

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

September 11, 2020

The Honorable Ann Lebo Director Iowa Department of Education 400 East 14th Street Des Moines, IA 50319

Dear Director Lebo:

Thank you for your participation in the U.S. Department of Education's (the Department) assessment peer review process under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA). I appreciate the efforts of the Iowa Department of Education (IDE) to prepare for the peer review, which occurred in March 2020. Specifically, IDE submitted evidence regarding the general assessments in reading/language arts (R/LA) and mathematics in grades 3-8 and high school; the general assessment in science in grades 5, 8, and high school; and the AA-AAAS in R/LA and mathematics in grades 3-8 and high school.

State assessment systems provide essential information that States, districts, principals and teachers can use to identify the academic needs of students, target resources and supports toward students who need them most, evaluate school and program effectiveness and close achievement gaps among students. A high-quality assessment system also provides useful information to parents about their children's advancement against and achievement of grade-level standards. The Department's peer review of State assessment systems is designed to provide feedback to States to support the development and administration of high-quality assessments.

External peer reviewers and Department staff carefully evaluated IDE's submission and the Department found, based on the evidence received, that the components of your assessment system meet some, but not all, of the statutory and regulatory requirements of sections 1111(b)(1) and (2) of the ESEA. Based on the recommendations from this peer review and our own analysis of the State's submission, I have determined the following:

- General assessments in R/LA and mathematics in grades 3-8 and high school (Iowa Statewide Assessment of Student Progress (ISASP)): Substantially meets requirements of the ESEA.
- General assessment in science for grades 5, 8, and high school (ISASP): Substantially meets requirements of the ESEA.
- Alternate assessment of alternate academic achievement standards (AA-AAAS) in science for grades 5, 8, and high school (Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM)): **Partially meets requirements of the ESEA.**
- AA-AAAS in R/LA and mathematics in grades 3-8 and high school (DLM): Substantially meets requirements of the ESEA.

The component that **partially meets requirements** does not meet a number of the requirements of the statute and regulations and IDE will need to provide substantial additional information to demonstrate it meets the requirements. The Department expects that IDE may not be able to submit all of the required information within one year.

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Substantially meets requirements means that these components meet most of the requirements of the statute and regulations but some additional evidence is required.

Because the DLM science assessment does not meet a number of the requirements of the statute and regulations and the IDE will need to provide substantial additional information to demonstrate it meets the requirements, the Department expects that the IDE may not be able to submit all of the required information within one year. The Department is placing a condition on the State's 2020 Title I, Part A grant award. This condition will remain until the assessments in this review have been determined to meet all requirements. If the outcome of the re-review by peers indicates full approval, then the condition will be removed. If adequate progress is not made, the Department may take additional action. Additionally, the Office of Special Education and Rehabilitative Services (OSERS) will monitor progress on matters pertaining to requirements in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) related to the participation of students with disabilities in Title I assessments. In particular, OSERS will monitor progress against critical elements 5.4, 6.1, and 6.3.

The specific list of items required for IDE to submit is enclosed with this letter. I request that IDE submit a plan within 30 days outlining when it will submit all required additional documentation for peer review. I recognize the unprecedented situation affecting you and your schools due to widespread and extended school closures caused by the novel coronavirus, COVID-19. As a result, if you need more than 30 days to submit your plan, please let my staff know at <u>ESEA.Assessment@ed.gov</u>. Upon submission of the plan, the Department will reach out to IDE to determine a mutually agreeable schedule. Resubmission should occur once all necessary evidence is complete (rather than in multiple submissions).

The full peer review notes from the review are enclosed. These recommendations to the Department formed the basis of our determination. Please note that the peers' recommendations may differ from the Department's feedback; we encourage you to read the full peer notes for additional suggestions and recommendations for improving your assessment system beyond what is noted in the Department's feedback. Department staff will reach out to your assessment director in the next few days to discuss the peer notes and the Department's determination and to answer any questions you have.

Thank you for your ongoing commitment to improving educational outcomes for all students. I look forward to our continued partnership as we move ahead with this critical work. I appreciate the work you are doing to improve your schools and provide a high-quality education for your students.

If you have any questions, please contact my staff at: <u>ESEA.Assessment@ed.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

/s/ Frank T. Brogan Assistant Secretary for Elementary and Secondary Education

Enclosures

cc: Erika Cook, Bureau Chief

Critical Elements that Require Additional Evidence for Iowa's Assessment System

Critical element	Additional Evidence Needed
2.1 – Test Design and Development	 For the Iowa Statewide Assessment of Student Progress (ISASP) in reading/language Arts (R/LA) and mathematics: Evidence that the State's test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, and aligns the assessments to the depth and breadth of the State's academic content standards for the grade that is being assessed, specifically: Evidence of a plan to match R/LA items in the content domain to their respective content standards in the test blueprints for the grades 6, 10 and 11 Key Ideas and Details domain, the grade 7 Research to Build and Present Knowledge domain, and in the grade 3 mathematics Geometry domain.
	 For the Dynamic Learning Maps (DLM) science: Evidence that the State's test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, and aligns the assessments to the depth and breadth of the State's academic content standards for the grade that is being assessed (e.g., documentation that the test design adequately samples the Essential Elements in science).
2.2 – Item Development	 For the DLM science: Evidence that the State uses reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to assess student achievement based on the State's academic content standards in terms of content and cognitive processes, including higher-order thinking skills (e.g., documentation that clarifies how the development and review process for Essential Element Concept Maps contributes to a technically sound test item development process).
2.3 – Test Administration	 For the ISASP in R/LA, mathematics, and science and for the DLM science: Evidence that the State has established and communicates to educators clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations (e.g., evidence of providing key documents on test administration and communicating this to district and school test coordinators and administrators through emails, websites, or listserv messages for downloading; or through cover memos with hard copies of the materials delivered to districts and schools). Evidence that the State has established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of English learners (ELs), specialized instructional support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with

Critical element	Additional Evidence Needed
	disabilities (e.g., documentation of who participates in test administration training and how the State ensures this occurred).
2.4 – Monitoring Test Administration	 For the ISASP and DLM in R/LA, Mathematics, and Science: Evidence that the State adequately monitors the administration of its assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools (e.g., summary and follow-up of monitoring results from the most recent administration of the assessments).
2.5 – Test Security	 For the ISASP and DLM in R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the State has implemented and documented policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results through: Detection of test irregularities. Remediation following any test security incidents involving any of the State's assessments. Investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities (e.g., summary of test security incidents from the most recent year of test administration such as types of incidents and frequency, and examples of how they were addressed; or other documentation that shows the State identifies, tracks, and resolves test irregularities).
3.1 – Overall Validity, including Validity Based on Content	 For the DLM science: Additional evidence requested for critical element 2.1 will address this critical element.
3.4 – Validity Based on Relationships with Other Variables	 For the DLM science: Evidence that the State has documented adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables (e.g., other measures of science achievement).
4.1 – Reliability	 For the DLM science: Evidence of reliability for the assessment overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, including documentation of reliability for its assessments for the student population overall and each student group once other changes to the assessment have been implemented, such as expansion of the item pool, increase in number of items per testlet, and increase in number of linkage levels.
4.2 – Fairness and Accessibility	 For the DLM in Science: Evidence that the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all students and fair across student groups in their design, development and analysis, including analysis by student subgroup to analyze test fairness (e.g.,

Critical element	Additional Evidence Needed		
	differential item functioning analyses subgroup comparisons other than gender).		
4.3 – Full	For the ISASP in R/LA and science:		
Performance Continuum	• Evidence that the State has ensured that each assessment provides an adequately precise estimate of student performance across the full performance continuum for academic assessments, including performance for high- and low-achieving students (e.g., provide a plan for addressing the large conditional standard errors of measurement at the upper end of the distributions for grades 7-11 in R/LA and for grade 8 in science).		
4.4 – Scoring	 For the ISASP in R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the State has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's academic achievement standards (e.g., documentation of scorer training and monitoring the scoring process, and provide a plan to address the low percent perfect agreement for human-human scoring and human-machine scoring at grades 3-11, and evidence that rates of agreement have improved). 		
4.6 – Multiple Versions of an Assessment	 For the ISASP in mathematics and science: Evidence that the State followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results for students tested across the versions of the assessments (e.g., documentation of procedures for translations or trans-adaptation for Spanish and 		
	English language versions of the assessments, or a report of analyses from back-translation of a translated test).		
4.7 – Technical	For the ISASP in R/LA, mathematics, and science:		
Analysis and Ongoing Maintenance	• Evidence that the State has a system of monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system of general and alternate assessments (e.g., documentation of a plan for continuous improvement that include some of the following: master plan for continued development of items in all subjects, expectations for ongoing analyses to provide evidence of the use of clear and technically sound criteria, and documentation of ongoing maintenance of the ISASP program).		
	For the DLM science:		
	 Evidence that the State has a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system (i.e., general assessments and 		

Critical element	itical element Additional Evidence Needed	
	alternate assessments); for example documentation of a plan to monitor the science test before, during, and after the inclusion of Phase II development items to the item bank; including clear and technically sound criteria.	
5.4 – Monitoring Test Administration for Special Populations	or the ISASP and DLM in R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the State monitors test administration in its districts and schools to ensure that appropriate assessments, with or without accommodations, are selected for all students with disabilities and English learners ELs so that they are appropriately included in assessments and receive accommodations (e.g., summary report of findings from the most recent test administrations, with action steps to address and remediate findings).	
6.1 – State Adoption of Academic Achievement Standards for All Students	 For the alternate academic achievement standards in science: Evidence that the State formally adopted the alternate academic achievement standards in the required tested grades for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities. 	
6.2 – Achievement Standards-Setting	 For the alternate academic achievement standards in science: Evidence that the State used a technically sound method and process that involves panelists with appropriate experience and expertise for setting its alternate academic achievement standards in science to ensure they are valid and reliable. 	
6.3 – Challenging and Aligned Academic Achievement Standards	 For the academic achievement standards in R/LA, mathematics, and science: Evidence that the State's academic achievement standards are challenging and aligned with the State's academic content standards and with entrance requirements for credit-bearing coursework in the system of public higher education in the State and relevant State career and technical education (CTE) standards such that a student who scores at the proficient or above level has mastered what students are expected to know and be able to do by the time they graduate from high school in order to succeed in college and the workforce. 	
	 For the Alternate Academic Achievement Standards in R/LA, mathematics and science: Evidence that the State's alternate academic achievement standards are challenging and aligned with the State's academic content standards are aligned to ensure that a student who meets the alternate academic achievement standards is on track to pursue postsecondary education or competitive integrated employment. 	

