**GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY EDUCATION RELIEF FUND**
**PART A: CERTIFICATION AND AGREEMENT COVER SHEET**
**(CFDA Nos. 84.425C)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Legal Name (Office of the Governor):</th>
<th>DUNS Number:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Governor Ron DeSantis</td>
<td>785319963</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Address (Street Number and Name, City, State, Zip Code):</th>
<th>Contact Information for State Program Representative:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Executive Office of Governor Ron DeSantis 400 S Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399</td>
<td>Name: Suzanne Pridgeon</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Position &amp; Office: Deputy Commissioner, Finance and Operations Florida Department of Education</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Street Number and Name, City, State, Zip Code: 325 W. Gaines Street, Suite 1214 Tallahassee, FL 32399-0400</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telephone: (850)245-9244</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Email address: <a href="mailto:Suzanne.Pridgeon@fldoe.org">Suzanne.Pridgeon@fldoe.org</a></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

To the best of my knowledge and belief, all of the information and data in this certification and agreement are true and correct. I acknowledge and agree that the failure to comply with all Assurances and Certifications in this Agreement, all relevant provisions and requirements of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act or CARES Act, Pub. L. No. 116-136 (March 27, 2020), or any other applicable law or regulation may result in liability under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729, et seq.; OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) in 2 CFR part 180, as adopted and amended as regulations of the Department in 2 CFR part 3485; and 18 USC § 1001, as appropriate.

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<tr>
<th>Governor or Authorized Representative of the Governor (Typed Name):</th>
<th>Telephone:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ron DeSantis</td>
<td>850-717-9049</td>
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<tr>
<th>Signature of Governor or Authorized Representative of the Governor:</th>
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<td>5/04/20</td>
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Form Approved OMB Number: 1810-0741 Expiration Date: 10/31/2020
GOVERNOR’S EMERGENCY EDUCATION RELIEF FUND
PART B: PROGRAMMATIC, FISCAL, AND REPORTING ASSURANCES

The Governor or his/her authorized representative assures the following:

• Solely as authorized by Section 18002 of Division B of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), Pub. L. No. 116-136 (March 27, 2020), and subject to all other applicable laws, funds will be used for one or more of the following:
  o To provide emergency support through grants to the local educational agencies (LEAs) that the State educational agency (SEA) deems most significantly impacted by COVID-19 to support the ability of such LEAs to continue to provide educational services to public and non-public school students and to support the on-going functionality of the LEA;
  o To provide emergency support through grants to institutions of higher education (IHEs) serving students within the State that the Governor determines have been most significantly impacted by COVID-19 to support the ability of such institutions to continue to provide educational services and support the on-going functionality of the institution; and
  o To provide support to any other IHE, LEA, or education-related entity within the State that the Governor deems essential for carrying out emergency educational services to students for authorized activities described in Section 18003(d)(1) of the CARES Act or the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (HEA), the provision of childcare and early childhood education, social and emotional support, and the protection of education-related jobs.

• The State will comply with the maintenance of effort provision in Section 18008(a) of Division B of the CARES Act absent waiver by the Secretary pursuant to Section 18008(b) thereof.

• The State, and each LEA, IHE, and other education-related entity that receives GEER funds will, to the greatest extent practicable, continue to pay its employees and contractors during the period of any disruptions or closures related to COVID-19 in compliance with Section 18006 of Division B of the CARES Act.

• The State will submit to the Department, within 45 days of receiving GEER funds, an initial report detailing the State’s process for awarding those funds to LEAs, IHEs, or other education-related entities, including the criteria for determining those entities that are “most significantly impacted by coronavirus” and/or “essential for carrying out emergency educational services” and a description of the process and deliberations involved in formulating those criteria.

• The State will use its best efforts to provide grant funding on an expedited basis.

