proficiency-level scores are reported." Document r6.2-1 provides evidence of a WIDA's study to support states' reclassification criteria for students who participate in Alternate ACCESS. To this end, the study

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
		examined the relationship between Alternate ACCESS and Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM), a content assessment for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities used in several WIDA states. Findings from the study showed that the Alternate ACCESS overall composite proficiency level of P2 (Emerging) best indicates that a student will receive an At Target or Advanced performance level on DLM ELA, mathematics and science assessments (p. 16). The study presented is interesting, however it appears DLM assigns performance levels against grade level standards, not a single standard across multiple grade levels. This is a reclassification study, not a standard setting study.
Section 6.2 Summary Stater	nent	
No additional evidence is requi	red or	
X_ The following additional evic	dence is needed/provide brief rationale:	
For Alternate ACCESS:		

• Evidence that the State used a technically sound method and process for setting ELP achievement standards, such that cut scores are developed for every grade/grade band, content domain/language domain, and/or composite for which proficiency-level scores are reported.

Critical Element 6.3 – Aligned ELP Achievement Standards

For ELP achievement standards: The State has ensured that ELP conducting assessment results are expressed in terms that are clearly aligned with the State's	g a series of alignment studies	State Documentation or Evidence The blue text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers.
The State has ensured that ELP assessment results are expressed in terms	g a series of alignment studies	
assessment results are expressed in terms	g a series of alignment studies	previous peer reviewers.
that are clearly aligned with the State's		
		For ACCESS:
ELP standards, and its ELP performance-		
level descriptors.		Evidence that ELP assessment results are expressed in
		terms that are clearly aligned with the State's ELP
If the State has adopted alternate ELP		standards and its ELP performance level descriptors.
achievement standards for ELs who are		
students with the most significant		Studies described have not yet been completed. Document
cognitive disabilities, the alternate ELP		r3.1-1 provides evidence of proposed WIDA's studies to
achievement standards should be linked to		ensure that ELP assessment results are expressed in terms
the State's grade-level/grade-band ELP		that are clearly aligned with the State's ELP standards and
standards, and should reflect professional		its ELP performance-level descriptors. The proposed work
judgment of the highest ELP achievement		includes a) an alignment study in Summer 2021 of the
standards possible for ELs who are		online and paper versions of ACCESS to the WIDA 2007
students with the most significant		and 2012 ELP Standards, and b) a Spring 2021
cognitive disabilities.		correspondence study between WIDA's ELP Standards and
		state career and college ready science standards.
		,
		The evidence provided by the state does not address the
		requested evidence from the initial peer review. In short,
		alignment studies will not demonstrate that the process for
		developing performance level descriptors was done in a
		technically appropriate manner as in the industry standard
		methods and the requirements of this CE.
		For Alternate ACCESS:
		If the State has developed alternate ELP achievement
		standards, evidence that the alternate ELP achievement
		standards are linked to the State's grade-level/grade-
		band ELP standards and reflect professional judgment
		of the highest ELP achievement standards possible for

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
		ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.
		Document r3.1-2 provides evidence of the relationship between the Alternate ACCESS and WIDA's ELP standards (see Critical Element 3.1 above) based on a 2020 two-part study designed to 1) explore the alignment between Alternate ACCESS and the Alternate Model Performance Indicators (AMPIs), assessable downward extensions of the Model Performance Indicators (MPIs) from ELP standards; and 2) examine the linkage between the AMPIs and MPIs.
		The WIDA response to this request referred to CE 3.1 which WIDA did not provide sufficient evidence to meet. This lack of sufficient evidence also applies to this CE.

Section 6.3 Summary Statement

No additional evidence is required or

X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS:

• Evidence that ELP assessment results are expressed in terms that are clearly aligned with the State's ELP standards and its ELP performance level descriptors.

For Alternate ACCESS:

• If the State has developed alternate ELP achievement standards, evidence that the alternate ELP achievement standards are linked to the State's grade-level/grade-band ELP standards and reflect professional judgment of the highest ELP achievement standards possible for ELs who are students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.