U. S. Department of Education Peer Review of State Assessment Systems

March 2020 State Assessment Peer Review Notes



U. S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education Washington, D.C. 20202

Note: Peer review notes provide the combined recommendations of the individual peers to the U.S. Department of Education (Department), based on the statute and regulations, the Department's peer review guidance, and the peers' professional judgement of the evidence submitted by the State. These assessment peer review notes, however, do not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for assessment peer review. Although the peer notes inform the Secretary's consideration of each State's assessment system, the Department makes the final decision regarding whether the assessment system meets the requirements in the statute and regulations. As a result, these peer notes may not completely align with the final determination made by the Department. Contents

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SECTION 1: STATEWIDE SYSTEM OF STANDARDS AND ASSESSMENTS

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For academic content standards: G For academic content standards: G The State formally adopted challenging academic content standards for all students in reading/language arts, mathematics and science and applies its academic content standards to all public schools and public school students in the State. A A A A E A	 General Assessments - ISASP IA.1.1.1 July 2010, State Board of Education Minutes, pp. 8-9 IA.1.1.2 August 2015, State Board of Education Minutes, pp. 3-4 IA.1.1.3 November 2016, State Board of Education Minutes, pp. 7-8 Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE AA-SC.1.1.1 August 2015 Iowa State Board of Education Minutes, pages 3-4 AA-SC.1.1.2 Iowa Science Standards AA-SC.1.1.3 Iowa Science Essential Elements 	ISASP Iowa submitted evidence from State BOE meetings that the content standards for math, reading, and science were reviewed and approved formally. The evidence provided is adequate on the State adoption of the standards. AA-AAAS SCIENCE Iowa submitted evidence from State BOE meetings and other documents that the revised content standards for science were reviewed and approved formally. Info from the work done with DLM was also shared to support the process that was used.
Section 1.1 Summary Statement	•	·
_X No additional evidence is required on The following additional evidence is n • [list additional evidence needed w	eeded/provide brief rationale:	

Critical Element 1.1 – State Adoption of Academic Content Standards for All Students

Critical Element 1.2 – Challenging Academic Content Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
 The State's assessment system includes annual general and alternate assessments aligned with grade-level academic achievement standards or alternate academic achievement standards in: Reading/language arts (R/LA) and mathematics in each of grades 3-8 and at least once in high school (grades 9-12); Science at least once in each of three grade spans (3-5, 6-9 and 10-12). 	Department staff determined that the State's evidence is sufficient for this critical element.	No evidence required.
AND		
 The State's <u>academic content</u> <u>assessments</u> must be the same assessments administered to all students in the tested grades, with the following exceptions: Students with the most significant cognitive disabilities may take an alternate assessment aligned with alternate academic achievement standards. A State may permit an LEA to administer a nationally recognized high school academic assessment in lieu of the State high school assessment if certain conditions are met. A State that administers an end-of- course high school mathematics assessment may exempt an 8th grade student from the mathematics 		

Critical Element 1.3 – Required Assessments

eighth grade and allow the student to			
take the State end-of-course			
mathematics test instead.			
• The Department may have approved			
the State, under the Innovative			
Assessment Demonstration			
Authority, to permit students in some			
LEAs to participate in a			
demonstration assessment system in			
lieu of participating in the State			
assessment.			
Section 1.3 Summary Statement			
x No additional evidence is required	x No additional evidence is required		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	Department staff determined that the State's evidence is	No evidence required.
The State requires the inclusion of all	sufficient for this critical element.	ro evidence required.
ublic elementary and secondary school		
tudents in its assessment system and		
learly and consistently communicates		
nis requirement to districts and schools.		
For students with disabilities, policies		
State that all students with disabilities		
in the State, including those children		
with disabilities publicly placed in		
private schools as a means of		
providing special education and		
related services, must be included in		
the assessment system;		
For ELs:		
• Policies State that all ELs must		
be included in all aspects of the		
content assessment system,		
unless the State has chosen the		
statutory option for recently		
arrived ELs under which such		
ELs are exempt from one		
administration of its reading/		
language arts assessment.		
• If a State has developed native		
language assessments for ELs in		
R/LA, ELs must be assessed in		
R/LA in English if they have		
been enrolled in U.S. schools for		
three or more consecutive years,		
except, if a district determines,		
on a case-by-case basis, that		
native language assessments		
would yield more accurate and		
reliable information, the district		
may assess a student with native		

Critical Element 1.4 – Policies for Including All Students in Assessments

	1			
	language assessments for a			
	period not to exceed two			
	additional consecutive years.			
0	If the State uses the flexibility			
	for Native American language			
	schools and programs: (1) the			
	State provides the content			
	assessment in the Native			
	American language to all			
	students in the school or			
	program; (2) the State submits			
	such content assessment for peer			
	review as part of its State			
	assessment system; and (3) the			
	State continues to provide ELP			
	assessments and services for ELs			
	as required by law. The State			
	must assess in English the			
	students' achievement in R/LA			
	in high school.			
Sectio	Section 1.4 Summary Statement			
x N	x No additional evidence is required or			
	1			

ritical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has developed or amended nallenging <u>academic</u> standards and sessments, the State has conducted leaningful and timely consultation with: State leaders, including the Governor, members of the State legislature and State board of education (if the State has a State board of education). Local educational agencies (including those located in rural areas). Representatives of Indian tribes located in the State. Teachers, principals, other school leaders, charter school leaders (if the State has charter schools), specialized instructional support personnel, paraprofessionals, administrators, other staff, and parents.	Department staff determined that the State's evidence is sufficient for this critical element.	No evidence required.

Critical Element 1.5 – Meaningful Consultation in the Development of Challenging State Standards and Assessments (Note: this is a new requirement under ESSA, so it does not apply to standards and assessments adopted prior to the passage of ESSA (December 2015)).

SECTION 2: ASSESSMENT SYSTEM OPERATIONS

Critical Element 2.1 – Test Design and Development

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
Critical Eximent	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State's test design and test development process is well-suited for the content, is technically sound, aligns the assessments to <u>the depth and breadth of</u> <u>the State's academic content standards</u>	General Assessments ISASP IA.2.1.1.1 State Code: Iowa Code 281 - 12.8(1)h IA.2.1.1.2 Iowa Code Chapter 256.7(21) Duties of State Board	ISASP Iowa submitted many pieces of evidence for this C.E. that show State Code, PLDs, Interpretive Manual, ISR, PLDs, and other materials for interpreting scores. The info on test design and use is very comprehensive.
 for the grade that is being assessed and includes: Statement(s) of the purposes of the assessments and the intended 	IA.2.1.1.3 ISASP ELA PLD IA.2.1.1.4 ISASP Math PLD IA.2.1.1.5 ISASP Science PLD	State Code provides clear statement of purpose of assessments and manuals and reports provide additional information on interpreting scores.
 interpretations and uses of results; Test blueprints that describe the structure of each assessment in sufficient detail to support the development of assessments that are 	IA.2.1.1.6 ISASP Cut Score Ranges IA.2.1.1.7 ISASP Interpretative Manual for Educators, pp. 11-25	Test specification documents show how each assessment was designed to map to the depth and breadth of the standards, including use of different types of items aimed at eliciting evidence of higher-order thinking and application.
technically sound, measure the depth and breadth of <u>the State's grade-</u> <u>level academic content standards</u> and support the intended	IA.2.1.1.8 ISASP Student Sample ISR IA.2.1.1.9 ISASP Class Sample Roster	The HumRRO alignment report provides good evidence of the alignment of the assessment items to the standards and to the test blueprint overall. The reviewers noted that 3 rd grade Math did not fully meet the blueprint for Geometry.
 interpretations and uses of the results. Processes to ensure that each academic assessment is tailored to the knowledge and skills included in <u>the</u> 	IA.2.1.1.10 ISASP School Sample Summary IA.2.1.1.11 ISASP Interpretive Information for Families	It is unclear what response, if any, the State took to address the report findings. It is assumed that the State will take necessary steps toward remedying this.
State's academic content standards, reflects appropriate inclusion of challenging content, and	IA 2.1.1.12 ISASP Performance Level Descriptors English and Spanish	AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.
 requires complex demonstrations or applications of knowledge and skills (i.e., higher-order thinking skills). If the State administers computer- 	IA.2.1.2.1 ISASP Test Specifications ELA IA.2.1.2.2 ISASP Test Specifications Mathematics IA.2.1.2.3 ISASP Test Specifications Science	
adaptive assessments, the item pool and item selection procedures adequately support the test design and intended uses and interpretations of results.	IA.1.3.1.2 HumRRO ISASP Alignment Study	

• If the State administers a computer-		
adaptive assessment, it makes		
proficiency determinations with		
respect to the grade in which the		
student is enrolled and uses that		
determination for all reporting.		
• If the State administers a content		
assessment that includes portfolios,		
such assessment may be partially		
administered through a portfolio but		
may not be entirely administered		
through a portfolio.		
Section 2.1 Summary Statement		
X No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is nee	ded/provide brief rationale:	
	•	

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
 The State uses reasonable and technically sound procedures to develop and select items to: Assess student achievement based on the <u>State's academic content</u> <u>standards</u> in terms of content and cognitive process, including higher-order thinking skills. 	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, Chapter 2 IA.1.3.1.2 HumRRO ISASP Alignment Study	State becomentation of EvidenceISASPThe process used to develop items is documented in the Technical Manual (TM) and appears to be sound and meet industry best-practice standards. The process used in the alignment study also appears to be sound in its evaluation of the items in terms of content and cognitive processes that are being measured in the content standards.The State could consider gathering additional information on field test implementation that might be useful to better understand how the field test helps ensure item quality (e.g. how many students included, item coverage, etc.).AA-AAS SCIENCE
Section 2.2 Summary Statement		
_XNo additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: • [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]		

Critical Element 2.2 - Item Development

 The State implements policies and procedures for standardized test administration; specifically, the State: Has established and communicates to educators clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations; Has established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of FLs, specialized instructional General Assessments ISASP IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP 2018-2019 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual</i> IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP 2018-2019 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual</i> IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19</i> IA.2.3.1.3 <i>ISASP Directions for Administration of Online Tests</i> 	State Documentation or EvidenceISASPThe documents provide adequate evidence of thorough procedures for test administration, including related to administration and accommodations. It is not clear how these are communicated to educators and other appropriate staff, with the exception of a document that shows a webinar was held on accessibility/accommodation procedures.Peer reviewers would like to see more evidence on the process used to communicate and train educators and other appropriate staff for test administration. For example, no
 Inerstate infpendents poncies and procedures for standardized test administration; specifically, the State: Has established and communicates to educators clear, thorough and consistent standardized procedures for the administration of its assessments, including administration with accommodations; Has established procedures to ensure that general and special education teachers, paraprofessionals, teachers of FLs, specialized instructional IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP 2018-2019 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual</i> IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP 2018-2019 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual</i> IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19</i> IA.2.3.1.3 <i>ISASP Directions for Administration of Online Tests</i> 	The documents provide adequate evidence of thorough procedures for test administration, including related to administration and accommodations. It is not clear how these are communicated to educators and other appropriate staff, with the exception of a document that shows a webinar was held on accessibility/accommodation procedures. Peer reviewers would like to see more evidence on the process used to communicate and train educators and other
 support personnel, and other appropriate staff receive necessary training to administer assessments and know how to administer assessments, including, as necessary, alternate assessments, and know how to make use of appropriate accommodations during assessments for all students with disabilities; If the State administers technologybased assessments, the State has defined technology used assessments, the State has defined technology and other related IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Statewide Assessment System IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment System IA.2.3.2.1 ISASP Preparing Teachers Checklist IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, pp. 7-20 IA.2.3.2.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual Webinar PPT, slides7-8 	 appropriate starr for test administration. For example, no information on who attended that webinar is provided. The State's index document refers to annual training but no evidence of who must participate in training, who does/did participate in training, or how training is done is clear in the documents provided. AA-AAAS SCIENCE The documents provide adequate evidence related to accommodations in general. Reviewers found the DLM test administration manual in C.E. 2.5. It is unclear from the information provided how the State ensures that staff participate in required training. Technology requirements seemed clearly articulated in the technology manual along with some troubleshooting information for schools.