• The State will comply with all reporting requirements including those in Section 15011(b)(2) of Division B of the CARES Act and submit required quarterly reports to the Secretary, at such time and in such manner and containing such information as the Secretary may reasonably require in the future. (See also 2 CFR 200.327-200.329). The Secretary may require additional reporting in the future, which may include:
  o Specific entities awarded GEER funds by the Governor;
  o Uses of funds by the SEA, LEAs, IHEs, or other educational entities and demonstration of their compliance with Section 18002(c), including any use of funds was applied to support addressing digital divide and related issues in distance learning;
The number of public and non-public schools that received funds or services; and
A description of the internal controls the State has in place to ensure that funds were used for allowable purposes and in accordance with cash management principles.

- Generally speaking, the Department does not expect administrative or executive salaries and benefits for IHEs, SEAs, or the other education related entities referenced at § 18002(c)(3) to be a lawful purpose for GEER funds.

- Similarly, the Department does expect increased reporting requirements if these funds are used for payments to education related entities. If a State, in the exercise of its discretion, allows GEER funds to be used accordingly, then it must report the amount of GEER funds (a) (i) used for, to subsidize, or to offset administrative or executive salaries and benefits and/or (ii) provided to or for the benefit of state, local, or IHE teacher or faculty unions or associations; and (b) a detailed description of the evidence providing a reasoned basis for the determination such funds (if any) are necessary to provide educational services to students and/or to support the on-going functionality of a LEA or IHE, or are otherwise specifically authorized by the plain statutory language and context of § 18002(e)(3) of the CARES Act.

- The State will ensure that an LEA receiving GEER funds will provide equitable services to students and teachers in non-public schools located within the LEA in the same manner as provided under section 1117 of the ESEA, as determined through timely and meaningful consultation with representatives of non-public schools.

- The State will ensure that a public agency will maintain control of funds for the services and assistance provided to a non-public school under the GEER Fund.

- The State will ensure that a public agency will have title to materials, equipment, and property purchased with GEER funds.

- The State will ensure that services to a non-public school with GEER funds will be provided by a public agency directly, or through contract with, another public or private entity.

- The State will ensure that every recipient and subrecipient of GEER funds will cooperate with any examination of records with respect to such funds by making records available for inspection, production, and examination, and authorized individuals available for interview and examination, upon the request of (i) the Department and/or its Inspector General; or (ii) any other federal agency, commission, or department in the lawful exercise of its jurisdiction and authority.

- The State will return to the Secretary any funds received under the GEER Fund that the State does not award within 1 year of receiving such funds.

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**Governor or Authorized Representative of the Governor (Typed Name):**

Ron DeSantis

**Signature:**

[Signature]

**Date:**

[Date]
GOVERNOR’S EMERGENCY EDUCATION RELIEF FUND
PART C: USES OF GOVERNOR’S EMERGENCY EDUCATION FUNDS

Section 18002 of Division B of the CARES Act provides in relevant part that grants awarded under the Governor’s Emergency Education Relief Fund be used to support the ability of local educational agencies (LEAs) and institutions of higher education (IHEs) to continue to provide educational services to their students. The Department is interested in learning how and to what extent each State intends to use the award, or a portion of the award, to establish, develop, improve, or expand the availability, accessibility, capacity, and use of remote learning techniques and technologies which includes both distance education as defined in section 103(7) of the HEA and distance learning as defined in ESEA section 8101(14). The Department requests the following information:

1. Does the State intend to use any of the awarded funds to support remote learning for all students? Yes.

   a. Please describe whether the State considered conducting an assessment of the barriers to implementing effective remote learning for all students, or utilizing an existing assessment, to help target resources toward greatest needs.

      Florida’s public education system finished the 2019-2020 school year remotely utilizing a hybrid of digital and distance learning methods of delivery, ensuring continuation of the best possible educational services to our students. The Florida Virtual School, alone, expanded its capacity to serve 2.7 million students and provided 100 free courses to all schools in Florida.