Critical Element 6.4 - Reporting

The State reports its assessment results for all students assessed, and the reporting facilitates timely, appropriate, credible, and defensible interpretations and uses of those results by parents, educators, State officials, policymakers and other stakeholders, and the public. The State reports to the public its assessment results on English language proficiency for all ELs including the number and percentage of ELs attaining ELP. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: • Reports the ELS' English proficiency in terms of the State's grade level/grade-band ELP standards (including performance-level descriptors); • Are provided in an understandable and uniform format; • Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are with provided provided in an alternative format accessible to that parent. 6.4-3 ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs SPRING 2018 Interpretive Guide for Score Reports Grades 1-12 6.4-1 ADI-PPT-Notes-10.25.19, See pp.1.5, 16, 24-26. 76.4-1 ADI-PPT-Notes-10.25.19, See pp.1.5, 16, 24-26. 76.4-2 LEA-Notes-12.11.19, See pp. 4, 5. 76.4-3 ADI-Notes-12.19.19, See p.1. 76.4-1 The provided response contains no evidence that WIDA faccilitates timely interpretations and use of results nor provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the ELP standards which were two of the text is the additional evidence requested by previous peer reviewers. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: 6.4-1 ADI-PPT-Notes-10.25.19, Se	Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
industates thirty, appropriate, electrone, and defensible interpretations and uses of those results by parents, educators, State officials, policymakers and other stakeholders, and the public. The State reports to the public its assessment results on English language proficiency for all ELs including the number and percentage of ELs attaining ELP. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: See p.1. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: See p.1. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: See p.1. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: See p.1. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: See p.1. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: See p.1. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that are, to the extent practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency in disability, provided in an alternative of format accessible to that parent. The provided response contains no evidence that WIDA facilitates timely interpretations and uses of floate stakeholders, and the public. For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS: *Evidence that the State's grade that the State betate stakeholders, and the public. *Evidence that the State's reporting of its stakeholders, and the public. *Evidence that the State		6.4-3 ALTERNATE ACCESS for ELLs SPRING 2018	The blue text is the additional evidence requested by
See p. 15, 16, 24-26. **ADI-PPT-Notes-10.25.19, See p. 15, 16, 24-26.** **The State reports to the public its assessment results on **English language proficiency for all **ELS assessment, the State number and percentage of **ELs attaining ELP.** **For the **ELP** assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: **Reports the **ELs' **English proficiency in terms of the State's grade level/grade-band ELP standards (including performance-level descriptors); **Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are orally translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency are orally translations and uses of those results facilitates timely interpretations and uses of those results facilitates timely interpretations and uses of those results takeholders, and the public. **Evidence that the State's practicable to provide written the State's ELP standards to parents that are, to the extent practicable written in a language that parents and guardians can understand of it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language t	and defensible interpretations and uses of		For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:
stakeholders, and the public. The State reports to the public its assessment results on English language proficiency for all ELs including the number and percentage of ELs attaining ELP. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: • Reports the ELS' English proficiency in terms of the State's grade level/grade-band ELP standards (including performance-level descriptors); • Are provided in an understandable and uniform format; • Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardian and uniform format; • Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable written in a language that parents and guardians. • Evidence that the State is factlitates that exit exit and state is takeholders, and the public. • Evidence that the State is attacholders, and the public. • Evidence that the State is attacholders, and the public. • Evidence that the State is attacholders, and the public. • Evid			• Evidence that the State's reporting of assessment results
The State reports to the public its assessment results on English language proficiency for all ELs including the number and percentage of ELs attaining ELP. For the ELP assessment, the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that: Reports the ELs' English proficiency in terms of the State's grade level/grade-band ELP standards (including performance-level descriptors); Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are of the State's grade level/grade-band ELP standards (including performance-level descriptors); Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are stakeholders, and the public. Evidence that the State provides coherent and timely information about each studers attainment of the extent practicable written in a language that parents and guardians can understandable and uniform format; Are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are		See pp.15, 16, 24-26.	facilitates timely interpretations and uses of those results by
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guardian; • Upon request by a parent who is an addressed by states if the consortium does not provide evidence of meeting this CE.	•		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
individual with a disability as defined		
by the ADA, as amended, are provided in an alternative format		For Alternate ACCESS:
accessible to that parent.		• Evidence that performance level descriptors are included on student score reports.
		Document 2.1-3 (p. 21) provides evidence that Alternate ACCESS English language proficiency (performance) levels for the productive and receptive language domains are included on the Alternate ACCESS Individual Student Report.
		The Alternate ACCESS ISR included additional subscales that are not the four domains. These subscales do not appear to have bene included in the initial peer review and the peers are concerned that there is not sufficient evidence
		of reliability and validity nor are there standards set for these subscales.

Section 6.4 Summary Statement

____ No additional evidence is required or

X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

For ACCESS and Alternate ACCESS:

- Evidence that the State's reporting of assessment results facilitates timely interpretations and uses of those results by parents, educators, State officials, policymakers and other stakeholders, and the public.
- Evidence that the State provides coherent and timely information about each student's attainment of the State's ELP standards to parents that are, to the extent practicable, written in a language that parents and guardians can understand or, if it is not practicable to provide written translations to a parent or guardian with limited English proficiency, are orally translated for such parent or guardian.
- Evidence that student reports are, upon request by an individual with a disability, provided in an alternative format accessible to that parent.

For Alternate ACCESS

• Due to the new evidence submitted for this review, it appears the original review lacked information on the three subscales that appear on the Alternate ACCESS ISR. An explanation of the three subscales including validity, standards, reliability, standard setting etc. needs to be provided.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence

SECTION 7: DOES NOT APPLY TO ELP ASSESSMENT PEER REVIEW