Critical Element 2.3 - Test Administration

	IA.2.3.3.3 ISASP New Technology Coordinator Training	
	IA.2.3.3.4 Troubleshooting for Online Tests	
	IA 2.3.3.5 Pearson Information Security Program	
	IA 2.3.3.6 Pearson Business Continuity Management Program	
	IA.2.3.3.7 Pearson SOC 2 Type 1 Audit Report	
	Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE	
	AA-SC.1.3.2 Alternate Assessment Commencement Email 2018-2019	
	AA-SC.2.3.1 <i>DLM Required Training Module 1</i> <i>Transcript pgs. 5-9</i>	
	AA-SC.2.3.2 2018-2019 Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual	
	AA-SC.2.3.3 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual Webinar PPT	
	AA-SC.2.3.2 2018-2019 Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, pages 7-20	
	AA-SC.2.3.3 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual Webinar PPT, slides7-8	
	AA-SC.2.3.4 DLM Technology Specifications Manual, pages 7-9	
Section 2.3 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		

____X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: General Assessment-ELA, Math, Science and Alt Assessment-Science

- Evidence that the State provides key documents regarding test administration and communicates this to district and school test coordinators and administrators, such as e-mails, websites, or listserv messages to inform relevant staff of the availability of documents for downloading or cover memos that accompany hard copies of the materials delivered to districts and schools.
 - Evidence of who must participate in training and how the state ensures this.

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State adequately monitors the administration of its State assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools. Monitoring of test administration should be demonstrated for all assessments in the State system: the general academic assessments and the AA-AAAS.	Department staff determined that additional evidence is needed for this critical element. During the 2018-2019 school year, IDE piloted a State monitoring process and tool for federally mandated assessments with a sample of school districts. The State monitoring plan was to be implemented Statewide during the 2019-2020 school year. The State must provide documentation that the administration of the ISASP in R/LA, mathematics, and science;, as well as, the DLM in science is monitored to some degree (e.g. summary and follow-up of monitoring results from the most recent administration of the assessments).	ISASP Evidence that the State adequately monitors the administration of its assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools (e.g., summary and follow-up of monitoring results from the most recent administration of the assessments).
Section 2.4 Summary Statement	<u> </u>	
No additional evidence is required or		

Critical Element 2.4 – Monitoring Test Administration

X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

General Assessment-ELA, Math, and Science

• Evidence that the State adequately monitors the administration of its assessments to ensure that standardized test administration procedures are implemented with fidelity across districts and schools (e.g., summary and follow-up of monitoring results from the most recent administration of the assessments).

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has implemented and documented an appropriate set of policies and procedures to prevent test irregularities and ensure the integrity of test results through: Prevention of any assessment 	General Assessments ISASP IA.2.5.1.1 Test Security Podcast Slide Deck IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual	ISASP The State provided evidence of a set of policies and documentation aimed at ensuring test security including training, manuals, mandatory forms to be completed, reporting of test irregularities, and descriptions of consequences of testing violations. These policies and
irregularities, including maintaining the security of test materials (both during test development and at time of test administration), proper test	 IA.2.5.1.3 ISASP Test Security Training PPT, slides 4- 19 IA.2.5.1.2 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 	procedures apply primarily to prevention activities during test administration. However, reviewers found no evidence of the test security procedures used during test development.
preparation guidelines and administration procedures, incident- reporting procedures, consequences for confirmed violations of test	<i>I</i> , slides 10-14 IA.1.4.2.2 <i>ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19</i> , pp. 11-14	For detection, no evidence is shown for policies and procedures to check on any irregularities on the Internet, such as students sharing items with each other on social media, or in conducting analyses like data forensics to
 security, and requirements for annual training at the district and school levels for all individuals involved in test administration; Detection of test irregularities; 	 IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pp. 9-10 IA.2.5.1.2 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 	check on things like large numbers of response changes or similarities in student responses. State must provide additional documentation of evidence of
• Remediation following any test security incidents involving any of the State's assessments;	I, slide 14 IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, p. 10	remediation and investigation procedures. AA-AAAS SCIENCE The same comments for ISASP also apply here. Evidence
 Investigation of alleged or factual test irregularities. Application of test security procedures to all assessments in the 	IA2.5.1.3 ISASP Test Security Training PPT, slides 20- 25	on prevention is sufficient, however more evidence is required on the detection, remediation, and investigation process.
State system: the general academic assessments and the AA-AAAS.	IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19, pp.14-15	AA-AAAS READING AND MATH The same comments for ISASP also apply here. Evidence on prevention is sufficient, however more evidence is
	 IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix J, p. 10 IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security 	required on the detection, remediation, and investigation process.
	Manual, p. 11, Appendices M, N, and O	

Critical Element 2.5 – Test Security

IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19, pp.15-16	
IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19, pp.19	
IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, p. 11	
 IA.2.5.1.3 ISASP Test Security Training PPT, slides 28-29 IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 Statewide Test Security Manual, p. 10 	
IA.2.5.1.2 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part I, slide 14	
IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19, p.16	
IA.2.5.4.1 <i>IDE Assurances for Proper and Ethical Test</i> <i>Administration 2019</i>	
IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, p. 3	
Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE	
AA-SC.2.5.1 Test Security Podcast Slide Deck	
AA-SC.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual	
AA-SC.2.5.3 DLM Test Security Agreement	
AA-SC.2.5.4 2019-2020 DLM Test Administration Manual pages 43-45	

n		
	AA-SC.2.5.5 2019-2020 DLM Returning Educator Required Training Slides 23-25	
	AA-SC.2.5.6 2019-2020 DLM Required Training Module 1 Training, slides 32-34	
	AA-SC.2.5.2 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 1, slides 10-14	
	AA-SC.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 9-11	
	AA-SC.2.5.2 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 1, Slide 14	
	AA-SC.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix J, page 10	
	AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 10-11, Appendices M, N, and O	
	AA-SC.2.4.2 2018-2019 Statewide Test Security Manual, page 10	
	AA-SC.2.5.2 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 1, slide 14	
	AA-SC.2.5.7 <i>IDE Assurances for Proper and Ethical</i> <i>Test Administration 2019</i>	
	AA-SC.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, page 3	
	Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS READING AND MATH	
	AA-R.2.5.1 Test Security Podcast Slide Deck	

AA-R.2.5.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual	
AA-R.2.5.3 DLM Test Security Agreement	
AA-R.2.5.4 2019-2020 DLM Test Administration Manual, pages 43-45	
AA-R.2.5.5 2019-2020 DLM Returning Educator Required Training, slides 23-25	
AA-R.2.5.6 2019-2020 DLM Required Training Module 1 Training, slides 32-34	
AA-R.2.5.7 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 1, slides 10-14	
AA-R.2.5.8 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 10-11	
AA-R.2.5.7 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 1, slide 14	
AA-R.2.5.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix J, page 10	
AA-R.2.5.8 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 10-11, 57-59, Appendices M, N, and O	
AA-R.2.5.2 2018-2019 Statewide Test Security Manual, page 10	
AA-R.2.5.7 2019-2020 Iowa Test Security Training Part 1, slide 14	
AA-R.2.5.9 <i>IDE Assurances for Proper and Ethical</i> <i>Test Administration 2019</i>	

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

	AA-R.2.5.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security	
	Manual, page 3	
Section 2.5 Summary Statement	ţ	
No additional evidence is required o	r	
Summary applies to ISASP and both A		
X_ The following additional evidence	is needed/provide brief rationale:	
• Data forensics analyses that are	done	
 Monitoring of the Web for secu 	re test materials	
• Evidence of outcomes from any	v investigations and/or remediation that were done. For example,	nple, summary of test security incidents from most recent year
of test administration (e.g., type	s of incidents and frequency) and examples of how they we	re addressed, or other documentation that demonstrates that the
State identifies, tracks, and reso	lves test irregularities.	
• State security plan, or excerpts	from the State's assessment contracts or other materials that	show expectations, rules and procedures for reducing security
threats and risks and protecting	test materials during item development, test construction	, materials production, distribution, and test administration.
		_

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has policies and procedures in place to protect the integrity and confidentiality of its test materials, test-related data, and personally identifiable information, specifically: To protect the integrity of its test-related data in test administration, scoring, storage and use of results; To secure student-level assessment data and protect student privacy and confidentiality, including guidelines for districts and schools; To protect personally identifiable information about any individual student in reporting, including defining the minimum number of students necessary to allow reporting of scores for all students and student groups. 	 General Assessments ISASP IA.2.6.1.1 Dept. Of Educ. Supplemental Policies and Procedures Handbook, pp. 24-27 IA.2.6.1.2 ISASP Entry Point IA.2.6.2.1 Iowa Administrative Code 282-25.3(6) Standard VI IA.2.4.2 2018-2019 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, p. 4 IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19, pp. 11-14 and p. 26 IA.2.6.2.2 Regulatory Compliance IA.2.6.2.1 Iowa Administrative Code 282-25.3(6) Standard VI IA.1.3.4 Iowa 's ESSA Plan, pp. 32-38 Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE AA-SC.2.6.1 Dept. Of Educ. Supplemental Policies and Procedures Handbook, pages 24-27 AA-SC.2.6.2 Iowa Administrative Code 282-25.3(6) Standard VI AA-SC.2.6.2 Iowa Administrative Code 282-25.3(6) Standard VI 	 ISASP Based on the evidence submitted by IDE for C.E. 2.6, they have strong policies and procedures in place for protecting the integrity of the data and student privacy. Iowa has strong Admin Code, State policies such as their Data Confidentiality Policy, and relies on their vendors to help maintain data integrity. The info in the Test Administration Manual (TAM) and the Test Security (TS) Manual also support the approach they are using in this area. AA-AAAS SCIENCE Iowa shared materials on the process used for the test, which supplements the info that came from DLM previously. The process adequately meets professional testing standards to protect data and personal info. Many of the documents are similar to those for the ISASP (noted above).