      While Florida’s focus is on safely reopening schools, best practices need to be established to ensure schools are prepared to transition to remote learning in the event of unanticipated campus closures in the future. Florida has been gathering input and data to inform the development of the State’s CARES Act Plan, specifically engaging parents, local districts, charter schools and private schools using surveys and dialogue through webinars, conference calls and meetings. The data gathered through this assessment process has helped our State to better understand the opportunities and barriers to most effectively engage and deploy distance learning as a tool to ensure the continuity of learning and academic growth for our students. The results of the surveys and data collected from the engagement with stakeholders will be used to help develop continuity plans and target resources with a focus on improving academic achievement, closing achievement gaps and ensuring access to high-quality learning opportunities.

   b. With respect to LEAs, please describe how the State intends to use the funds to help students and teachers adopt or improve remote learning that serves all students, including students with disabilities, students from low-income families, charter school students, and non-public school students.

      Florida, in an effort to support the needs of all schools took steps in April 2020 to help expand access for distance learning:

      - The Florida Department of Education’s (FDOE) direct support organization, the Florida Education Foundation, awarded grants valued
at over $300,000 in Distance Learning Innovation Mini-Grants to 44 public schools, school districts and non-profit organizations. This program supports education entities in need and helps create innovative solutions for distance learning that benefit students, educators and families.

- FDOE also identified funding within the agency’s pre-existing budget to provide 32,000 devices to students who did not have a device that would enable them to participate in online distance learning.

Florida works hand in hand with parents, teachers, educational leaders, and community members to improve Florida’s education system for all students, regardless of where they attend school. To maximize the impact to our students and educators, Florida’s plan combines the Governor’s Emergency Education Relief (GEER) and the State Educational Agency’s (SEA) Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) funds and will encourage school districts to invest in initiatives that close achievement gaps and ensure access to high-quality learning opportunities.

In Florida’s CARES Act Plan, one of our greatest strategies is focused on building the capacity of our educators to deliver the most effective, evidence-informed instructional practices with the goal of closing student achievement gaps at all schools. As a leader in the expansion of school choice, including scholarship programs, the State has included all schools, charter and non-public schools, throughout its response efforts, and will continue to do so.

As part of the State’s strategy, FDOE has been working with districts and schools to develop high quality Instructional Continuity Plans (ICP). The ICP developed by each school and district will identify the curriculum and content used to support teaching and learning, as well as steps for monitoring student progress in courses that are delivered through virtual and distance learning. An ICP is a plan for implementing distance learning in the event of unanticipated campus closures. Florida intends to use ESSER to provide funding for the 67 county school district LEAs and the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind to support the effective implementation of their ICPs. All LEAs receiving funding for ICPs are required to serve all students within their jurisdictions, including students with disabilities; charter school students; and, through the provision of equitable services, non-public school students.

In addition, the Florida plan will expand beyond instructional practices for distance learning with a focus also on supporting the special education and mental health needs of students. A strategy will be deployed with a focus on extending school-based supports and special education services, such as counseling and other targeted interventions through virtual and distance-supported options.

Governor DeSantis has set the course for the safe re-opening of Florida’s school campuses as soon as possible, and has already announced the resumption of summer activities for students. Efforts will be required to implement summer or other recovery efforts to quickly and safely mitigate any learning gaps caused by
the interruption of instructional services. COVID-19 is a rapidly evolving emergency, and the response must be strategic as well as nimble. GEER funds may be used to support LEAs in implementing their ICPs or to support LEA recovery efforts, as those needs crystalize during the pandemic and the recovery from it.

c. With respect to IHEs, please describe how the State intends to focus expenditures to ensure that all institutions – public and private – have the needed supports to continue executing their missions and educating their students.

Florida’s system of higher education is comprised of the state’s universities, the state college system, career and technical institutions, and private colleges and universities. All sectors have endured interruptions of services and have had to implement ICPs, including transitioning to remote learning. All sectors will continue to incur costs associated with recovery efforts. All of the IHE sectors have been adversely economically impacted, and Florida will examine resources available to each to respond to the emergency.

Florida’s plan recognizes the pivotal role postsecondary educational institutions play in the state’s economic recovery and will focus on critical needs areas.

2. Does the State intend to use any of the awarded funds to support technological capacity and access – including hardware and software, connectivity, and instructional expertise – to support remote learning for all students? If so, please describe how the State will achieve its goals for both LEAs and IHEs.

a. Please describe the strategies used to serve disadvantaged populations listed in Sec. 18003(d)(4) of the CARES Act.