Critical Element 2.6 – Systems for Protecting Data Integrity and Privacy

AA-SC.2.6.3 DLM MOU 20	019-2020
AA-SC.2.6.2 Iowa Admini Standard VI	strative Code 282-25.3(6)
AA-SC.1.3.5 Iowa's ESSA	1 Plan, page 32-38
Section 2.6 Summary Statement	
_XNo additional evidence is required or	
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:	

SECTION 3: TECHNICAL QUALITY - VALIDITY

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has documented adequate overall validity evidence for its assessments consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. The State's validity evidence includes evidence that: The State's academic assessments measure the knowledge and skills specified in the State's academic content standards, including: Documentation of adequate alignment between the State's assessments and the academic content standards the assessments are designed to measure in terms of content (i.e., knowledge and process), balance of content, and cognitive complexity; Documentation that the assessments address the depth and breadth of the content standards; If the State has adopted alternate academic achievement standards, the assessments and administers alternate assessments and administers alterna	 General Assessments – ISASP IA.3.1.1 <i>K-12 Literacy Iowa Core Standards</i> IA.3.1.2 <i>K-12 Mathematics Iowa Core Standards</i> IA.3.1.3 <i>K-12 Iowa Science Standards</i> IA.2.1.2.1 <i>ISASP Test Specifications ELA</i>, pp. 10-74 IA.2.1.2.2 <i>ISASP Test Specifications Mathematics</i>, pp. 11-93 IA.2.1.2.3 <i>ISASP Test Specifications Science</i>, pp. 7-18 IA.1.3.1.2 <i>HumRRO ISASP Alignment Study</i> IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2-1 to 2-20, (See Tables 2.2 and 2.3 on pp. 2-3 and 2-4 for complexity ranges for Reading and Writing texts; see Tables 2.7-2.1 on p. 2-9 for DOK descriptions and percentage of items by DOK level) <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7-1 to 7-10 IA.2.1.2.3 <i>ISASP Test Specifications Mathematics</i>, pp. 11-93 IA.2.1.2.3 <i>ISASP Test Specifications ELA</i>, pp. 10-74 IA.2.1.2.3 <i>ISASP Test Specifications Mathematics</i>, pp. 11-93 IA.2.1.2.3 <i>ISASP Test Specifications Mathematics</i>, pp. 11-93 IA.2.1.2.3 <i>ISASP Test Specifications Science</i>, pp. 7-18 IA.1.3.1.2 <i>HumRRO ISASP Alignment Study</i> 	 ISASP In the materials provided, IDE has provided adequate evidence of the overall validity of the new assessment. Relevant info was provided on the core standards, test specs, alignment, and process used for item development, which shows that the ELA and Math and Science assessments have content validity. In addition, the DLM info for the Alternate Science also shows evidence of alignment to the alt standards. Though not cited for this critical element (it is cited for C.E. 3.3), the TM also refers to another document (ISASP Annual Statistical Report (ISASP ASR-2019)) which could provide additional information on the results of various analyses relating to validity. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.

Critical Element 3.1 – Overall Validity, Including Validity Based on Content

and cognitive complexity determined in test design to be appropriate for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities.		
Section 3.1 Summary Statement		
_XNo additional evidence is required or		
 The following additional evidence is no [list additional evidence needed w/ 		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that its assessments tap: the intended cognitive processes appropriate for each grade level as represented in the State's academic content standards.	General Assessments ISASP IA.3.1.1 K-12 Literacy Iowa Core Standards IA.3.1.2 K-12 Mathematics Iowa Core Standards IA.3.1.3 K-12 Iowa Science Standards IA.2.1.2.1 ISASP Test Specifications ELA, pp. 10-74 IA.2.1.2.2 ISASP Test Specifications Mathematics, pp. 11-93 IA.2.1.2.3 ISASP Test Specifications Science, pp. 7-18	 ISASP The Iowa Core Standards articulate the cognitive processes that are assessed. Adequate evidence of cognitive complexity was shown in the Test Specs and Alignment Study materials. The TM provides additional info on this. In the future, the State could strengthen its evidence on validity based on intended cognitive processes by use of cognitive interviewing of students. AA-AAAS SCIENCE
	 IA.1.3.1.2 HumRRO ISASP Alignment Study IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2-1 to 2-20, (See Tables 2.2 and 2.3 on pp. 2-3 and 2-4 for complexity ranges for Reading and Writing texts; see Tables 2.7- 2.1 on p. 2-9 for DOK descriptions and percentage of items by DOK level) <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7-1 to 7-10 	No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.
Section 3.2 Summary Statement		
_XNo additional evidence is required or	r	
The following additional evidence is n	eeded/provide brief rationale:	

Critical Element 3.2 – Validity Based on Cognitive Processes

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate ralidity evidence that the scoring and eporting structures of its assessments are onsistent with the sub-domain structures of the State's <u>academic content</u> <u>tandards</u> .	 General Assessments ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 1</u> Overview <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2-1 to 2-20 <u>Chapter 4</u> Reports, pp. 4-1 to 4-6 <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7-1 to 7-10, Evidence based on internal structure, pp. 7-3 to 7-4 IA.3.3.1 <i>2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report</i> <u>ELA</u>: Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 12-13; Dimensionality Reports, pp. 19-20 <u>Reading</u>: Item Total Correlation, pp. 32-41; Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 189-192; Dimensionality Reports, pp. 193-194 <u>Language/Writing</u> Item Total Correlation, pp. 208-217; Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 374-379; Dimensionality Reports, pp. 380-381 <u>Mathematics</u>: Item Total Correlation, pp. 395-404; Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 561-566; Dimensionality Reports, pp. 572-573 <u>Science</u>: Item Total Correlation, pp. 581-585; Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 628-630; Dimensionality Reports, pp. 634-635 	 ISASP The ISASP Annual Stat Report and the TM provide adequate evidence of the internal structure of the new assessments. Summary information in TM combined with statistical report details on dimensionality, item-total correlations, etc. provides adequate validity evidence about scoring and reporting structure. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.

Critical Element 3.3 – Validity Based on Internal Structure

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has documented adequate validity evidence that the State's assessment scores are related as expected with other variables.	General Assessments ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7-6 to 7-7 and Tables 7.2 to 7.4	 ISASP When a new assessment program begins, it usually takes some time to gather the validity evidence. IDE has done some initial studies in this area and provides evidence of relations to the previous Iowa Assessments test scores and matching done across years. The State acknowledges that because the ISASP is new, limited information is available ("Given that the ISASP ha just completed one administrative year, opportunities to examine the relationship with other assessments are limited. However, as a more complete research agenda is being planned to expand evidence based on relations to other variables, two assessments are presented below as preliminary evidence.", p.7-5). Peers recommend that the State TAC continues to monitor the evidence gathered on validity, in particular, that based on relations to other variables. In addition, peers also recommend that the State develop a multi-year plan to conduct validity studies on an ongoing basis. This plan should be reviewed and approved by the TAC.
		No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.
Section 3.4 Summary Statement		
X No additional evidence is required or		

Critical Element 3.4 – Validity Based on Relations to Other Variables

• [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]

SECTION 4: TECHNICAL QUALITY - OTHER

Critical Element 4.1 – Reliability

Critical Element 4.1 – Reliability	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has documented adequate reliability evidence for its assessments for the following measures of reliability for the State's student population overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards. If the State's assessments are implemented in multiple States, measures of reliability for the assessment overall and each student group consistent with nationally recognized professional and technical testing standards, including: Test reliability of the State's assessments estimated for its student population; Overall and conditional standard error of measurement of the State's assessments, including any domain or component sub-tests, as applicable; Consistency and accuracy of estimates in categorical classification decisions for the cut scores, achievement levels or proficiency levels based on the assessment results; For computer-adaptive tests, evidence that the assessments produce test forms with adequately precise estimates of a <u>student's academic achievement</u>. 	 General Assessments ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual <u>Chapter 8</u> Reliability</i>, pp. 8–1 to 8–10 IA.3.3.1 2019 <i>ISASP Annual Statistical Report</i> <u>ELA</u>: Summary Statistics Reports, and Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 12-13 <u>Reading</u>: Item Total Correlations, pp. 32-41 Coefficient alpha reliability by student group, pp. 53- 188 Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 189-192 <u>Language/Writing</u>: Item Total Correlations, pp. 208-217 Coefficient alpha reliability by student group, pp. 238-373 Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 374-379 <u>Mathematics</u>: Item Total Correlation, pp. 395-404 Coefficient alpha reliability by student group, pp. 425-560 Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 561-566 Classification Accuracy Reports, pp. 567-571 <u>Science</u>: Item Total Correlation, pp. 581-585 Coefficient alpha reliability by student group, pp. 591- 627 Internal Consistency Reports, pp. 628-630 IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i>, <u>Chapter 8</u> Reliability, Overall and conditional standard error of measurement, pp. 8–3 to 8–5, Measurement error for groups of students, page 8–2 	 ISASP Iowa has documented adequate reliability of its new assessments. The TM and Annual Stat Report provide much info on reliability coefficients for overall population and subgroups, internal consistency, correlations, alpha, classification accuracy, SEMs and CSEMs. Reliability for the ELA, Math, and Science assessments adequately meets professional and technical testing standards. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E. [COMMENT TO USED] Peers commend the State on organizing the materials well in its submission and including specific page numbers on the evidence that was cited.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	IA.3.3.1 2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report	
	ELA: Summary Statistics Reports, pp. 12-13	
	Reading:	
	Frequency Distributions Reports with CSEMs, pp.	
	43-52, Summary Statistics Reports, pp. 53-188 Language/Writing:	
	Frequency Distributions Reports with CSEMs, pp.	
	219-237, Summary Statistics Reports, pp. 238-373	
	Mathematics:	
	Frequency Distributions Reports with CSEMs, pp.	
	406-424, Summary Statistics Reports, pp. 425-560	
	Science:	
	Frequency Distributions Reports with CSEMs, pp. 586-	
	590, Summary Statistics Report, pp. 591-627	
	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual	
	Chapter 5 Performance Standards, pp. 5–1 to 5–7	
	IA.4.1.3.1 2019 ISASP Standard Setting Technical Report	
	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, <u>Chapter 8</u>	
	Reliability, Classification consistency and accuracy,	
	page 8–10	
	IA.3.3.1 2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report	
	<u>ELA</u> : Classification Accuracy Reports, pp. 14-18	
	Mathematics: Classification Accuracy Reports, pp. 567-571	
	Science: Classification Accuracy Reports, pp. 631-633	
Section 4.1 Summary Statement	, pp. 001 000	1
_X_No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is r	eaded/provide brief rationale:	
Interfollowing additional evidence is in If the following additional evidence needed w		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
<i>For all State academic assessments</i> , assessments should be developed, to the extent practicable, using the principles of universal design for learning (UDL) (see definition ¹). For academic content assessments, the State has taken reasonable and appropriate steps to ensure that its assessments are accessible to all students and fair across student groups in their design, development and analysis.	Televence) General Assessments ISASP IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, Chapter 2 Test Development, pp. 2–1 to 2–20; Fairness Review, pp. 2–11 to 2–13, Table 2.11; Universal Design, p. 2–13; Fairness Review Summaries and DIF, pp. 2–15 to 2–20, Tables 2.12 to 2.18 Chapter 3 Cest Administration, Features and Accommodations, pp. 3–1 to 3–9 Chapter 7 Chapter 7 Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 Chapter 7 Chapter 7 Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 Chapter 7 Chapter 7 Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 Chapter 7 Chapter 7 Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 Chapter 7 Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 Chapter 7 Chapter 8 Chapter 7 Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 Chapter 7	

Critical Element 4.2 - Fairness and Accessibility

¹ see page 28 of "A State's Guide to the U.S. Department of Education's Assessment Peer Review Process", September 24, 2018 available at: www.ed.gov/admins/lead/account/saa.html

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

	Mathematics: Summary Statistics Reports, pp. 425-	
	560 DIE Demoste um 405 574 575	
	DIF Reports, pp. 405, 574-575	
	Science: Summary Statistics Reports, pp. 591-627	
	DIF Reports, pp. 585, 636-637	
Section 4.2 Summary Statement		
_XNo additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has ensured that each assessment provides an adequately precise	General Assessments – ISASP	ISASP Evidence in the TM and Annual Stat Report show that the
estimate of student performance across	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual,	tests cover an adequate range of the performance
he full performance continuum for	<u>Chapter 8</u> Reliability, Overall and conditional	continuum. Measures of precision, CSEMs, IRT ability
academic assessments, including	standard error of measurement, pp. 8-2 to 8-5,	estimates, and other data are provided on the score scale
performance for high- and low-achieving	Measurement error for groups of students, p. 8–5,	and student performance.
students.	Classification consistency and accuracy, p. 8–10	
	<u>Chapter 5</u> Performance Standards, pp. 5–1 to 5–7	In some cases (e.g. grades 7- 11, reading, p.8-5 of the TM) CSEMs are higher at the upper end of the distribution,
	IA.3.3.1 2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report	suggesting potentially less precision for the highest-
	Reading: Frequency Distributions Reports with	achieving students. The State must check the data careful
	CSEMs, pp. 43-52	to determine what, if anything, is causing this effect in
	Language/Writing: Frequency Distributions Reports with CSEMs, pp. 219-237	reading scores and it needs to be documented in the TM.
	Mathematics: Frequency Distributions Reports with	AA-AAAS SCIENCE
	CSEMs, pp. 406-424	No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM
	Science: Frequency Distributions Reports with	responded to this C.E.
	CSEMs, pp. 586-590	
Section 4.3 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		

Critical Element 4.3 – Full Performance Continuum

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:
 Documentation of CSEMs at higher end of distribution for reading, especially for grades 7-11, with an interpretation of the causes of this effect.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its assessments that are designed to produce reliable and meaningful results, facilitate valid score interpretations, and report assessment results in terms of the State's <u>academic</u> <u>achievement standards</u> .	General Assessments – ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2–1 to 2–20 <u>Chapter 4</u> Reports, pp. 4–1 to 4–6 <u>Chapter 5</u> Performance Standards, pp. 5–1 to 5–7 <u>Chapter 6</u> Scaling and Equating, pp. 6–1 to 6–15 <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 <u>Chapter 8</u> Reliability, pp. 8–1 to 8–10 <u>Chapter 9</u> Quality Control Procedures, pp. 9–1 to 9–3	 ISASP The TM describes the technical work on scaling used to create scores and develop valid interpretations, as well as information on the process used to develop achievement standards. However, no detail on how human scorers are trained, qualified, or examples of scoring rubrics are provided. Also, little info is provided on the use of AI scoring, such as training of the engine. Although this documentation is missing, the generally good levels of interrater reliability suggest that some such procedures must be in place. The quality control chapter provides a general overview of the steps and procedures in place to ensure accurate scoring (e.g. key checks on multiple choice items, checks on consistent scoring of other types of items), but it does not provide the details of the process used to meet C.E.4.4. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM
		responded to this C.E.
Section 4.4 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		

Critical Element 4.4 – Scoring

_X__ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• Evidence that IDE has established and documented standardized scoring procedures and protocols for its assessments, including training of scorers, monitoring the scoring process, etc.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
If the State administers multiple forms of	General Assessments – ISASP	ISASP
academic assessments within a content		The TM provides adequate evidence of the process used in
area and grade level, within or across	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual	Iowa to assemble parallel test forms, conduct equating and
school years, the State ensures that all	Chapter 2 Test Development, pp. 2–1 to 2–20	validation checks, do item calibrations, examine
forms adequately represent the State's	Chapter 6 Scaling and Equating, pp. 6–1 to 6–15	psychometric characteristics of the forms, document
academic content standards and yield	<u>Chapter 9</u> Quality Control Procedures, pp. 9–1 to 9–3	measurement precision, and ensure comparable test scores.
consistent score interpretations such that		
the forms are comparable within and		AA-AAAS SCIENCE
across school years.		No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM
		responded to this C.E.
Section 4.5 Summary Statement		
_X No additional evidence is required or		

Critical Element 4.5 – Multiple Assessment Forms

The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

• [list additional evidence needed w/brief rationale]

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 If the State administers any of its assessments in multiple versions within a subject area (e.g., online versus paperbased delivery; or a native language version of the academic content assessment), grade level, or school year, the State: Followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results for students tested across the versions of the assessments; Documented adequate evidence of comparability of the meaning and interpretations of the assessment results. 	 General Assessments – ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2–1 to 2–20 <u>Chapter 6</u> Scaling and Equating, pp. 6–1 to 6–15 <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 <u>Chapter 8</u> Reliability, pp. 8–1- to 8–10 IA.3.3.1 <i>2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report</i>, pp. 14ff, 43ff, 238ff, 425ff, 591ff IA.3.3.1 <i>2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report</i> <u>Reading</u>: DIF Reports, p. 42 <u>Language/Writing</u>: DIF Reports, p. 218 <u>Mathematics</u>: DIF Reports, p. 405 <u>Science</u>: DIF Reports, pp. 585 IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2–1 to 2–20 <u>Chapter 6</u> Scaling and Equating, pp. 6–1 to 6–15 <u>Chapter 7</u> Validity, pp. 7–1 to 7–10 <u>Chapter 8</u> Reliability, pp. 8–1 to 8–10 <u>Chapter 9</u> Quality Control Procedures, pp. 9–1 to 9–3 IA.3.3.1 <i>2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report</i> <u>Reading</u>: DIF Reports, p. 42 <u>Language/Writing</u>: DIF Reports, p. 218 <u>Mathematics</u>: DIF Reports, p. 42 <u>Language/Writing</u>: DIF Reports, p. 9–1 to 9–3 	 ISASP State provides online and paper-based tests. Iowa submitted adequate evidence on the comparability of their PBTs and CBTs. Based on the info presented in the TM and ASR, the design and development of the tests yield equivalent scores across these two modes of administration. Spanish language translations of math and science assessments are available. Reviewers did not find information on translation procedures or comparability of Spanish and English-language versions of items. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.
Section 4.6 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
*		

Critical Element 4.6 – Multiple Versions of an Assessment

• Documentation that the State followed a design and development process to support comparable interpretations of results across Spanish and English language versions, such as procedures for translation or trans-adaptation of the assessment, or a report of analysis of results of back-translation of a translated test.

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State: Has a system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, including clear and technically sound criteria for the analyses of all of the assessments in its assessment system (i.e., general assessments), and Evidence of adequate technical quality is made public, including on the State's website. 	General Assessments ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> <u>Chapter 2</u> Test Development, pp. 2–1 to 2–20 <u>Chapter 6</u> Scaling and Equating, pp. 6–1 to 6–15 <u>Chapter 9</u> Quality Control Procedures, pp. 9–1 to 9–3 IA.4.7.2.1 <i>ISASP Website General Information</i> IA.4.7.2.2 <i>ISASP Website Technology Setup</i>	 ISASP The TM suggests that IDE has conducted analyses to ensure quality of the assessment system but no evidence of the requirement for ongoing monitoring, maintaining, and improving it is provided. QC steps are performed by the State and its vendors, which appear to be technically sound but plans for the future are not detailed. IDE needs to submit evidence on a State system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system. Although the screen shots provided as evidence were blurred, the peers went to the actual website and it demonstrates adequate evidence of technical quality. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.

Critical Element 4.7 – Technical Analysis and Ongoing Maintenance

Section 4.7 Summary Statement

No additional evidence is required or

X The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:

- IDE needs to submit evidence on a State system for monitoring, maintaining, and improving, as needed, the quality of its assessment system, State needs to provide plans for continuous improvement that include some of the following:
 - Master plan for continued development of items and forms for the new assessment
 - State's expectations for ongoing analyses to provide evidence of the use of clear, technically sound criteria
 - Documentation of ongoing maintenance of the assessment program.

SECTION 5: INCLUSION OF ALL STUDENTS

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State has in place procedures to	General Assessments ISASP	ISASP
ensure the inclusion of all public		State documentation makes clear that all students must
elementary and secondary school students	IA.1.4.2.1 <i>Iowa Code Chapter 12</i> , p. 26, section h (2)	participate in either the general or alternate assessment and
with disabilities in the State's assessment		provides guidelines for teams to use in determining which
system. Decisions about how to assess	IA.1.3.3 Iowa's Alternate Assessment Participation	assessment is appropriate. Accommodation procedures and
students with disabilities must be made by	<i>Guidelines</i> , p. 1	the Determining Support Manuals provide additional
a student's IEP Team under IDEA, the		information on how to select accommodations to allow
placement team under Section 504, or the	IA.5.1.2.1 Exemption Policy	students to participate (including a wide variety of
individual or team designated by a district		accommodations and accessibility features).
to make that decision under Title II of the	IA.1.3.3 Iowa's Alternate Assessment Participation	
ADA, as applicable, based on each	Guidelines	Iowa has State Code that supports the inclusion of all
student's individual abilities and needs.		students, and procedural guidelines are in place for students
	IA.5.1.4.1 Graduation Guidance for IEP Teams	taking the ELA, Math, and Science assessments. IEP teams
		are involved in the determinations. Iowa also has alternate
If a State adopts alternate academic	IA 5.1.5.1 Determining Supports for Learning and	assessments and guidelines on their use. Adequate evidence
achievement standards for students with	Performance for All Students, Appendix A, pp. 61-65	was provided on their AA-AAAS, the process the State
the most significant cognitive disabilities	and Appendix B, pp. 66-70	uses for them, and official communications to districts and
and administers an alternate assessment		schools, as well as to parents. The State also monitors each
aligned with those standards under ESEA section 1111(b)(1)(E) and (b)(2)(D),	IA.5.1.5.1 Determining Supports for Learning and Performance for All Students, Appendix A, pp. 61-65	LEA to ensure the 1% cap for participation is followed.
respectively, the State must:	and Appendix B, pp. 66-70	For C.E. 5.1 reviewers did not find evidence that parents of
• Establish guidelines for determining		students assessed with an AA-AAAS are informed that
whether to assess a student with an	IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment	their child's achievement will be measured based on
AA-AAAS, including:	System Accessibility Manual, Tools 3, 4, and 5 on pp.	alternate academic achievement standards; however, they
• A State definition of "students	29-39	found evidence in C.E. 6.4 that meets this requirement.
with the most significant		
cognitive disabilities" that	IA.5.1.7.1 Justification for Exceeding the 1% Cap	AA-AAAS SCIENCE
addresses factors related to		The State has inclusion procedures in place for the Alt
cognitive functioning and	Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE	Science. The evidence on Iowa's AA participation
adaptive behavior;		guidelines and guidance for IEP teams support this. Many
• Provide information for IEP Teams to	AA-SC.1.4.3 Iowa Code Chapter 12	of the documents submitted are similar to those for the
inform decisions about student	-	ISASP.
assessments that:		