Yes. Florida’s GEER and SEA’s ESSER funding plan will assist LEAs in designing ICPs that meet the unique needs of each district. Florida LEAs and IHEs will address the needs of disadvantaged populations within their jurisdictions through thoughtful and targeted use of their funds allocated under the ESSER Fund and the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund.

3. Does the State intend to use any of the awarded funds to support remote learning by developing new informational and academic resources and expanding awareness of, and access to, best practices and innovations in remote learning and support for students, families, and educators? If so, please identify, generally, the resources, best practices, and innovations that the State intends to develop and expand.

Yes, Florida’s plan will identify the resources necessary to ensure instructional continuity, prepare our schools to reopen safely and ready for success and to eliminate achievement gaps, which have likely been exacerbated by this crisis.
GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY EDUCATION RELIEF FUND
PART D: OTHER ASSURANCES AND CERTIFICATIONS

The Governor or his/her authorized representative assures or certifies the following:

- The State will comply with all applicable assurances in OMB Standard Forms 424B and D (Assurances for Non-Construction and Construction Programs), including the assurances relating to the legal authority to apply for assistance; access to records; conflict of interest; merit systems; nondiscrimination; Hatch Act provisions; labor standards; flood hazards; historic preservation; protection of human subjects; animal welfare; lead-based paint; Single Audit Act; and the general agreement to comply with all applicable Federal laws, executive orders, and regulations.

- With respect to the certification regarding lobbying in Department Form 80-0013, no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the making or renewal of Federal grants under this program; the State will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, “Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying,” when required (34 CFR part 82, Appendix B); and the State will require the full certification, as set forth in 34 CFR part 82, Appendix A, in the award documents for all subawards at all tiers.

- Any LEA receiving funding under this program will have on file with the State a set of assurances that meets the requirements of Section 442 of the General Education Provisions Act (GEPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232e.

- To the extent applicable, an LEA will include in its local application a description of how the LEA will comply with the requirements of Section 427 of GEPA, 20 U.S.C. 1228a. The description must include information on the steps the LEA proposes to take to permit students, teachers, and other program beneficiaries to overcome barriers (including barriers based on gender, race, color, national origin, disability, and age) that impede access to, or participation in, the program.

- The State and other entities will comply with the provisions of all applicable acts, regulations, and assurances; the provisions of the Education Department General Administrative Regulations in 34 CFR parts 75, 76, 77, 81, 82, 84, 86, 97, 98, and 99; the OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) in 2 CFR part 180, as adopted and amended as regulations of the Department in 2 CFR part 3485; and the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards in 2 CFR part 200, as adopted and amended as regulations of the Department in 2 CFR part 3474.

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<tr>
<th>Governor or Authorized Representative of the Governor (Typed Name):</th>
<th>Ron DeSantis</th>
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<td>Signature:</td>
<td>[Signature]</td>
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<tr>
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Appendix A: Relevant Excerpts from Title VIII of Division B of the CARES Act, the Emergency Appropriations for Coronavirus Health Response and Agency Operations

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
EDUCATION STABILIZATION FUND
For an additional amount for "Education Stabilization Fund", $30,750,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2021, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus, domestically or internationally: Provided, That such amount is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(I) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

GENERAL PROVISIONS
EDUCATION STABILIZATION FUND
SEC. 18001. (a) ALLOCATIONS.—From the amount made available under this heading in this Act to carry out the Education Stabilization Fund, the Secretary shall first allocate—
(1) not more than 1/2 of 1 percent to the outlying areas on the basis of their respective needs, as determined by the Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior;
(2) one-half of 1 percent for the Secretary of Interior, in consultation with the Secretary of Education, for programs operated or funded by the Bureau of Indian Education; and
(3) 1 percent for grants to States with the highest coronavirus burden to support activities under this heading in this Act, for which the Secretary shall issue a notice inviting applications not later than 30 days of enactment of this Act and approve or deny applications not later than 30 days after receipt.