Critical Element 5.1 – Procedures for Including Students with Disabilities

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 Provides a clear explanation of the differences between assessments aligned with grade- 	AA-SC.1.3.4 Iowa's Alternate Assessment Participation Guidelines, page 1	AA-AAAS READING AND MATH As requested in the previous peer review, the State provided participation guidelines for the alternate
level academic achievement standards and those aligned with alternate academic	AA-SC.1.3.4 Iowa's Alternate Assessment Participation Guidelines	assessment, including a description of students with significant cognitive disabilities. Similar to the comments made above for ISASP and AA-Science, IDE submitted
achievement standards, including any effects of State and local policies on a student's	AA-SC.1.3.4 <i>Iowa's Alternate Assessment</i> <i>Participation Guidelines</i>	evidence of its process for including SWDs in the other Alt Assessments. Peers judged the process to be adequate for these tests.
education resulting from taking an AA-AAAS, such as how	AA-SC.5.1.1 Graduation Guidance for IEP Teams	
participation in such assessments may delay or otherwise affect the student from completing the	AA-SC.5.1.2 Determining Supports for Learning and Performance for all Students: Appendix A, pages 61- 65	
 requirements for a regular high school diploma; Ensure that parents of students 	AA-SC.5.1.2 <i>Determining Supports for Learning and</i> <i>Performance for all Students Appendix B</i> , pgs. 66-70	
assessed with an AA-AAAS are informed that their child's achievement will be measured based	AA-SC.5.1.3 Justification for Exceeding the 1% Cap	
on alternate academic achievement standards;	Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS READING AND MATH	
• Not preclude a student with the most significant cognitive disabilities who takes an AA-AAAS from attempting to complete the requirements for a	AA-R.5.1.1 Iowa's Alternate Assessment Participation Guidelines, page 1	
 Promote, consistent with 	AA-R.5.1.2 <i>Iowa Statewide Assessment Accessibility</i> <i>Manual</i> , pages 9-24	
requirements under the IDEA, the		
involvement and progress of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities in the general education curriculum that is based on the	AA-R.5.1.1 Iowa's Alternate Assessment Participation Guidelines, page 1	
State's academic content standards		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
for the grade in which the student is		
enrolled; and		
• Develop, disseminate information on,		
and promote the use of appropriate		
accommodations to ensure that a		
student with the most significant		
cognitive disabilities who does not		
take an AA-AAAS participates in		
academic instruction and assessments		
for the grade in which the student is		
enrolled.		
• The State has in place and monitors		
implementation of guidelines for IEP		
teams to apply in determining, on a		
case-by-case basis, which students		
with the most significant cognitive		
disabilities will be assessed based on		
alternate academic achievement		
standards, if applicable. Such		
guidelines must be developed in		
accordance with 34 CFR § 200.6(d). ²		
Section 5.1 Summary Statement		
_X No additional evidence is required or		
The following additional evidence is no	eeded/provide brief rationale:	

² See the full regulation at 34 CFR § 200.6(d) (online at <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-</u>

idx?SID=07e168e9e7a6c5931b4549cc15547ee9&mc=true&node=se34.1.200_16&rgn=div8)

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State has in place procedures to ensure the inclusion of all ELs in public elementary and secondary schools in the State's academic content assessments and clearly communicates this information to districts, schools, teachers, and parents, including, at a minimum: Procedures for determining whether an EL should be assessed with a linguistic accommodation(s); Information on accessibility tools and features available to all students and assessment accommodations available for ELs; Assistance regarding selection of appropriate linguistic accommodations for ELs, including to the extent practicable, assessments in the language most likely to yield accurate and reliable information on what those students know and can do to determine the students' mastery of skills in academic content areas until the students have achieved English language proficiency. 	 General Assessments ISASP IA.1.4.2.1 <i>Iowa Code Chapter 12</i>, p. 26, section h (2) IA.5.2.1.1 <i>School Leader Update Sample</i>, September 2018 IA.5.2.1.2 <i>ISASP Overview of Assessment Bulletin</i>, August 2018 IA.5.2.1.3 <i>DMPS 2019 Statewide Assessment Information letter to parents (English)</i> IA.5.2.1.4 <i>Chapter 6 Tools and Resources for Addressing English Learners with Disabilities</i>, Tool 5, p. 15 IA 5.1.5.1 <i>Determining Supports for Learning and Performance for all Students</i>, p. 12 IA.2.3.1.1 <i>ISASP 2018-19 Accessibility and Accommodations Manual</i>, pp. 9, 17, and 21 IA.2.3.1.5 <i>2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual</i>, Tools 3, 4, and 5 on pp. 29-39 IA.2.3.1.5 <i>2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual</i>, pp. 7-8 Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE 	 State Documentation of Evidence ISASP Iowa has State Code that supports the inclusion of all EL students, and procedural guidelines are in place for students taking the ELA, Math, and Science assessments. The State provides communications to the field on assessing ELs. Guidance is provided on use of appropriate accommodations for ELs. The process that was described is adequate. See Notes for C.E. 4.7 on the reviewer's finding of evidence on communications with parents in a language they can understand. AA-AAAS SCIENCE IDE provided further evidence in addition to that from DLM. Many of the documents are similar to those used with the ISASP.

Critical Element 5.2 – Procedures for Including English Learners in Academic Content Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	AA-SC.1.4.3 Iowa Code Chapter 12	
	AA-SC.5.2.1 School Leader Update Sample - September 2018	
	AA-SC.5.2.2 DMPS 2019 Statewide Assessment Information letter to parents (English)	
	AA-SC.5.1.2 Determining Supports for Learning and Performance for all Students, Appendix A, pages 61- 65 and Appendix B, pages 66-70	
	AA-SC.2.4.4 DLM Accessibility Manual, pages 18-28	
	AA-SC.2.3.2 <i>Iowa Statewide Assessment System</i> <i>Accessibility Manual</i> , Tools 3, 4, and 5 on pages 29- 39.	
	AA-SC.2.3.2 <i>Iowa Statewide Assessment System</i> <i>Accessibility Manual</i> , pages 7-8.	
Section 5.2 Summary Sta	atement	
_XNo additional evidence is	s required or	
The following additional ev	vidence is needed/provide brief rationale:	

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element 5.3 – Accommodations			
Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding	
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence	
The State makes available appropriate	General Assessments ISASP	ISASP	
accommodations and ensures that its		State documentation describes a wide variety of	
assessments are accessible to students	IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment	accommodations available for students with disabilities and	
with disabilities and ELs, including ELs	System Accessibility Manual, pp. 7-8; 9-24; and 29-39.	ELs (including those with disabilities). The TM describes	
with disabilities. Specifically, the State:		scores and reliability for students with and without IEPs	
• Ensures that appropriate	IA.2.3.1.1 ISASP 2018-19 Accessibility and	and EL/non-EL students. Documents show a process to	
accommodations, such as,	Accommodations Manual, pp. 2-16	allow exceptional requests for accommodations. State also	
interoperability with, and ability to		requires an assurance to be provided by districts that they	
use, assistive technology, are	IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Iowa Statewide	will provide accommodations for students (as part of test	
available to measure the academic	Assessment System Accessibility Manual, pp. 40-41	security process). The approach used by IDE meets best	
achievement of students with		practice standards.	
disabilities.	IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Iowa Statewide Assessment		
• Ensures that appropriate	System Accessibility Manual, pp. 8-24	AA-AAAS SCIENCE	
accommodations are available for		Accommodations that are provided for use with the Alt	
ELs;	IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual,	Assessment in science are adequate. IDE submitted	
 Has determined that the 	Appendix B, pp. 16-17	evidence for their use with the DLM tests, many that are	
accommodations it provides (1) are		similar to those for the ISASP.	
appropriate and effective for meeting	IA.2.3.1.1 ISASP 2018-19 Accessibility and		
the individual student's need(s) to	Accommodations Manual, p. i.	AA-AAAS READING AND MATH	
participate in the assessments, (2) do		The Accessibility Manual provides evidence that the	
not alter the construct being assessed,	IA.2.3.1.1 ISASP 2018-19 Accessibility and	accommodations are appropriate and effective. This	
and (3) allow meaningful	Accommodations Manual, p. 11 and 13	manual also describes the process used for exceptional	
interpretations of results and		requests.	
comparison of scores for students	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, pp. 2-10 to 2-20 and		
who need and receive	pp. 3-1 to 3-9	In addition, the reviewers found the after-test accessibility	
accommodations and students who		tool to be an effective way to determine if the student felt	
do not need and do not receive	IA.2.3.1.1 ISASP 2018-19 Accessibility and	the accessibility supports provided were appropriate in the	
accommodations;	Accommodations Manual, p. 1	student's option.	
 Has a process to individually review 			
and allow exceptional requests for a	IA.5.3.3.1 ISASP AEA Curriculum Network 4 Jan 2019,	Since these are new assessments, reviewers recommend the	
small number of students who require	slides 7-9	State consider producing a summary of the frequency of	
accommodations beyond those		use of each accommodation on the State's assessments by	
routinely allowed.	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, pp. 3-1 to 3-9, Table	student characteristics (e.g., students with disabilities and	
 Ensures that accommodations for all 	3.1	disability type, ELs and proficiency levels). This would	
required assessments do not deny		help strengthen the State's monitoring on the use of	
required assessments do not delly	1		

Critical Element 5.3 – Accommodations

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
students with disabilities or ELs the opportunity to participate in the assessment and any benefits from participation in the assessment.	 reference) IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, p. 21, Tool 25: Unique Accommodation Request Application IA.5.3.5.1 ISASP Accessibility and Accommodation Training PowerPoint 2018-2019 IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix B, pp. 16-17 Alternate Assessment AA-AAAS SCIENCE AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, pages 29-39 AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, pages 29-39 AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, pages 5, 8-24 and Appendix B AA-SC.2.3.1 DLM Required Training Module 1 Transcript, pages 5-9 AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix B, pages 15-16 Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS READING AND MATH 	State Documentation or Evidence accommodations by showing how student needs are being met.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	 AA-R.5.1.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment Accessibility Manual, page 59, Tool 15: After-Test Accessibility Questions, AA-R.5.1.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment Accessibility Manual, page 75, Tool 25: Unique Accommodation Request Application 	
Section 5.3 Summary Sta	tement	
_X No additional evidence is	required	
The following additional ev	idence is needed/provide brief rationale:	