(b) RESERVATIONS.—After carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary shall reserve the remaining funds made available as follows:
(1) 9.8 percent to carry out section 18002 of this title.
(2) 43.9 percent to carry out section 18003 of this title.
(3) 46.3 percent to carry out section 18004 of this title.

GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY EDUCATION RELIEF FUND
SEC. 18002. (a) GRANTS.—From funds reserved under section 18001(b)(1) of this title, the Secretary shall make Emergency Education Relief grants to the Governor of each State with an approved application. The Secretary shall issue a notice inviting applications not later than 30 days of enactment of this Act and shall approve or deny applications not later than 30 days after receipt.

(b) ALLOCATIONS.—The amount of each grant under subsection (a) shall be allocated by the Secretary to each State as follows:
(1) 50 percent on the basis of their relative population
of individuals aged 5 through 24.
(2) 40 percent on the basis of their relative number of
children counted under section 1124(c) of the Elementary and
Secondary Education Act of 1965 (referred to under this heading
as “ESEA”).
(c) USES OF FUNDS.—Grant funds awarded under subsection
(b) may be used to—
(1) provide emergency support through grants to local educational
agencies that the State educational agency deems have
been most significantly impacted by coronavirus to support
the ability of such local educational agencies to continue to
provide educational services to their students and to support
the on-going functionality of the local educational agency;
(2) provide emergency support through grants to institutions
of higher education serving students within the State
that the Governor determines have been most significantly
impacted by coronavirus to support the ability of such institutions
to continue to provide educational services and support
the on-going functionality of the institution; and
(3) provide support to any other institution of higher education,
local educational agency, or education related entity
within the State that the Governor deems essential for carrying
out emergency educational services to students for authorized
activities described in section 18003(d)(1) of this title or the
Higher Education Act, the provision of child care and early
childhood education, social and emotional support, and the
protection of education-related jobs.
(d) REALLOCATION.—Each Governor shall return to the Secretary
any funds received under this section that the Governor
does not award within one year of receiving such funds and the
Secretary shall reallocate such funds to the remaining States in
accordance with subsection (b).

ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND
SEC. 18003. (a) GRANTS.—From funds reserved under section
18001(b)(2) of this title, the Secretary shall make elementary and
secondary school emergency relief grants to each State educational
agency with an approved application. The Secretary shall issue
a notice inviting applications not later than 30 days of enactment
of this Act and approve or deny applications not later than 30
days after receipt.
(b) ALLOCATIONS TO STATES.—The amount of each grant under
subsection (a) shall be allocated by the Secretary to each State
in the same proportion as each State received under part A of
title I of the ESEA of 1965 in the most recent fiscal year.
(c) SUBGRANTS TO LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES.—Each State
shall allocate not less than 90 percent of the grant funds awarded
to the State under this section as subgrants to local educational
agencies (including charter schools that are local educational agencies) in the State in proportion to the amount of funds such local educational agencies and charter schools that are local educational agencies received under part A of title I of the ESEA of 1965 in the most recent fiscal year.

(d) USES OF FUNDS.—A local educational agency that receives funds under this title may use the funds for any of the following:


(2) Coordination of preparedness and response efforts of local educational agencies with State, local, Tribal, and territorial public health departments, and other relevant agencies, to improve coordinated responses among such entities to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus.

(3) Providing principals and others school leaders with the resources necessary to address the needs of their individual schools.

(4) Activities to address the unique needs of low-income children or students, children with disabilities, English learners, racial and ethnic minorities, students experiencing homelessness, and foster care youth, including how outreach and service delivery will meet the needs of each population.

(5) Developing and implementing procedures and systems to improve the preparedness and response efforts of local educational agencies.

(6) Training and professional development for staff of the local educational agency on sanitation and minimizing the spread of infectious diseases.

(7) Purchasing supplies to sanitize and clean the facilities of a local educational agency, including buildings operated by such agency.