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
 The State monitors test administration in its districts and schools to ensure that appropriate assessments, with or without accommodations, are selected for all students with disabilities and ELs so that they are appropriately included in assessments and receive accommodations that are: Consistent with the State's policies for accommodations; 	 General Assessments ISASP IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Monitoring Practices p. 9 and Appendix L: State of Iowa External Monitoring Plan, p. 55, Appendix I: ISASP Monitoring Checklist for Test Security and Ethics, items 22 to 31 IA.2.4.5 Spring Basic Educational Data Survey Reference Manual, pp. 9-10 	ISASP State requires LEAs to monitor testing in addition to its own monitoring of selected sites. Part of the monitoring checklist references accommodations (though the requirement for LEAs to monitor does not require them to report on their findings, just on whether or not they did any monitoring). State also requires assurances in writing from districts regarding providing accommodations as part of test security process. No information on actual outcomes of monitoring were provided.
 Appropriate for addressing a student's disability or language needs for each assessment administered; Consistent with accommodations provided to the students during instruction and/or practice; 	 IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, p. 8 IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19, Appendix B 	Reviewers require evidence on monitoring results, such as a summary report of the findings from the most recent test administrations in the State, including action steps to address and remediate findings.
 Consistent with the assessment accommodations identified by a student's IEP Team under IDEA, placement team convened under Section 504; or for students covered by Title II of the ADA, the individual or team designated by a district to make these decisions; or another process for an EL; Administered with fidelity to test administration procedures; Monitored for administrations of all required academic content assessments and AA-AAAS. 	 IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix I, p. 32 IA.2.3.1.5 2018-2019 Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, Tool 6, p. 40 IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix B: Assurances for Proper and Ethical Test Administration, pp. 16 – 1; Monitoring Practices pp. 9-10; Appendix I: ISASP Monitoring Checklist for Test Security and Ethics, pp. 25-31; and Appendix L: State of Iowa External Monitoring Plan pp. 54-55 	AA-AAAS SCIENCE The same procedures for monitoring ISASP are in place for the Alt Science. Much of the evidence for this is the same, although some other documents were provided that are specific to DLM (see monitoring checklist in TS Manual). A DLM educator portal is also used to make sure all appropriate supports are included for SWDs and EL students. Evidence of monitoring that was provided was of limited value to the reviewers (see DLM extract). Reviewers require evidence on monitoring results, such as a summary report of the findings from the most recent test administrations in the State, including action steps to address and remediate findings.
	IA.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix L, State of Iowa External Monitoring Plan, pp. 54-55	AA-AAAS READING AND MATH State evidence includes a description of how to conduct an observation on behalf of the consortium and what info is collected (Kite Collector app and questions), plus an

Critical Element 5.4 – Monitoring Test Administration for Special Populations

Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	State Documentation or Evidence
Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS SCIENCE	excerpt from monitoring observations conducted during 2018-19. The only piece not included but requested in the
AA-SC.2.4.3 Spring Basic Educational Survey	previous peer review is a summary of findings from the
	observations and action steps to remediate them, including
	information on accommodations for students with IEPs and
AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 9, 41-56	EL students.
	Therefore, since the State did not submit required evidence
AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System	as requested from the previous peer review, the reviewers
	require evidence on monitoring results, such as a summary
	report of the findings from the most recent test
AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security	administrations in the State, including action steps to
Manual, Appendix K	address and remediate findings.
AA-SC.5.4.1 DLM Educator Portal User Guide 2019-2020, pages 29-41	
AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, Tool 6, page 40	
AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, page 55	
AA-SC.5.4.2 Kite Collector App	
AA-SC.5.4.2 DLM Administration Monitoring AA-SC.5.4.2 DLM Monitoring Extract	
Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS READING AND MATH	
AA-R.2.5.8 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 9, 41-56	
AA-R.5.4.1 DLM Kite Collector App AA-R.5.4.2 Kite Collector Questions for Test	
	reference)Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS SCIENCEAA-SC.2.4.3 Spring Basic Educational Survey Reference Manual, pages 9-10AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, pages 9, 41-56AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, page 8AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, Appendix KAA-SC.5.4.1 DLM Educator Portal User Guide 2019- 2020, pages 29-41AA-SC.2.3.2 Iowa Statewide Assessment System Accessibility Manual, Tool 6, page 40AA-SC.2.4.1 2019-2020 State of Iowa Test Security Manual, apge 55AA-SC.5.4.2 Kite Collector App AA-SC.5.4.2 DLM Administration Monitoring AA-SC.5.4.2 DLM Monitoring ExtractAlternate Assessments AA-AAAS READING AND MATHAA-R.5.4.1 DLM Kite Collector AppAA-SC.5.4.1 DLM Kite Collector App

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	AA-R.5.4.3 DLM Monitoring Extract	
Section 5.4 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or		
 X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: General assessment Reviewers require evidence on monitoring results, such as a summary report of the findings from the most recent test administrations in the State, including action steps to address and remediate findings. Alt-assessment – ELA, math Since the State did not submit required evidence as requested from the previous peer review, the reviewers require evidence on monitoring results, such a a summary report of the findings from the most recent test administrations in the State, including action steps to address and remediate findings. 		, the reviewers require evidence on monitoring results, such as

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
For academic content standards:	General Assessments ISASP	ISASP
The State formally adopted <u>challenging</u> academic achievement standards in reading/language arts, mathematics, and science for all students, specifically:	IA.6.1.1 Final Executed MOU 8.6.18, p. 2 IA.6.1.2 2019-09-12 Statewide Assessment, pp. 2-5	IDE submitted evidence on the process for formally adopting State achievement standards in ELA, Math, and Science and final approval by the BOE. Info on the PLD and cut scores for these standards was also provided. The evidence is adequate to meet the requirements.
• The State formally adopted academic achievement standards in the required tested grades and, at its option, alternate academic achievement standards for students with the most	 IA.6.1.3 Iowa State Board of Education Minutes 9.12.19, pp. 7-8 IA.1.4.2.1 Iowa Code Chapter 12 p. 26 	AA-AAAS SCIENCE No evidence of the <u>formal adoption</u> of the achievement standards as required in this critical element was included in the State submission for peer review. State Board
 significant cognitive disabilities; The State applies its academic achievement standards to all public elementary and secondary school 	IA.6.1.3 <i>Iowa State Board of Education Minutes</i> 9.12.19, pp. 7-8	 minutes show that a presentation was given on science conscores but no record of formal Board action is shown. (State notes that that because "the …Board…declined to act on any of the items contained in the presentation;
students enrolled in the grade to which they apply, with the exception of students with the most significant cognitive disabilities to whom	IA.2.1.1.3 ISASP ELA PLD IA.2.1.1.4 ISASP Math PLD IA.2.1.1.5 ISASP Science PLD	therefore, the State Board of Education implicitly approve theacademic achievement standards." Reviewers require evidence of formal adoption of these achievement standards.
alternate academic achievement standards may apply; The State's academic achievement standards and, as applicable, alternate	IA.2.1.1.6 ISASP Cut Score Ranges Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS SCIENCE	It was noted that the standard-setting report shows that there are 4 performance levels and provides information about the competencies associated with each level.
academic achievement standards, include: (1) at least three levels of achievement, with two for high achievement and a third	AA-SC.1.1.1 August 2015 Iowa State Board of Education Minutes, pages 3-4	
for lower achievement; (2) descriptions of the competencies associated with each	AA-SC.1.4.3 Iowa Code Chapter 12, page 26	
achievement level; and (3) achievement scores that differentiate among the	AA-SC.6.1.2 DLM Science Standard Setting 2016, pages 12-13	
achievement levels.	AA-SC.6.1.1 Final Executed MOU 2015-2016	

SECTION 6: ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT STANDARDS AND REPORTING Critical Element 6.1 – State Adoption of Academic Achievement Standards for All Students

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence	
Section 6.1 Summary Statement	Section 6.1 Summary Statement		
No additional evidence is required or			
 X_ The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale: Alt-Science Evidence that the State formally adopted alternate academic achievement standards for science for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities. 			

	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
 Academic achievement standards and, as applicable, alternate academic achievement standards. 	 General Assessments ISASP IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i>, Chapter 5 Performance Standards, pp. 5-1 to 5-7 IA.4.1.3.1 2019 <i>ISASP Standard Setting Technical</i> <i>Report</i> IA.2.1.1.3 <i>ISAS ELA PLD</i> IA.2.1.1.4 <i>ISASP Math PLD</i> IA.2.1.1.5 <i>ISASP Science PLD</i> IA.6.1.3 <i>Iowa State Board of Education Minutes</i> 9.12.19, pp. 7-8 IA.2.1.1.6 <i>ISASP Cut Score Ranges</i> 	 ISASP Adequate evidence was submitted on the methods and process used to set cut scores and achievement standards – see info in the TM and Standard Setting Report. They were approved by the State BOE. AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E.
Section 6.2 Summary Statement		
X No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is pee	eded/provide brief rationale:	
The following additional evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:		

Critical Element 6.2 – Achievement Standards Setting

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
For academic achievement standards: The State's academic achievement standards are challenging and aligned with the State's academic content standards and with entrance requirements	General Assessments ISASP IA.3.1.1 K-12 Literacy Iowa Core Standards IA.3.1.2 K-12 Mathematics Iowa Core Standards IA.3.1.3 K-12 Iowa Science Standards	ISASP The State PLD descriptors show how the achievement levels are related to the State's academic content standards. The standard-setting report shows how the PLDs were used to help set cut scores as well as the process used to
for credit-bearing coursework in the system of public higher education in the State and relevant State career and technical education standards such that a student who scores at the proficient or above level has mastered what students are expected to know and be able to do by	IA.2.1.1.3 ISASP ELA PLD IA.2.1.1.4 ISASP Math PLD IA.2.1.1.5 ISASP Science PLD IA.4.1.3.1 ISASP Standard Setting Technical Report	 vertically articulate the cut scores. Panelist feedback (p.50- 55) shows that most panelists agreed with the PLDs and were confident about cut scores. No information about how the achievement standards align to college entrance requirements or career and technical education standards was provided.
the time they graduate from high school in order to succeed in college and the workforce. If the State has adopted alternate	 IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, Chapter 2 Test Development, pp. 2-1 to 2-14 IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, Chapter 5 Performance Standards, pp. 5-1 to 5-7 	AA-AAAS SCIENCE No further evidence was needed from IDE as DLM responded to this C.E. More evidence is forthcoming from DLM in Dec 2020.
academic achievement standards for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities, the alternate academic achievement standards (1) are aligned with the State's challenging academic achievement standards for the grade	IA.6.1.3 Iowa State Board of Education Minutes 9.12.19, pp. 7-8 IA.2.1.1.6 ISASP Cut Score Ranges	
academic content standards for the grade in which a student is enrolled; (2) promote access to the general curriculum consistent with the IDEA; (3) reflect professional judgment as to the highest possible standards achievable for such		
students; (4) are designated in the IEP for each student for whom alternate academic achievement standards apply; and (5) are aligned to ensure that a student who meets the alternate academic achievement standards is on track to pursue		

Critical Element 6.3 – Challenging and Aligned Academic Achievement Standards

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
postsecondary education or competitive integrated employment.		
Section 6.3 Summary StatementNo additional evidence is required or		
		academic content standards and with entrance requirements for State career and technical education standards.

Chucai Element 6.4 – Reporting	Fridance (Decend decement and many #for fritance	Comments/Notes/Oresting/Suggesting Depending
Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The State reports its assessment results for all students assessed, and the reporting facilitates timely, appropriate, credible,	General Assessments ISASP IA.6.4.1.1 Sample of Iowa School Performance Profile-	ISASP IDE provided evidence describing how it will make results for all students available on its website via school profiles.
and defensible interpretations and uses of those results by parents, educators, State	Proficiency (2018) IA.6.4.1.2 Sample of Iowa School Performance Profile-	This was posted in early 2020 and reviewers checked it during peer review (note that the samples provided in the submission were from 2018).
officials, policymakers and other stakeholders, and the public.	Growth (2018)	State provided evidence of several presentations to groups
The State reports to the public its assessment results on student academic	IA.6.4.1.3 Sample of Iowa School Performance Profile- Achievement (2018)	which describe the results in terms of standard setting. The State provides interpretive guides for educators and parents regarding how to appropriately use scores and describing
<u>achievement for all students and each</u> <u>student group at each achievement</u> <u>level³</u>	IA.6.4.1.4 <i>State Board Meeting_9-12-2019</i> , pp. 17, 21, 25	their meaning and relationship to standards, as well as assessment design. Sample reports are also provided. The reports were reviewed and approved by key stakeholders in
	IA.6.4.1.5 ISASP Statewide Assessment System	Iowa. Interpretive guides, letters, and student reports and
For academic content assessments, the	Advisory Committee 10-02-19, pp. 22, 23, 24	PLDs for families are available in Spanish, Vietnamese,
State reports assessment results, including		and Chinese. State also directs users to contact them if
itemized score analyses, to districts and	IA.6.4.1.6 ISASP Curriculum Network 10-04-19, pp.	additional support with language or accessibility of report
schools so that parents, teachers,	19, 20, 21	information is needed.
principals, and administrators can		
interpret the results and address the	IA.2.1.1.7 ISASP Interpretive Manual for Educators	State notes that timeline for 2019 results was not the same
specific academic needs of students, and	pp. 14-22	as what will be used for future assessments. However, no
the State also provides interpretive guides		evidence was provided of a future timeline to provide
to support appropriate uses of the	IA.3.3.1 2019 ISASP Annual Statistical Report	results to districts, schools, and teachers in time to allow
assessment results.	<u>Reading</u> , pp. 53-188	for their use before the next school year.
• The State provides for the production	Language/Writing, pp. 238-373	
and delivery of individual student	Mathematics, pp. 425-560	The State should consider translating the statement on the
interpretive, descriptive, and	<u>Science</u> , pp. 591-627	webpage regarding the need for additional support in
diagnostic reports after each		understanding test scores and reports into other languages.
administration of its academic	IA.2.1.1.7 ISASP Interpretive Manual for Educators	
content assessments that:		AA-AAAS SCIENCE

Critical Element 6.4 – Reporting

³ Although all students with disabilities must be included in a State's assessment system, requirements for public reporting in ESEA section 1111(h)(1)(C)(ii) apply only to children with disabilities as defined in section 602(3) of the IDEA.

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critica	Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
		reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
0	Provide valid and reliable	IA.6.4.2.1 ISASP Iowa Percentile Ranks for 2019	IDE provided evidence describing how it will make results
	information regarding a		for all students available on its website via school profiles.
	<u>student's academic</u>	IA.2.2.1 ISASP Technical Manual, Chapter 4 Reports,	This was posted in early 2020 and reviewers checked it
	achievement;	pp. 4-1 to 4-6	during peer review (note that the samples provided in the
0	Report the <u>student's academic</u>		submission were from 2018).
	achievement in terms of the	IA.2.1.1.7 ISASP Interpretive Manual for Educators	
	State's grade-level academic		The State provides interpretive guides for educators and
	achievement standards;	IA.2.1.1.11 ISASP Interpretive Information for Families	parents regarding how to appropriately use scores and
0	Provide information to help		describing their meaning and relationship to standards, as
	parents, teachers, and principals	IA.2.1.1.7 ISASP Interpretive Manual for Educators	well as assessment design. Sample reports are also
	interpret the test results and		provided. The reports were reviewed and approved by key
	address the specific <u>academic</u>	IA.6.4.2.1 ISASP Iowa Percentile Ranks for 2019	stakeholders in Iowa. Interpretive guides, letters, and
_	needs of students;	IA 221 ISASD Technical Manual Chanter A Departs	student reports and PLDs for families are available in
0	Are provided in an uniform	IA.2.2.1 <i>ISASP Technical Manual</i> , Chapter 4 Reports,	Spanish, Vietnamese, and Chinese. State also directs users to contact them if additional support with language or
	format;	pp. 4-1 to 4-6	accessibility of report information is needed.
0	Are, to the extent practicable,	IA.6.4.3.1 ISASP Website Information for Families	accessionity of report information is needed.
0	written in a language that parents	IA.0.4.3.1 ISAS1 Website Information for Fumilies	State notes that timeline for 2019 results was not the same
	and guardians can understand or,	IA.6.4.3.2 ISASP Interpretive Information for Families	as what will be used for future assessments. However, no
	if it is not practicable to provide	in Spanish	evidence was provided of a future timeline to provide
	written translations to a parent or	in Spanish	results to districts, schools, and teachers in time to allow
	guardian with limited English	IA.2.1.1.8 ISASP Student Sample ISR	for their use before the next school year.
	proficiency, are orally translated		for their use before the next sensor year.
	for such parent or guardian;	IA.6.4.3.3 ISASP Student Sample ISR in Spanish	
0	Upon request by a parent who is		
Ũ	an individual with a disability as	IA.2.1.1.12 ISASP Performance Level Descriptors	
	defined by the ADA, as	English and Spanish	
	amended, are provided in an		
	alternative format accessible to	IA.1.4.2.2 ISASP Test Administration Manual 2018-19,	
	that parent.	State-designated testing window, p. iii	
• The	e State follows a process and		
	eline for delivering individual	IA.6.4.4.1 ISASP Interpretation of Results	
	dent reports to parents, teachers,	- *	
	principals as soon as practicable	Alternate Assessments AA-AAAS SCIENCE	
	er each test administration.		
		AA-SC.6.4.1 Draft Alternate Assessment Iowa School	
		Performance Profile	

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
	AA-SC.6.4.2 Parent Interpretive Guide IA	State Documentation of Evidence
	AA-SC.6.4.3 Parent Interpretive Guide IA Spanish	
	AA-SC.6.4.4 <i>Talking to Parents about DLM Score</i> <i>Reports</i>	
	AA-SC.6.4.5 <i>How Can Score Reports be Used?</i> <i>Transcript</i>	
	AA-SC.1.3.2 Alternate Assessment Commencement Email 2018-2019	
Section 6.4 Summary Sta	tement	
No additional evidence is re	quired or	
_X The following additional	evidence is needed/provide brief rationale:	
	ent-ELA, Math, Science and the Alt Science: has a process and future timeline for delivering individual student rep	ports to parents, teachers, and principals as soon as practicabl

after each test administration

SECTION 7: LOCALLY SELECTED NATIONALLY RECOGNIZED HIGH SCHOOL ACADEMIC ASSESSMENTS (**if applicable**; evidence for this section would be submitted in ADDITION to evidence for sections 1 through 6)

Critical Element 7.1 – State Procedures for the Use of Locally Selected, Nationally Recognized High School Academ	nic
Assessments	

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
The State has established technical criteria to use in its review of any submission of a locally selected, nationally recognized high school academic assessment. The State has completed this review using its established technical criteria and has found the assessment meets its criteria prior to submitting for the Department's assessment peer review.		
 The State's technical criteria include a determination that the assessment: Is aligned with the challenging State academic standards; and Addresses the depth and breadth of those standards. 		
AND The State has procedures in place to ensure that a district that chooses to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessment administers the same assessment to all high school students in the district except for students with the most significant cognitive disabilities who may be assessed with an AA-AAAS.		

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
AND		
 The technical criteria established by the State in reviewing a locally selected, nationally recognized high school academic assessment must ensure that the use of appropriate accommodations does not deny a student with a disability or an EL— The opportunity to participate in the assessment; and Any of the benefits from participation in the assessment that are afforded to students without disabilities or students who are not ELs. 		
Section 7.1 Summary Statement		
 No additional evidence is required or The following additional evidence is no [list additional evidence needed was 	-	

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence

Element 7.2 – State Monitoring of Districts Regarding the Use of Locally Selected, Nationally Recognized High School Academic Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence

Consistent with the note on page 1, the evidence requested by the peer reviewers does not necessarily reflect the final set of additional evidence, if any, that a State may need to submit to demonstrate that its assessment system meets all of the critical elements for the assessment peer review. As a result, a State should refer to the letter to the State, including the list of additional evidence needed, if any, from the Department.

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding
	future reference)	State Documentation or Evidence
The locally selected, nationally recognized high		
school academic assessment:		
• Is equivalent to or more rigorous than the		
statewide assessment, with respect to-		
• The coverage of academic content;		
• The difficulty of the assessment;		
• The overall quality of the assessment;		
and		
• Any other aspects of the assessment		
that the State may establish in its		
technical criteria;		
• Produces valid and reliable data on student		
academic achievement with respect to all		
high school students and each subgroup of		
high school students in the district that—		
• Are comparable to student academic		
achievement data for all high school		
students and each subgroup of high		
school students produced by the		
statewide assessment at each academic		
achievement level;		
• Are expressed in terms consistent with		
the State's academic achievement		
standards; and		
• Provide unbiased, rational, and		
consistent differentiation among		
schools within the State for the		
purpose of the State determined		
accountability system including		
calculating the Academic		
Achievement indicator and annually		
meaningfully differentiating between		
schools.		

Element 7.3 – Comparability of the Locally Selected Nationally Recognized High School Academic Assessments with the State Assessments

Critical Element	Evidence (Record document and page # for future reference)	Comments/Notes/Questions/Suggestions Regarding State Documentation or Evidence
Section 7.3 Summary Staten	ient	
No additional evidence is require	red or	
 The following additional evider [list additional evidence new 	nce is needed/provide brief rationale: eded w/brief rationale]	