(8) Planning for and coordinating during long-term closures, including how to provide meals to eligible students, how to provide technology for online learning to all students, how to provide guidance for carrying out requirements under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1401 et seq.) and how to ensure other educational services can continue to be provided consistent with all Federal, State, and local requirements.

(9) Purchasing educational technology (including hardware,
software, and connectivity) for students who are served by
the local educational agency that aids in regular and substantive
educational interaction between students and their
classroom instructors, including low-income students and students
with disabilities, which may include assistive technology
or adaptive equipment.
(10) Providing mental health services and supports.
(11) Planning and implementing activities related to
summer learning and supplemental afterschool programs,
including providing classroom instruction or online learning
during the summer months and addressing the needs of low-income
students, students with disabilities, English learners,
migrant students, students experiencing homelessness, and
children in foster care.
(12) Other activities that are necessary to maintain the
operation of and continuity of services in local educational
agencies and continuing to employ existing staff of the local
educational agency.
(e) STATE FUNDING.—With funds not otherwise allocated under
subsection (c), a State may reserve not more than 1/2 of 1 percent
for administrative costs and the remainder for emergency needs
as determined by the state educational agency to address issues
responding to coronavirus, which may be addressed through the
use of grants or contracts.
(f) REALLOCATION.—A State shall return to the Secretary any
funds received under this section that the State does not award
within 1 year of receiving such funds and the Secretary shall
reallocating such funds to the remaining States in accordance with
subsection (b).

ASSISTANCE TO NON-PUBLIC SCHOOLS
SEC. 18005. (a) IN GENERAL.—A local educational agency
receiving funds under sections 18002 or 18003 of this title shall
provide equitable services in the same manner as provided under
section 1117 of the ESEA of 1965 to students and teachers in
non-public schools, as determined in consultation with representatives
of non-public schools.
(b) PUBLIC CONTROL OF FUNDS.—The control of funds for the
services and assistance provided to a non-public school under subsection
(a), and to materials, equipment, and property purchased
with such funds, shall be in a public agency, and a public
agency shall administer such funds, materials, equipment, and property
and shall provide such services (or may contract for the provision
of such services with a public or private entity).

CONTINUED PAYMENT TO EMPLOYEES
SEC. 18006. A local educational agency, State, institution of
higher education, or other entity that receives funds under “Education
Stabilization Fund”, shall to the greatest extent practicable, continue to pay its employees and contractors during the period of any disruptions or closures related to coronavirus.

DEFINITIONS
SEC. 18007. Except as otherwise provided in sections 18001–18006 of this title, as used in such sections—
(1) the terms “elementary education” and “secondary education” have the meaning given such terms under State law;
(2) the term “institution of higher education” has the meaning given such term in title I of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.);
(3) the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Education;
(4) the term “State” means each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
(5) the term “cost of attendance” has the meaning given such term in section 472 of the Higher Education Act of 1965.
(6) the term “Non-public school” means a non-public elementary and secondary school that (A) is accredited, licensed, or otherwise operates in accordance with State law; and (B) was in existence prior to the date of the qualifying emergency for which grants are awarded under this section;
(7) the term “public school” means a public elementary or secondary school; and
(8) any other term used that is defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801) shall have the meaning given the term in such section.

MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT
SEC. 18008. (a) A State’s application for funds to carry out sections 18002 or 18003 of this title shall include assurances that the State will maintain support for elementary and secondary education, and State support for higher education (which shall include State funding to institutions of higher education and state need based financial aid, and shall not include support for capital projects or for research and development or tuition and fees paid by students) in fiscal years 2020 and 2021 at least at the levels of such support that is the average of such State’s support for elementary and secondary education and for higher education provided in the 3 fiscal years preceding the date of enactment of this Act.
(b) The secretary may waive the requirement in subsection (a) for the purpose of relieving fiscal burdens on States that have experienced a precipitous decline in financial resources.
Appendix B: State Allocation Data

Under section 18002(b) of the CARES Act, the Secretary awards GEER funds to Governors as follows:

1. 60% based on the State’s population of individuals aged 5 through 24; and
2. 40% based on the relative number of children counted under section 1124(c) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, as amended (ESEA).

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